"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Somewhat warmer; showers by to-night or Friday; wind mostly east.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,828. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 12, 1909.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MORE ARRESTS SOON IN HEINZE SWINDLE

District Attorney Learns Just Who Shared in Proceeds of 20,000 Shares of Copper Stock.

BOSTON MAN'S BIG LOAN

A. D. S. Adams Lent Heinze $155,000 —Another Firm Said to Have Been Victimized.

Further arrests in the loan swindle that has been operated in the copper stocks with which F. A. Heinze has been identified, are expected by the authorities within a few days, as a result of discoveries made yesterday in the investigation of the $50,000 Joyce loan, made through the Windsor Trust Company. The disposition of the proceeds of the 20,000 shares of Ohio Copper and Davis-Daly copper stocks that M. M. Joyce, F. A. Heinze's friend, put up as collateral for this loan, was traced yesterday, and through the distribution of this money several individuals will have to explain certain things to the Grand Jury.

The group of persons who have been brought into the matter thus far, either directly in connection with the loan negotiations, or indirectly in connection with the receipt of money, immediately after the Joyce deal was put through the bank account of Donald Persch, the loan broker already under arrest, was materially augmented yesterday. It now includes:

Leonard J. Field, son of Jacob Field, whose firm put up the $50,000 used in the Joyce loan, and who admitted yesterday that $10,000 of the profit realized upon the sale of collateral on that loan remains in his personal bank account. Young Field changed the story of the day before, but now asserts that the money is subject to the call of John Sherwood, the loan broker, who, with Persch, was most active in the transaction.

Enters A. D. S. Adams of Boston.

A. D. S. Adams, a Boston financial operator, loaned $155,000 to Carlos Warfield, Heinze's friend, several months ago on $255,000 Ohio Copper bonds. Adams's name also figures in other loan deals, of which the District Attorney's office has got track, and young Field admitted last night that his office had done considerable business with the Boston man. Mr. Adams was seen last night, but he declared that he had nothing to do with the Heinze transaction in which Persch was concerned.

Charles Katz, President of the Eastern Brewing Company of Brooklyn, whose name was used as principal in the Joyce transaction, according to the officials of the Windsor Trust Company. Katz was named in a new complaint made to Assistant District Attorney Nott yesterday as the one who vouched for the responsibility of the lender in a loan deal in which Persch victimized the banking firm of Cram & Mulliken of 115 Broadway.

Gustav Nassauer, known as a loan broker, of 41 Exchange Place, who was the payee of a check for $420.05, drawn by Persch against his account in the Windsor Trust Company immediately after the Joyce collateral was sold. Nassauer figured as broker (though the Heinzes thought him principal) in a previous loan in which some one whom Nassauer describes as "two brokers" sold out securities which Heinze put up and which Nassauer rehypothecated.

W. L. Clark, a loan broker, who first approached Joyce as to the Windsor Trust Company transaction. Though presumably acting for Joyce, Clark has been shown to have been associated with Persch and got altogether $10,646.67 out of the loot of the Heinze securities. Part of the securities behind the Joyce loan, it turned out yesterday, belonged to F. A. Heinze.

Stirling Birmingham, who acted for the Windsor Trust Company in the details of the loan deal, and changed his story once more yesterday, admitting that he got $250 as a reward for his part of it.

Richard S. Kauffman, who brought Sherwood and Clark to the trust company, and according to the officials of the institution explained that Katz was the lender.

Heinze Victim of Bold Gang.

Several things transpired yesterday to indicate that F. A. Heinze had been, in the loss of $200,000 to $300,000 through loan deals in recent months, the victim of a gang of as clever swindlers, operating in part through parties who had no guilty knowledge and in part through individuals who "stood in," as has been turned up in New York for some time.

Information obtained as to previous experiences of Heinze, such as the deal in which Nassauer acted as broker, told about in yesterday's TIMES, developed in almost every specific instance the names of persons in some way related to the group who put through the Windsor Trust operation.

Several months ago Carlos Warfield, the Montana friend of F. A. Heinze, who came on here to help him in his difficulties, undertook to raise $155,000 on $255,000 bonds of the Ohio Copper Company. Warfield was introduced to A. D. F. Adams as the lender and negotiated the loan, only to find that the bonds were sold out on the market in Boston. Suit was started in Massachusetts courts to prevent the sale of any more of the securities, or their rehypothecation by Adams to persons who might sell them, and that action is still pending.

Montana Man Not the Only Victim.

That the note swindle game was not confined to Heinze, was indicated yesterday by a complaint made to the District Attorney's office by the firm of Cram & Mulliken. This firm had a client, J. M. Everett, of Boston, who, on July 28, wanted to make a loan of $7,000 on 100,000 shares of the stock of the Eclipse Oil Company, valued at $15,000. Cram & Mulliken referred the matter to their curb broker, A. L. Reilly, of 44 Broad Street, who in turn ran across Donald Persch as a broker able to find a man with the $7,000.

Persch said that he had a client named Henry S. Risbrough of Philadelphia, who would make the loan, and as a reference gave the name of the President of the Eastern Brewing Company, Charles Katz. Reilly called up the brewing company on the telephone and some one who said that he was Katz answered.

"Risbrough is all right," the man on the Katz end of the wire said. "He is a retired woolen merchant and has got lots of money to loan."

The details of the matter were quickly arranged and on Aug. 4, two days after the Joyce loan was completed, Reilly met Persch in the corridor of the Equitable Building, at 120 Broadway. Persch was in the company of a very tall man who answers to the description given by those who knew him of A. D. S. Adams of Boston. The tall man pulled seven one-thousand-dollar bills from his pocket and all three went across the street to 115 Broadway, where the stock was delivered in the office of Cram & Mulliken.

That same afternoon representatives of

Continued on Page 2.

LOW MAY SUCCEED REID.

President Taft Very Likely to Appoint ex-Mayor to English Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—There is more than an even chance at present that Seth Low will be the next Ambassador to England. His appointment to the London embassy to succeed Whitelaw Reid may be made soon after Congress reassembles in December. Ever since the declination of the London post by Dr. Charles W. Eliot, former President of Harvard University, President Taft has been turning the matter over in his mind and seeking for a suitable man for the place. He has not felt that there was any hurry about it, because an understanding had been reached with Ambassador Reid by which he was to remain in London for at least nine months, and possibly for a year.

But although the President was not taking any special measures to secure a man for that important diplomatic post he had not let it drop entirely out of mind. His announcement of the postponement of the selection of an Ambassador for London had the effect, however, of checking the efforts of the friends of various gentlemen who would like to succeed Mr. Reid to influence the President in their behalf, and Mr. Taft has had opportunity to look over the country quietly by himself to see if he could not hit upon exactly the man he would like to have.

In this survey his attention has been called several times to the former Mayor of New York City, and in many respects the President has found him to measure up to just what he wants for the London embassy. Mr. Low is a man of affairs, who has had large business and educational experience, and is also gifted with the diplomatic instinct. He is possessed of ample fortune to enable him to meet the social demands certain to be made on the American Ambassador at London.

Seth Low, when asked at his Summer home in Bedford, N. Y., about the report that he had been offered the post of Ambassador to Great Britain, said last night: "I do not care to discuss the matter. I am not at liberty to deny or confirm the report."

MAINE ICE CORNER FAILED.

Jersey Consumers Now Getting the Benefit in Lower Prices.

A substantial cut in the price of ice was made in Orange, N. J., yesterday by the Mountain Ice Company to meet the reductions made in Newark within the last few days. Householders now get their ice at the rate of 50 cents for 100 pounds, whereas they formerly paid 60 cents. Butchers and saloonkeepers have had the rate cut from 40 to 25 cents.

The Mountain Ice Company explains its reduction by stating that it had been able to obtain the entire supply held by a group of Maine speculators who had hoped early in the season to take advantage of the expected ice shortage and had cornered the supply. The failure of the demand left the speculators high and dry, and they were forced to get rid of their corner at a sacrifice.

Even at the reduction, however, retailers still refuse to sell 5-cent pieces, saying there is no profit in it. The wholesale price, formerly $6 a ton, is now $3. Manufactured ice has been similarly reduced.

It is declared by Jersey dealers that a very heavy supply of ice is also stored in the Hudson River icehouses, some of which have not yet even been opened.

STRIKERS TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS

Drag Workers to Camera In McKees Rock—Evictions To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—The situation at McKees Rock, where 8,000 employes of the Pressed Steel Car Company are on a strike, seems serious to-night. The men are disorderly, and to-morrow such of them as occupy company houses will be evicted. To-night all members of the constabulary were ordered out to assist the armed deputies in keeping the men in order.

Many men who would have gone into the mills to-day to work were beaten, and in almost every case would-be workers were dragged to a photograph gallery which the strikers have established and their pictures were taken to be sent to various parts of the country where there are strikes.

A. W. Duncan, one of the Pressed Steel Company foremen, was attacked this afternoon by fifty strikers and badly beaten after he had tried to kill some of his assailants with his revolver. It was taken from him.

A street car filled with colored men going to Pittsburg to work was derailed in McKees Rock this morning, and the colored men were driven out of town on foot. The strikers thought they were strike-breakers.

The courts this afternoon declined to rule against the eviction of the strikers. The courts of Allegheny County to-day took cognizances of the strike when Judge James A. MacFarlane, on the request of citizens, granted a rule, returnable Aug. 18, calling on the car company to show cause why the court should not appoint a committee of three to be joined by similar committees from the employes and from the company to look into the cause of the strike and report back to the court, which might then take action. A State law gives the court the right to take this course.

KEEP NEGROES IGNORANT.

Georgia Legislature Adjourns Without Providing for Their Education.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 11.—The Georgia General Assembly adjourned to-night. Several measures which received strong support on the part of the most advanced people of the State did not reach a hearing in either house.

One was the Compulsory Education bill. It provided that each child in the State under the age of 14 must attend school at least three months a year. The opponents of the bill charged that it would force the negroes into the schools, give them a better education than the whites, and make them more useless than ever.

A resolution favoring a Constitutional amendment permitting the popular election of United States Senators met a similar fate.

A bill which would have placed a heavy tax upon all foreign corporations doing business in the State was killed by a narrow majority.

The Secret Society bill became a law. It makes it a penitentiary offense for any man not a member of a regularly organized society to adopt or wear the emblems or regalia of said society. It is aimed at negroes and was passed at the request of Pythians and Elks.

Partisans of ex-Gov. Hoke Smith dominated the whole session, and Gov. Brown got little consideration.

'MISS SANTA CLAUS' A SUICIDE BY GAS

Children's Letters to Their Patron Saint Were Answered with Miss Phillips's Presents.

FEARED FOR HER REASON

Had Been Despondent Over Failure of Plans—Asked for All Letters to Santa Claus Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Fearing that the disappointments and physical ills against which she had no longer strength to battle were overthrowing her reason, Elizabeth A. Phillips, widely known as "Miss Santa Claus," committed suicide to-day at her apartments, 1221 Walnut Street, by inhaling gas. Her explanation was contained in a fragment of a torn notebook, pinned to her dress, across which she had written:

> No one knows my sufferings. I cannot explain. I feel my mind growing weaker each day. I have pleaded with them to send me to an institution, but they would not.

She was found in her room to-day about 10 o'clock in the morning by Miss Casho, proprietress of the house in which she lived, and two policemen, who had been summoned by the frightened woman when the odor of gas first drew her attention to Miss Phillips's room. She was lying on the floor under some quilts. A gas tubing connected with the bracket was gripped tightly between her teeth, and every crevice in the room had been carefully stopped up with papers, old rags, and bits of clothing. The window shades had been drawn closely.

From the girl's father it was learned that her melancholy was of several months' duration, nurtured by increasing physical frailty, and inability to cope with the difficulties besetting her work, as "The Santa Claus Association," and her failure in her little valentine store on Thirteenth Street, below Walnut. She had brooded, it was said, over the fate of A. J. Watkins or Andrew Rhule, the "poet, student, and house-breaker," who enlisted her interest and violated her confidence a year ago, and continually resisted her earnest efforts to rehabilitate him.

Rhule is now serving a three-year's sentence in the penitentiary, imposed by Judge Von Moschzisker, after conviction of repeated offenses against Miss Phillips's confidence, and others, and her helplessness to save Rhule preyed upon her.

Nothing was left in the room in which she died except the simplest of furniture and a few little pictures on the wall. The one exception was a large head of Christ, which hung between the windows.

Miss Phillips was always poorly dressed in clothing given her by other people, and her quarters were often bare of everything save her single picture and the little animals she cherished. Yet she handled each year large sums given to her for her work, donations from every source, amounting to many hundreds of dollars. Her own allowances from her father, a prominent merchant, went into the coffers of her charities.

Miss Phillips was directed toward her work originally because of her experience as a typhoid patient in a hospital. There in her fever she saw endless rotund and benevolent little Santa Clauses going about the earth on missions of kindliness.

When she recovered she said it was an omen. As soon as she was well the first effort was made which later grew into the Santa Claus Association, which fed and cheered thousands of children in this city and influenced every large city in the country from coast to coast.

This first step was to take to the children in the hospitals, as far as possible, little gifts, which Miss Phillips bought or made. The early morning visit got into the newspapers and by the next Christmas it was "Miss Santa Claus," who with well-filled baskets went to the children in hospitals. Soon a Christmas dinner was given at the Bellevue-Stratford, at which Miss Phillips presided, and to which were invited all the lonely little children she could find.

Then came a "Santa Claus" store on Walnut Street, where the scores of persons anxious to help might send their donations. From this store, two years ago, the "Miss Santa Claus" herself went out with two big automobiles dispensing gifts in little homes where she feared a Santa Claus might have forgotten to go.

Two years ago, at her request, all the letters written by children and mailed to Santa Claus, were delivered to her, and the requests of the children, so far as possible, were complied with. Last year, with the object of making her charitable work National in scope, she asked permission of the Postmaster General to have all letters addressed to Santa Claus, from whatever source, sent to her here, but the request was refused.

Her death was mourned all over the city to-day. The merchants from whom she received help at Christmas, the charitable organizations, and even the policemen in her neighborhood and the newsboys, spoke sorrowfully of her death.

WILL PREACH AT RESORTS.

Minister Says He'll Follow the Crowds on Sunday Night.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—Following a study of the Summer Sunday night audience question, during which he visited various resorts in the city, the Rev. Jacob E. Meeker, pastor of the Compton Hill Congregational Church, will on Sunday night give a twenty-minute talk at Suburban Garden. The hope of the pastor is to get other ministers of the city to divide the time with him and alternate, so as to have on each Sunday night a speaker give a short talk at each of the resorts.

"I see no difference," Mr. Meeker said to-day, "in speaking three miles or three feet from a dance hall. This is the twentieth century, and a century in which most up-to-date business methods are in vogue. To keep up the Church must keep active. The old style business man is dropping out, and the devil, you know, never goes on a vacation."

Mr. Meeker said he had been surprised at the numbers of orderly people at the resorts on Sunday night, some at the play, and some sitting at tables under trees. In this he found the answer why so many churches do not have crowded auditoriums on hot Sunday nights in Summer, and he determined to follow the crowds.

He will attend at least one act of "Frou Frou," will take luncheon in the café, watch the dancers, and mingle with the bowlers and billiard players. He declares he will not speak against Sunday night amusements, and will not take up a collection.

HAD FORTUNE IN A HUT.

Pittsburg Miser Arrested and Police Find a $100,000 Hoard.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—Peter Leibauch, supposed to be demented and destitute, has been found to be the possessor of a fortune estimated at $100,000, most of which was hidden about his house.

Leibauch lived at 1,400 Madison Avenue, North Side. Some paper blew across his lot yesterday, and he chased a little girl, charging her with throwing it. Her mother told the police, and Sergt. James Rogan sent six officers to arrest Leibauch.

Examiner Charles Young of the Department of Charities was at the same time notified by a priest of St. Mary's Church that Leibauch was destitute. Mr. Young took Lieut. Henry Regan with him and examined the hut. In every corner the men found money. One trunk proved so heavy that they could not lift it. It was full of silver and copper coins. Two other trunks were similarly filled. A washboiler was full of money of small denominations. A box filled with nickels was hidden away under a bed. Several bank books were discovered, showing deposits of thousands of dollars.

Inspector Woods detailed two officers to remain at the house and guard the treasure until it could be carried to a bank. The clerks have already counted $40,000.

Leibauch was born on Madison Avenue and spent his life there. Until two years ago he and his brother Andrew lived in the hut. How they accumulated so much money is a mystery, as their only occupation was peddling herbs.

SOCIETY MAN ASSAULTED.

Philadelphia Man in Newport Objected to W. A. Andrews's Auto.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Walter A. Andrews, Secretary of the Clambake Club and a member of other prominent social organizations, was assaulted in Bellevue Avenue, just below the Newport Casino, this evening, by Morris Wood of Philadelphia, who is spending the Summer at Jamestown. He was struck three times, and one hard blow under the left eye made a bad cut from a heavy gold ring which Wood wore on one of his fingers.

Mr. Andrews said to-night that he had left the reading room in his automobile, and was running down Bellevue Avenue in a southerly direction, when a voice was heard by his chauffeur, who said he thought the man standing on the sidewalk in front of the Stevens villa was calling Mr. Andrews. The latter turned his machine around and went to Wood. He was asked gruffly why he was using a machine with the name Junior painted on it. Mr. Andrews replied it was no one's business. Wood struck him three blows in rapid succession and ran into the Stevens villa.

Mr. Andrews called Policeman Barker and then ran into the Stevens villa and caught Wood as he was rushing upstairs. Two policemen took him to a station despite pleas of friends who were with him that Mr. Andrews should permit him to depart.

Wood's friends furnished $200 bail on the security of Dr. Henry E. Croyd at Newport. He was taken in charge by friends with the understanding he would appear in the morning. He was apparently under the influence of liquor.

Mr. Andrews will be present in court in the morning to press the charge of assault. Wood last Monday pleaded guilty and paid a fine of $22 for breaking the speed limit on Bellevue Avenue in his automobile.

MANY DIE IN MEXICAN FLOOD.

More Than 600 Houses Swept Away by Overflow of Santa Catarina River.

MONTERREY, Mexico, Aug. 11.—The Santa Catarina River after a disastrous overflow returned to its banks to-day leaving a scene of desolation and destruction in the southern part of Monterey. At least fourteen persons were drowned, and some estimates place the number as high as fifty.

San Luisito, a suburb ,where most of the damage occurred, is inhabited by the poorer classes, and more than 600 houses were swept away in this suburb, while nearly all those left standing are damaged. The inhabitants returned to the suburb and began clearing away the mud. Many families lost all their possessions, and there is great suffering.

In Monterey proper several houses caved in, and the damage all over the city was great. One life was lost. The national railway lines are tied u pon account of the washouts north and south of Monterey. No trains have arrived since Tuesday.

RAYNER NOT INDORSED.

Gorman's Son Keeps Proposed Resolution Out of Maryland Platform.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 11.—In one of the hottest fights waged in a Maryland Democratic State Convention in many years State Senator Arthur P. Gorman succeeded to-day in preventing the indorsement of United States Senator Rayner for a renomination.

Mr. Gorman has never been friendly to the Senator, and this feeling is shared by United States Senator Smith. When, therefore, the son of the former leader of the Maryland Democracy announced his purpose to combat a proposed resolution which committed the party to the re-election of Rayner, he found a willing ally in the junior Senator. Mr. Gorman went so far as to say that if Senator Rayner insisted on indorsement he would become a candidate. Mr. Rayner gave in to this threat, and the objectionable

PROF. TODD ON BALLOON TRIP.

Certain Now That Astronomical Observations from a Balloon Are Feasible

HOPKINTON, Mass., Aug. 11.—Prof. and Mrs. David H. Todd of Amherst and Charles J. Glidden of Boston landed in a cornfield here at 7:15 to-night after a balloon trip of thirty miles, as the crow flies, from Fitchburg, from which point they ascened at 5:45. It was the first experience of Prof. and Mrs. Todd in a balloon.

To Prof. Todd, it was especially satisfactory because it gave him strong support of his theory that astronomical observations from a balloon are entirely feasible. Prof. Todd believes that it would be possible to use a telescope successfully from a balloon in making scientific observations of the planet Mars.

The ascension was merely a preliminary one, and no instruments were taken along.

To relieve Summer exhaustion take Horsford's Acid Phosphate—It is cooling, refreshing and invigorating. A delicious Summer drink.—Adv.

STEAMER ARAPAHOE BREAKS SHAFT AT SEA

Finds Anchorage After Drifting Helplessly Off North Carolina Coast.

SISTER SHIP STANDS BY

Danger Considered Slight—Reported Mishap by Wireless with "S. O. S." Equivalent to Famous "C. Q. D."

BEAUFORT, N. C., Aug. 11.—The steamship Arapahoe of the Clyde Line, for Charleston and Jacksonville from New York, broke her tail shaft this afternoon at 3:45 o'clock and reported by wireless message received at this station at 4:50 o'clock that she was drifting helplessly.

The wireless station reports that the steamer Huron of the Clyde Line arrived to aid the Arapahoe at 6 P. M. The Huron is standing by and possibly will take the Arapahoe in tow, and thus save a large salvage bill.

Later another dispatch came, stating that the Arapahoe was anchored in twenty-five fathoms of water and that all on board were well.

The Arapahoe, at the time she flashed her "S. O. S."—which is used instead of "C. Q. D." as a distress signal on the United Wireless system—was 21 miles southwest of Diamond Shoals Lightship. The wind was strong from the northeast and was drifting the ship in shore. She is heavily loaded and has quite a number of passengers on board.

The revenue cutter at Wilmington, N. C., or Norfolk has been notified, as have the tugboats along the coast, and many of them now are speeding on to find the disabled ship and render aid. It is expected that some of them will reach the vessel before morning.

Despite the strong northeast wind the sea is moderate. Seafarers here are reassuring in their view regarding the ship, and feel that she is in no grave danger.

Reports of the accident to the Arapahoe were received by wireless at the Clyde Line offices in this city yesterday afternoon. H. H. Raymond, Vice President of the line, at once sent a message to the steamship Algonquin, bound south, directing her skipper to go to the assistance of the Arapahoe and to tow her into port if necessary.

The first news that the vessel had met with an accident came to the United Wireless station at Hatteras when P. B. Haubner, the wireless operator on board, began sending out "S. O. S.," the United Wireless Company's signal of distress. The shore station soon got into communication with the disabled vessel, and in response came a message stating that the Arapahoe had broken her tail shaft.

The United Wireless Company explained last night that "S. O. S" was really the signal for help, and that it was the one adopted by the International Wireless Congress held in Berlin in 1906. The company disowned the now famous sea call "C. Q. D."

SWIMMER GETS SEASICK.

Stearne Compelled to Abandon Attempt to Cross English Channel.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—William Stearne, the long-distance swimmer of Manchester, to-day opened the annual series of attempts to swim across the English Channel, but was obliged to give up on account of seasickness.

He entered the water at South Foreland, the most easterly land in England, and at noon had covered seven miles of the distance to the French coast.

CAPE GRIS NEZ, France, Aug. 11.—Montagu Holbein, the well-known English long distance swimmer, started at 5:45 this afternoon in an endeavor to swim the Channel. Two hours after he took the water he was lost to view in the haze, and up to a late hour to-night no news had been received concerning his progress.

Holbein has made six previous attempts to swim the Channel, but each time has failed. His nearest approach to success was in August, 1903, when he was taken out of the water exhausted about a mile from Dover after swimming for 22 hours and 21 minutes.

WOMEN SEIZE A SMOKER.

Not Suffragettes, but They Banished Nicotine from Long Branch Train.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., Aug. 11.—Tobacco was at a discount on the steamboat express arriving here late this afternoon from Point Pleasant, Asbury Park, and other resorts on the Long Branch Railroad. No less than eighteen women boarded the smoker at various points and stayed there, despite the warning given by trainmen at each station:

"Smoking car, ladies. Plenty of room behind."

Some tittered, some made caustic replies, but all took their cue from a large woman in blue in the middle of the car, who, when the request was directly made to her to vacate, settled her full 200 pounds even more comfortably, smiled good-naturedly on the perspiring railroader, and said—nothing at all.

And meantime pipes, cigars, and cigarettes burned slow and slower, and went out altogether, before the train rolled out on the pier at this place.

POLO BALL INJURES WOMAN.

Mrs. K. M. Murchison Hurt While Watching Tourney at Narragansett.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 11.—While sitting in a motor car watching the polo tourney at the Point Judith Country Club to-day, Mrs. Kenneth M. Murchison of New York was hit by a polo ball driven from the mallet of Devereux Milburn of the Meadowbrook team. The ball first hit Mrs. R. G. Dun's motor and glanced off striking Mrs. Murchison in the face. She was attended by Dr. Leidy of Philadelphia and taken home.

Mrs. Murchison is suffering from a severe cut and the shock of the accident.

Kaill's, Finest Downtown Restaurant. Grand Opera and music noon & ev'g. 14-18 Park Pl.—Adv.

EARTHQUAKE IN COLOMBIA.

Shocks Prolonged, but Not Severe—No Damage Done.

BOGOTA, Aug. 11.—An earthquake occurred here yesterday morning. The shocks were prolonged, but they were not very severe and no damage was done.

SEATTLE MAY SEE BLERIOT.

Exposition Management Negotiating for Exhibition of His Aeroplane.

SEATTLE, Aug. 11.—Louis Blériot has asked the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, through his agent, for an offer for an exhibition with the aeroplane in which he made his flight across the English Channel.

The exhibition management in reply has asked M. Blériot for terms.

SARATOGA LID IS ON TIGHT.

Most of the Gamblers Give Up Hope and Leave the Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The clubhouse proprietors have about abandoned hope that there will be open gambling here this Summer, and a big portion of the professional gamblers who gathered for the Summer harvest have departed. The clubhouse owners generally have paid their employes for one week that they remained here idle and dismissed them.

Those who remain have no expectation that there will be any change in the attitude of the District Attorney, but are lingering for the racing season, ready to take the first chance should there be any change. The local authorities are firm in their stand against the gambling clubs, and have not even permitted the conduct of games of chance in private, where they had knowledge of them.

WANT FIT STEEL FOR BOILERS.

Manufacturers Say They Have Vainly Tried to Minimize Explosions.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 11.—Insistently demanding a steel fit for use in the manufacture of safe, high grade boilers was the text of a resolution adopted by the American Boiler Manufacturers' Association in convention here to-day. The resolution complains that for years boiler manufacturers have vainly tried to have the manufacturers of steel furnish them with material which would tend to minimize explosions.

The convention is attended by Commander Robert S. Griffin, U. S. N., who assured the boiler men to-day of the sympathy of the engineering department in their efforts to improve standards.

USING WARSHIP AS TARGET.

French Minister of Marine Pleased with Results of Tests.

TOULON, Aug. 11.—The Minister of Marine, Admiral de la Payrere, is well satisfied with the results of the gunnery trials being conducted by the armored cruiser Condé with the battleship Iena, which was badly damaged by an explosion in 1907, as a target. During the trials yesterday two 164-millimeter projectiles struck the casemates of the Iena and started a fire. Living dogs, sheep, and mice will be placed on board the Iena in cargos to demonstrate the effects of the deleterious gases emitted by the explosion of the projectiles.

Admiral de la Payrere, in an interview to-day, said the present personnel of the navy was not lacking in numbers, but that the system of distribution was deficient. This condition will be remedied by reducing the number of those assigned to administrative work ashore and detailing more men to sea duty.

GOT HALF POUND OF FLESH.

California Laborer Thus Collected a Debt of "Two Bits" from Fellow.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 11.—Because Ramon Santa Ana, a laborer, could not pay a debt of 25 cents to Frank Sanchez, a fellow laborer at Latin, the latter took at least half a pound of flesh from him. Santa Ana came to the receiving hospital to-day for treatment of his left arm, from which muscle had been taken.

"I could not pay the two bits when he came for it yesterday," said Santa Ana, "and Frank pulled a big knife from his boot leg and got me. 'I'll have a pound of flesh, then,' he said, and he got a big piece—I don't think it is a pound, though. I tried to get away from him, but he was too quick for me."

The police are looking for Sanchez.

AUTO RUNS INTO LAKE.

Sightseeing 'Bus Spills 11 Passengers, 9 of Them Women, Into Water.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 11.—A sightseeing automobile belonging to Arthur Rogers of this city spilled its eleven passengers, nine of whom were women, into Orange Lake this evening. All were ducked, but as the water was only four feet deep, and there were hundreds of persons about, there were no fatalities.

The sightseeing car was bound for Lakewood. At Lake Avenue and Kinsley Street it was in collision with a car belonging to G. H. Feldman. Miss Mary Feldman was thrown from this car and got a sprained wrist. Her car was wrecked.

The larger car shot over the edge of the embankment and down into the water, spilling its frightened passengers. They were dragged out quickly. Two of them suffered considerably. Mrs. Helen Bryan of New Haven, Conn., had a dislocated shoulder, and Mrs. J. F. Kirkland of Washington, D. C., who is 82 years of age, suffered so from shock that she had to have medical attention.

VANDERBILT AUTO KILLED DOG

Newport Police Get Warrant for Chauffeur on Speed Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Mrs. Robinson, wife of Col. C. L. F. Robinson, has reported to the police that a large touring car driven by a chauffeur employed by Mrs. French Vanderbilt, while speeding through Kay Street a few days ago, killed one of her dogs.

The speed of the stripped automobile was reported to be in excess of the speed limit. For this reason the police have secured a warrant for the chauffeur's arrest, and not because of the dog's death.

Latest Shipping News.

Reported by Wireless.—SS. Lusitania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 680 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Friday morning.

CALL TO DEMOCRATS TO UNITE FACTIONS

Purposes of Conference to be Held at Saratoga in September Set Out in Appeal to the Party.

NOT FRIENDLY TO CONNERS

Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Says It Is So Understood—Signers from Fifty-three Counties.

To rehabilitate the Democratic Party in this State and to restore friendly relations between the old line Democrats who dominated the party councils in the days of Tilden and Cleveland and the faction now dominant in its affairs, so as to render it a militant fighting force in time for the next State campaign, is the programme mapped out by the men who have been active in the preliminary movement for the conference, to be held in Saratoga on Sept. 9 and 10.

The call for this conference was made public yesterday by Stanwood S. Menken, law partner of former District Attorney Eugene A. Philbin and one of the prime factors in the movement. Accompanying the call was a list of the signers, who represent fifty-three out of the sixty-one counties in the State and include some Democrats of National prominence.

The formal call follows:

> For the purpose of inaugurating a movement to unite the Democrats of New York State so that they may once again form an effective and militant party, based upon real democratic principles, it is proposed to hold a State conference, made up of representative Democrats from every county. The aims and purposes of this conference will be:
>
> First—To have a full and frank discussion of party conditions and policies, among which latter may be specified the following:
>
> 1. Economy in administration of Federal and State Governments.
>
> 2. Home rule, not only by the States in federal matters, but my municipalities in State matters.
>
> 3. Tariff reduction, primarily by abolishing the protection of special interests, which at present dominate and threaten the integrity of our system of Government.
>
> 4. Fuller and freer expression and absolute legal protection for the party voters and their duly authorized representatives in the exercise of their functions in primary elections and party conventions.
>
> Second—To formulate a declaration of principles giving a clearer meaning to the party name in this State, and to be the basis of cohesion to the Democratic forces in the different counties for the Fall elections.
>
> You are invited to attend such a gathering, to be held at the Town Hall, Saratoga, on Thursday, Sept. 9, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon.
>
> It is proposed that each Assembly district in the State shall be represented by at least three Democrats, and it is important that you indicate at your earliest convenience whether your presence may be counted upon.

A few days ago Democratic State Chairman William J. Conners, in commenting upon the purpose of the prospective Saratoga Conference, declared that it had been engineered by "those who are out and want to get in."

Deny Factional Motives.

While it is perfectly true that a majority of the signers are men politically hostile to Mr. Conners and opposed to all he represents in politics, and that for this reason they have not been recipients of any of the favors the State Chairman has been in a position to bestow since he came into power, an emphatic disclaimer was issued on behalf of those enlisted in the movement that any factional purpose was involved.

"The names attached to this preliminary call show that the movement is widespread and absolutely non-factional. Included among the signers are the Democratic Mayors of a number of up-State cities. The Kings County representatives are all members of the recently appointed provisional committee named by the Kings County General Committee for the conduct of the coming campaign. Of New York City's representatives, some are identified with the regular organization, and several have heretofore been prominent as independent Democrats.

"The men enlisted in the movement disclaim any factional object," ys the statement issued in behalf of the conference, "the specific purpose being to further a movement which will bring into active participation in party affairs and party councils all Democrats. They declare that there is no significance in the omission of the names of the present active party managers in the several localities, and, in fact, have assurances of support from all sections of the regular party leaders in the movement to unite and strengthen the party organization and make it an effective fighting force in the next State campaign."

For all this it was not denied that should the movement prove successful, the elimination of Mr. Conners and leaders who have incurred the distrust of Democrats in the State as factors in Democratic politics would follow in the logic of events. Most of the signatories were members of the Utica conference a year ago, which was called to protest against the high handed methods pursued by Conners and Murphy at the Democratic Spring Convention in Carnegie Hall and to inaugurate a fight on Conners within party lines. Practically the same men had been parties to the Albany conference which rose in revolt against the nomination of William R. Hearst as Governor on the Democratic ticket of 1906 at the dictation of State Chairman Conners and Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy.

Some of the men who signed the call are implacable foes of Conners and all he stands for.

A prominent Democrat declared yesterday that the main purpose of the conference is to form a plan calling for William J. Conner's removal as State Chairman, to be succeeded by Morgan J. O'Brien, and the possible reinstatement of State Committeemen who were deposed by Conners at the Carnegie Hall Convention. The same man said that Senator McCarren is in alliance with Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, and not with Conners: that he will be allowed to name the Democratic candidate for Controller of New York, and that former Corporation Counsel William B. Ellison, who blocked Conners's plan to grab the Aqueduct contracts, will be Murphy's candidate for Mayor.

The full list of signers and the counties they represent follows:

Those in the Fight.

ALBANY—D Cady Herrick and Col. William G. Rice, Albany.

BROOME—Henry G. Jackson, Binghamton.

CATTARAUGUS—Clare Willard, Allegany.

CAYUGA—C. A. Koenig, Thomas M. Osborne, and Charles F. Rattigan, Auburn.

CHAUTAUQUA—Frank H. Mott, Jamestown.

CHENANGO—William H. Sullivan, Norwich.

CLINTON—George S. Hixby, Plattsburg.

COLUMBIA—Samuel J. Tilden, second, New Lebanon.

CORTLAND—Hugh Duffey, Cortland.

DELAWARE—John G. More, Walton.

DUTCHESS—John K. Sague, Poughkeepsie.

ERIE—James Smith, (ex-Sheriff,) Buffalo.

ESSEX—John Anderson, Jr., Newcomb.

FRANKLIN—Thomas Cantwell, Malone.

FULTON-HAMILTON — Frank Beebe, Johnstown.

GREENE—C. E. Bloodgood, Catskill.

HERKIMER—Robert Earl, Herkimer.
JEFFERSON—John N. Carlisle, Watertown
KINGS—Edward M. Shepard, Martin W. Littleton, Harrington Putnam, Rufus L. Scott, A. Augustus Healy, and Augustus Van Wyck.
LEWIS—E. S. K. Merrell, Lowville.
LIVINGSTON—Fletcher C. Peck, Nunda.
MADISON—A. E. Fitch, Cazenovia.
MONROE—Frederick W. Smith, Rochester.
MONTGOMERY—J. H. Dealy, Amsterdam.
NASSAU—John H. Carl and Frederick W. Watriss.
NEW YORK—George F. Parker, Herman Ridder, Morgan J. O'Brien, S. Stanwood Menken, Alton B. Parker, Robert G. Monroe, L. H. Klein, Henry de Forest Baldwin, Everett V. Abbott, John Frankenheimer, Robert Louis Harrison, George L. Rives, William Temple Emmet, Francis K. Pendleton, and Peter B. Olney.
NIAGARA—S. Wright McCollum, Lockport.
ONEIDA—William Townsend, Utica, and Mayor A. R. Kissinger, Rome.
ONONDAGA—T. W. Meachem, Syracuse.
ONTARIO—Arthur P. Rose, Geneva.
ORANGE—Mayor Benjamin McClung, Newburg, and Magrane Coxe, Southfields.
ORLEANS—Mayor W. P. Dye, Albion.
OSWEGO—Oren S. Bogardus, Fulton.
OTSEGO—James J. Bayard, Jr., Cooperstown.
PUTNAM—William Church Osborn, Garrisons.
QUEENS—James A. Renwick, Flushing.
ROCKLAND—Thomas H. Lee, Haverstraw.
ST. LAWRENCE—George E. Van Kennen, Ogdensburg.
SARATOGA—Judge W. J. Delaney, Saratoga Springs.
SCHENECTADY—George W. Featherstonhaugh, Schenectady.
SCHOHARIE—Dewitt C. Dow, Cobleskill.
SCHUYLER—William E. Leffingwell, Watkins.
SENECA—Jasper N. Hammond, Seneca Falls.
STEUBEN—John Comash, Corning.
SULLIVAN—A. M. Scriber, Monticello.
SUFFOLK—Edwin B. Dusenberry, Huntington.
TOMPKINS—Prof. George P. Bristol, Ithaca.
ULSTER—John J. Linson, Kingston.
WARREN—Henry Griffen, Warrensburg.
WASHINGTON—John A. Dix, Thomson.
WAYNE—Charles H. McLouth, Palmyra.
WESTCHESTER—Ex-Mayor John H. Coyne, Yonkers.

The element dominating the Democratic organization in the State through the State Committee is not represented among the prospective conferrees. The Tammany organization and the Democratic organization in Kings are, though neither the name of Charles F. Murphy nor that of Senator Patrick H. McCarren appear as signers to the call.

While it is too early to forecast what the conference will do, it was generally believed among Democrats who read the call yesterday that a committee would be appointed at Saratoga to confer with the Democratic State Committee with a view of bringing about harmony. It was also regarded as certain that the elimination of Chairman Conners would be the price of peace.

A State-Wide Battle.

It may be stated authoritatively that unless the Saratoga conferrees receive due recognition from the State organization they will prepare to fight the machine in every county of the State. A lot of preliminary work looking to just such a situation has already been done in the rural sections.

The attitude toward Tammany Hall may be different. Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy is no friend of Conners just now. He is just as anxious to see the present Democratic State Chairman replaced as is any of the men enlisted in the Saratoga Conference movement, though for different reasons.

"It's a good idea and a splendid movement," said Mr. Murphy yesterday. "It will be of material assistance in cementing Democratic friendships throughout the State and will insure Democratic victory in the next State election."

"Is the movement antagonistic to State Chairman Conners?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"My understanding is that the movement is not favorable to the State Chairman," Mr. Murphy replied.

Senator Patrick H. McCarren, when asked if he would attend the conference, said:

"I can only repeat what the late Senator Hoar said when asked if he would attend the funeral of Ben Butler: 'I cannot attend, but I approve of it.'"

FEARS FOR YOUNG POLICEMEN.

Their Morals Shouldn't Be Debased in Getting Evidence, Says Justice Crane.

In revoking the liquor tax license of Alfredo Robuffa, a Coney Island saloon keeper, Supreme Court Justice Crane yesterday denounced the methods of the police in getting evidence against disorderly places. He also censured the police for sending young policemen out to get evidence.

After citing one officer's testimony in the case, in which he said he had spent $30, the Justice said:

"If New York provides young men just joining the force with money to visit dives in citizen's clothes and drink, it cannot expect these officers to have a very keen sense of honor or a high regard for the manliness of their calling. Such work is revolting, and should not be countenanced, much less compelled. A policeman should not be subjected to such temptations and debasing influences. To close a disorderly house we do not have to degrade young men.

"It is said that the evidence can be procured in no other way. With this I must differ. One does not have to take poison to discover its deadly effects."

INTRUDES IN NEWPORT HOMES

"Mr. Webster" Called at the Twomblys and Was Ushered Out.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Every one in the cottage colony is asking: "Who is Mr. Webster?" A stranger giving the name has been calling at Summer homes and pretending to know the occupants and some of their guests. This man called during the reception Mrs. Charlotte Pell gave last week and was shown the door.

"Mr. Webster" also called at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly last week while they were entertaining Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt. Both Mrs. Twombly and Mrs. Vanderbilt went to meet the man, as they were about to drive out. When "Mr. Webster," who dresses in the height of fashion, met the women he called Mrs. Twombly Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Vanderbilt Mrs. Twombly. The Twombly butler escorted him to the door.

Every one in the cottage colony is now on the lookout for "Mr. Webster of Washington."

OPPOSE FACTORY AMID HOMES

Plans to Build a Residential Section Arouse East Orange Dwellers.

The filing of plans yesterday in East Orange, N. J., for an $87,000 factory, to be built in the heart of the residential section of the city, has aroused the opposition of a number of citizens, who are backed also by Council Chairman Edward S. Pierson. The latter originally owned a number of building lots where the factory is to be located, and sold them under rigid restrictions as to the character and value of the buildings to be erected on them.

Mr. Pierson has won the Council over to his side, it is said, and when application is made by the company for the opening of a new street in order to reach its new factory, it is expected that the request will be refused. The site selected is at Norman and Lawrence Streets, and the company wants another street from Norman Street.

The projectors of the enterprise are the A. P. Smith Manufacturing Company, of Newark, makers of water works supplies and fittings. The company has outgrown its Newark plant and expects to move to East Orange.

Chimney Falls on Boy, Killing Him.

Felix Hosky, the nine-year-old son of Ray Hosky of 648 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, died last night in the Samaritan Hospital from the effects of injuries received when a brick chimney on the roof of his home collapsed upon him. Felix and a couple of other boys were playing on the top of the four-story apartment house and decided to rig upon a hammock in their playground. They attached the ends to two brick chimneys on the roof and had taken several swings when the weight of the boys caused one of the chimneys to tumble inward.

PINCHOT IN DANGER OF LOSING HIS PLACE

Criticism of Reversal of Roosevelt's Policy on Water Power Surprises Taft's Friends.

HE HAS POWERFUL BACKING

Secretary Ballinger Compelled to Hear Himself Attacked at Spokane—Senator Chamberlain Defends Pinchot.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The belief is expressed here that Gifford Pinchot, United States Forester and Chairman of the National Conservation Commission, has imperiled his chances of long remaining in the Government service.

President Taft's friends were astonished this morning when they read the press dispatches quoting Pinchot as having made a speech yesterday at the Irrigation Congress at Spokane, attacking the Ballinger policy with regard to water power sites.

Pinchot takes the position and there is now in process of formation a gigantic water power trust in Montana and other Western States. Under Mr. Roosevelt Mr. Pinchot put many of these sites into the forest reserve, with the idea that they should be leased by the Government and not be permitted to pass to private ownership. Since he has been in office, Mr. Ballinger has taken many of these sites out of the reserve. This policy was apparently criticised by Mr. Pinchot in his speech before the Irrigation Congress, when he demanded a continuance of the Roosevelt policy. The speech is taken as a direct slap at Secretary Ballinger, who is also at the conference.

Before he was taken in as a member of the Cabinet Mr. Ballinger is understood to have looked upon the activities of the Forest Service with an unfriendly eye. When he was elevated to the control of the Interior Department, Mr. Ballinger found himself in a position to make public his dislike of the methods of the service.

It is not known exactly where President Taft stands with relation to the fight now being waged. No doubt is expressed that he will be forced into it before long, or the Forest Service and in fact the Land Office both will be demoralized. Pinchot has strong backing. His policy on water power was indorsed by the Governors of practically all the States and by prominent citizens at the White House conference called by President Roosevelt to discuss conservation of National resources.

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 11.—At the National Irrigation Congress this afternoon, Dr. George S. Pardee, formerly Governor of California, attacked Richard A. Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior, for his policy in dealing with public lands. Former Senator George Turner of Washington defended the Secretary. It was after Secretary Ballinger had read from a paper his ideas on land reclamation and the public domain, contending that what has been done by the Secretary of the Interior was under the law, that former Gov. Pardee took the platform to deliver a set address. He did not use his manuscript. He opened by saying that he was for Roosevelt and the Roosevelt policies.

"Roosevelt was a President who did things first," he said, "and talked about them afterward. And that's the kind of men we should like to see in public office now."

Dr. Pardee told of the activities of ex-Secretary Garfield, who, under the instructions of President Roosevelt, withdrew from public entry many tracts of land under the belief that these lands should be held for the people. Now, he said, Secretary Ballinger had again put up for entry these lands, and each tract had in its boundaries a water power site.

The thing to do, said Dr. Pardee, is to withdraw the water power sites, as did Roosevelt, and hold them for the people.

"When," pleaded the speaker, "are we ever going to have a chance for the common, hard-working citizen? Secretary Ballinger has said irrigation is not a proposition for a poor man. I take issue with him, and say it is particularly a poor man's proposition, and if there is any one trying to make it not so, let's find out about it."

Ex-United States Senator George Turner, replying to Pardee, said:

"I think that the remarks of Gov. Pardee, following those of the Secretary of the Interior, are in bad taste. Mr. Ballinger has done in official capacity only what any man would do under the oath of office—he has obeyed the law. No man has the right to act first and read the law afterward."

Secretary Ballinger's Address.

Secretary Ballinger, in his address, said in part:

"While the government has invested more than $50,000,000 in irrigation works, many times that amount has been invested since the passage of the reclamation act by private enterprise, and it is safe to say that a large portion of these private investments have resulted from governmental example and encouragement; and let me say here that it has not been and is not the policy of the National Government in the administration of this act to hinder or interfere with the investment of private capital in the construction of irrigation works, but rather to lend it encouragement. This is particularly true in reference to irrigation under the Carey Act in the various States.

"The people of the West, who are familiar with the wonderful results of irrigation, are highly appreciative of the importance of the reclamation service, but the great difficulty which the service encounters is in finishing the projects now undertaken, as against the clamor for a diversion of the funds to new fields. In this respect the service has suffered.

"The danger which the Government is undertaking to overcome is the establishment of small irrigation projects in localities where, by such establishment, the larger opportunities are destroyed, thus preventing enormous areas of lands from over-acquiring the use of water. For lack of funds the Government is at present required to surrender possibilities in water appropriations which mean an enormous loss in future development of irrigation works."

To Relieve Arid Lands.

Delegates set about to relieve the arid land situation to-day when resolutions beginning with a request for "ample funds" and ending with a request for a fund of $5,000,000,000 were introduced. The resolution asking for a National 3 per cent. bond issue of $5,000,000,000 was introduced by the Secretary of the Board of Control, Arthur Hooler of Spokane.

It is proposed to use this fund in five portions, as follows:

One billion for drainage; one billion for irrigation; one billion for deep waterways; one billion for good roads, and one billion for forest preservation.

It was asked that a committee present the request to Congress.

A resolution also was introduced planning that settlers of arid lands who had been deprived of the right to reclaim their lands through the action of the reclamation service in cutting off water rights, might regain their lands by the reclamation of one acre in their tracts by means of a well.

A resolution was introduced asking the condemnation of the destruction of birds. This was followed by a request that the women in the audience who would agree to wear nothing but the plumage of the "ostrich and the barnyard fowl" to rise. A number complied.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 11.—"It would be a public misfortune to deprive the Government of the services either of F. H. Newell, Chief Engineer of Irrigation work, or of Gifford Pinchot, Chief Forester."

That is the view of United States Senator George E. Chamberlain of Oregon, expressed in Chicago to-day. But this is not to be interpreted as casting any reflections on Secretary of the Interior Ballinger, with whom these two officials are said to have been in conflict and who is a resident of the State adjoining Senator Chamberlain's. The Senator thinks the differences which exist have been exaggerated, and that they will be righted to the satisfaction of everybody.

"I should dislike to see either Secretary Ballinger or Mr. Pinchot retire," said this Democratic Senator, who was elected by a Republican Legislature under a direct primary law.

"That speech Pinchot delivered in Spokane yesterday, in which he told how the interests were trying to gobble up the water rights, told the truth. Every word he said was the truth. The interests not only are trying to grab these water rights, but, by thunder, they're actually getting them. The people should be awakened before it is too late."

FIRE DOES $100,000 DAMAGE.

Four Firemen Slightly Hurt at West Broadway Factory Blaze.

Seeing smoke issuing from the windows in the basement of the six-story factory building, at 683 and 685 West Broadway last night at 6:45 o'clock, Policeman Becker of the Macdougal Street Station sent a still alarm to Engine Company 13, around the corner in Wooster Street.

Behind the burning building, facing on Wooster Street, where workmen are tearing down the building that stands on that ground, the firemen found a platform. They climbed up on that to force open some of the lower iron shutters so that they could get at the fire directly. The force of the outrushing smoke and gas knocked them off the platform, injuring four of them slightly.

Andrew Rankel got a cut under the eye; Robert Herons, contusions on the back; James Paynter, a cut on the right cheek, and Edward Meaney, a dislocated thumb. Capt. Link of Engine Company 13 sent in an alarm from a near-by box, which brought Acting Chief Ahearn, who promptly turned in a second and third alarm.

The four injured firemen, with Conrad Bollinger of Truck 1, whose finger had been cut by a falling pane of glass, were attended by Drs. Walsh and Coolihan of St. Vincent's Hospital. They were not removed to the hospital; most of them went back to work again.

The flames burned up to the roof of the building. The firemen could not get into the place. Taking stands on the Sixth Avenue Elevated structure and nearby buildings, they poured a deluge of water through the windows and down through the roof. By 9 o'clock they had the fire under control.

Until Tuesday the basement and ground floor were occupied by the J. H. Wiemers Paper Box Company, but it moved back to its old stand at 155 to 159 Spring Street, out of which it was burned three months ago. The second floor was occupied by the Helio Printing Company; the third, by the H. V. St. George Printing Company, and the fourth, fifth, and sixth by J. J. Jacobson, paper box maker. The building was burned out from basement to roof, the damage being $100,000.

Early in the course of the fire the power was cut off the Sixth Avenue elevated railroad from Bleecker Street south, and traffic on the Sixth Avenue and Spring Street surface lines was also delayed for about two hours.

SMUGGLING IN OUR NAVY?

Officers and Men of the St. Louis Accused at Honolulu.

HONOLULU, Aug. 11.—Charges of smuggling, implicating officers and men of the crew of the cruiser St. Louis, which arrived from Samoa a few days ago, are under investigation by Collector of the Port E. R. Stackable and United States District Attorney Robert W. Breckons. Many arrests are believed to be imminent.

It is reported that a considerable quantity of Samoan tapa cloth, on which there is a heavy duty, was smuggled ashore after the cruiser's arrival, and disposed of among Honolulu shops, where it was discovered by the authorities.

CLOGGING *THE* VITAL CENTRES

One of the most important of the new principles of modern business is that when a clerk does a thing in a roundabout way, or twice over, the waste of that clerk's time is by no means the serious loss—but that each delay or complication is carried along to weaken the *vital centres* of the business, to hamper the action of the constructive men in the business at those critical moments when speed and impetus are vital.

It may readily be seen what a startling, new importance this idea gives to reducing the routine of a business house to its simplest and most direct terms.

A preliminary interview with us creates no obligation.

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LANDLORD ROUTS ANARCHIST MEETING

Won't Open Hall for Celebration of Anti-War Uprising in Spain.

CROWD OF 300 DISAPPOINTED

Vershilleser Sticks to Refusal When Berkman, Reitman and Others Can't Show Police Permit.

The advertised Anarchist "mass meeting to celebrate the anti-war uprising in Spain," was not held at the Manhattan Lyceum, 64 East Fourth Street, last night. Max Vershilleser, the proprietor of the hall, refused to open his doors to the speakers and the audience. Alexander Berkman, "Doc" Ben Reitman, reputed "King of the Hoboes," and Becky Edelson retired to a near-by café, whence they issued a manifesto to the waiting and indignant 300 prospective celebrants that the advertised meeting would be held to-night at 206 East Broadway.

Posters over the east side have been telling that at this mass meeting, arranged under the auspices of Mother Earth, the Goldman-Berkman Anarchistic monthly, the speakers would be "Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman, H. Kelly, Max Baginski, (in German,) &c."

At 7 o'clock last night the audience began to gather. Among them were a good many east side girls, 12 and 14 years old, carrying under their arms Anarchist literature. Also there were a good many uniformed policemen from the East Fifth Street Station, Capt. Morris of that station, several detectives from the Central Office, Lieut. Sullivan from Inspector Herlihy's staff, and one or two other representatives of the Police Department.

The first of the chief celebrants to arrive was "Doc" Reitman, who had been advertised as the Chairman of the meeting. He asked why the doors had not been opened. Max Vershilleser asked if he had a written permit from the police. Reitman answered no, whereat the proprietor said that he would not open his hall.

Reitman walked up and down the sidewalk, shaking his long hair and saying cruel things about Vershilleser. The waiting celebrants agreed with him, but there were too many policemen around to risk any other demonstration. After a while Berkman, Reitman, and Miss Edelson retired, issued their manifesto, and then the 300 waiting celebrants drifted away

The proprietor of the hall said that a week or ten days ago Reitman asked to rent the hall, saying that he wanted to hold a meeting there. Not knowing what kind of meeting it was to be, Vershilleser accepted the usual deposit and agreed to let Reitman have the Manhattan Lyceum for last night. Last Friday, however, having by then learned of the character of the meeting, Vershilleser, so he said last night, told Reitman that he must get a written statement from the East Fifth Street Station saying that the meeting was all right and within the law.

Reitman refused to try to do that, went on Vershilleser, and refused to take back his deposit. Then the proprietor went to see the police of the East Fifth Street Station, who said that they would hold him responsible for the breaking of any law at the meeting. Whereupon Vershilleser decided that it was safest for him to deny the use of his hall for the celebration.

The police explained last night that they had not come to the Manhattan Lyceum to stop the meeting unless the laws were broken. But Vershilleser's fear of them served to hold up the celebration.

JUDGE LACOMBE'S ERROR.

Judge Hough Says U. S. Court Has No Jurisdiction in Second Av. Suit.

Because there was no opposition Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court on July 12 last granted a motion made on behalf of the Guaranty Trust Company, and agreed to by counsel for the defendant corporation, postponing the foreclosure sale of the Second Avenue Railroad to Oct. 1 next.

Several days after making this order Judge Lacombe, realizing that he had no jurisdiction over the Second Avenue Railroad, which is in the hands of Receiver Lynch, appointed by the State Supreme Court, filed a notice that he would on Aug. 25 vacate the decree granted by mistake.

Despite this judicial notice Messrs. Davies, Stone & Auerbach for the Guaranty Trust Company, and counsel for the Second Avenue Railroad Company, on Aug. 7 drew up a stipulation in which they asked the Federal Court to further postpone the foreclosure sale to Nov. 9.

When the stipulation was presented to Judge Hough yesterday he made this indorsement on the papers:

"Carry this over to Aug. 25. I don't understand that this court has any jurisdiction of either parties or of the subject matter of this litigation."

UNION TO MEET IN A PARK.

Cloakmakers Say They Have a Permit —Another Small Strike.

The Cloakmakers' Union called an open air meeting yesterday for organization purposes at Union Square for Monday evening, being the first open air organization meeting of any union to be held in this city.

The meeting is called under the auspices of the United Hebrew Trades, and, according to the officers of the latter a permit for the meeting has been obtained. The speakers will include Max Pine, Secretary of the United Hebrew Trades; B. Weinstein, S. Polikoff, and Edward Cassidy.

Seventy-five cloakmakers went on strike yesterday in the shop of Scheff & Mendell, 32 West Eighteenth Street, for a union agreement. Up to the present there has been no call for a general strike of the cloakmakers.

DIDN'T MARRY J. N. SPIER.

Mrs. Thwing Says He Was at Her Wedding to Mr. Thwing.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 11.—A statement signed jointly by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thwing, written from Albany, N. Y., has been received here. It throws no light upon the insertion in certain New York papers last Sunday of an advertisement of what purported to be a former wedding of Mrs. Thwing, who was Miss Carrie Lee Yerby of 819 North Twenty-seventh Street, Richmond. Both Mr. and Mrs. Thwing positively deny that such a wedding took place as advertised.

Mr. and Mrs. Thwing were married in New York last Saturday. Mr. Thwing is more than 70 years old and Mrs. Thwing is 46. On the following morning, in the same issue which carried the announcement of the wedding service, several New York papers contained an advertisement to the effect that Miss Yerby had been married to J. N. Spier in New York on July 5, 1908.

Mrs. Thwing writes that on July 5, 1908, she was with Mr. Thwing and his former wife, who nas since died, on their way to Old Orchard, Me. Mr. Spier, she says, attended her at her wedding last Saturday.

STEEL MEN GET DOCKS.

Independent Companies to Have Facilities in Ashtabula, Ohio.

ASHTABULA, Ohio, Aug. 11.—Col. J. M. Schoonmaker, Vice President and General Manager of the Pittsburg & Erie Railway, announced here to-day that the dock property on the east side of the new lake front slip, which is a part of the $4,000,000 improvement which the Lake Shore Company now has in progress here, has been leased by the Jones & Laughlin, Shenago Furnace, Republic Iron & Steel, and Andrews & Hitchcock Companies, and that equipment and improvement costing $3,000,000 will be made before the opening of navigation next year.

Another season is to see Ashtabula enter the anthracite coal shipping field in competition with Buffalo as a result of the opening of the new road from Franklin to the hard coal districts.

WOMEN CATCH BURGLARS.

Hold Two Till Help Arrives and the Loot Is Recovered.

Two burglars and a purse snatcher were caught in Brooklyn yesterday by women. Mrs. Fannie Keschneff, 1,400 East New York Avenue, returned from a shopping trip to find a young man in her apartment. He got in with a skeleton key, and before her arrival had ransacked most of the bureau drawers. As Mrs. Kerschneff entered he attempted to hide behind a portière, but she pulled him out and held him, screaming for help.

Another woman who was attracted by her cries came to her assistance. The young man, who gave his name as Jacob Ludinsky, 18 years old, 2,293 Christopher Avenue, was taken to the Brownsville Station by Policeman Walter Sanders.

About the same time, a few blocks away, Mrs. Elizabeth Steinman of 571 Ralph Avenue saw a man coming out of the basement of her home carrying a rug which she recognized. She followed him down the street, caught him, and held him until he was arrested by Policeman Christiansen. He said he was Samuel Dorman, 24 years old, of Ludlow Street, Manhattan.

Mrs. Agnes Harding of 411 Lewis Avenue was riding on a Fulton Street surface car yesterday, when a negro boy snatched her pocketbook from her and leaped from the car. She obtained information from other passengers about the identity of the youth, and later accompanied two detectives to a negro settlement in Atlantic Avenue, near Utica Avenue. The purse, containing $18 and other valuables, was found on William Robertson, the police say. He was locked up

SAYS BURGLARY DOESN'T PAY.

"I Haven't Made Expenses at It," Asserts Well-Dressed Thief.

A well-dressed man, who says he is Richard Carlin, "residing at one of the Mills hotels," was arraigned in the Harlem Court yesterday, charged with burglary. Through a confession the police say he made it developed that he is the much-wanted burglar of the upper west side for whom the police have been searching for some weeks.

He was caught yesterday with a handbag full of loot as he left an apartment house at 183 West Eighty-seventh Street by Detectives Sheehan and Ryan. Magistrate Breen held him in $1,500 bail for examination to-day.

The detectives said they found that the apartment of Louis Philbrock, at 204 West Ninety-sixth Street, the first place Carlin visited yesterday, had been jimmied open, and a gold neckchain taken, and that at the place he was arrested he had got into T. J. Tenant's suite, and filled a handbag with toilet articles, jewelry, an oil painting, and a vase, all worth $500.

Shortly after he had been locked up Louis Schnitzler of 368 St. Nicholas Avenue identified the prisoner as the partner of Thomas Lamond, another burglar who is serving a two years' sentence for burglary. He was caught and turned over to a policeman by Schnitzler, and Schnitzler says another man who was with Lamond, but who escaped, was Carlin.

As soon as he was identified by Schnitzler, Carlin admitted other burglaries, the police say, but denied he was with Lamond in Schnitzler's apartment. The detectives were inclined to believe that Lamond and Carlin are brothers.

Carlin told of six flats he had burglarized, the detectives say, and these will be visited to-day by the detectives. He said he was formerly a clerk in a wholesale grocery, but lost his position, had to turn to something, and a friend told him that burglary was easy.

"But it's not," he said; "I haven't made expenses while I have been at it. My best haul yet resulted in my being caught."

He had no money when he was arrested.

WOMAN GETS THIRD THIEF.

"It's Easy to Catch 'Em When You Know How," Mrs. Jacobs Tells Court.

"It's easy to catch burglars," explained Mrs. Freda Jacobs, 44 years old, of 301 Madison Street yesterday to Magistrate Cornell in Essex Market Court when she appeared against the third man she has haled to court within the last six months on burglary charges.

"I say it is easy," repeated Mrs. Jacobs, "but it's all in knowing how. I never give up when I see a burglar until I catch him; that's the way. When you see a burglar leaving your house with your goods get after him and don't wait until he gets away before you start. Just dash right after him and keep after him until you are near enough to grab him—then grab him and you've got him—that's how to catch a burglar."

That's certainly how Mrs. Jacobs made her third catch yesterday. She saw some one coming out of the room of her husband, who was asleep, with two coats and a hat. She called to him to stop, but instead he ran out into the street. Mrs. Jacobs was right behind, and after a chase of two blocks she had him gripped by the arm. Then Policeman Wuchner of the Madison Street Station arrived and took charge of the man.

The prisoner said he was Charles Beyer, 44 years old, with no home, and he was held in $1,000 for examination to-day.

MRS. SPENCER SET FREE.

Story of Girls She Took to Panama Untrue, Says District Attorney.

Mrs. Helen Spencer, indicted in July on a charge of kidnapping three chorus girls and taking them to Panama, was released from custody yesterday and the indictment dismissed by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions.

June Patterson, Dixie Jerome, and Marie Nevins, the three complainants, told the Captain of the ship in which they had embarked that Mrs. Spencer had deceived them in her promises of theatrical employment. The Captain sent them back to this city on the next steamer.

Mrs. Spencer was later arrested in Ecuador by Detectives Kesselmark and Griffin and brought back here. Judge Rosalsky held her in $5,000 bail, which was furnished by Wilhelm Soll of 322 Third Avenue, her father.

The indictment was dismissed on the written motion of Assistant District Attorney Smyth, who said:

"Since this case was placed on the calendar of these courts for trial, the girls who are the chief witnesses herein have admitted to the District Attorney, under circumstances which show good faith and preclude the prosecution of them for perjury, that their testimony has been false in essential particulars. From their present statements it appears that the defendant did not commit the crime charged herein, and the dismissal of this indictment is therefore recommended."

Charles Cohen, Mrs. Spencer's counsel, said yesterday that his client was the wife of a prosperous contractor in Panama outside of the Canal Zone, and that when arrested she was on her way to join him for a tour through South America. Her reputation had been injured, he said, and her health impaired by the girls' charges.

THAW'S MOTHER SILENT.

Refuses, on Advice of Counsel, to Talk of Evelyn Thaw's Charges.

WHITE PLAINS, Aug. 11.—Mrs. William Copley Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, who is in jail here awaiting the decision of Supreme Court Justice Mills, refused to-day to make any statement when asked about Evelyn Thaw's declaration made in New York last night that her allowance had been stopped.

Mrs. Thaw said she would have to refer all inquiries to Mr. Morschauser, her son's counsel. She said that he was at Poughkeepsie, and that he had requested her and her son not to make any more statements of any kind until the decision of Justice Mills was made known. When the decision of the Justice is made known, she says, she may have something to say.

Harry Thaw sent word from his cell in the jail also refusing to make any comment on his wife's statement.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

NEW TICKET OFFICE IN HUDSON TERMINAL STATION.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is maintaining a ticket office in the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad's Hudson Terminal Building.

The office is most conveniently located on the floor of the Concourse about the centre of the Cortlandt Street side, and opposite to the railroad entrances to the train floor.

It is completely equipped with tickets to all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad System and its connections, so that passengers may secure their tickets and make their Pullman reservations on the way to the trains. This is a great convenience to those who, from lack of time or other reason, may not be able to reach other ticket offices.

All trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad starting from Jersey City Station have connections from New York by the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad tunnels from the Hudson Terminal Station, Church and Cortlandt Streets (one block from Broadway), and the connecting trains leave at five minutes after the advertised leaving time of the boats from Cortlandt Street Ferry.

MORE ARRESTS SOON IN HEINZE SWINDLE

Continued from Page 1

Cram & Mulliken in Boston reported that some of the identical certificates which went up as security for the loan were sold in Boston by the firm of J. Thomas Reinhardt & Co., one of the brokerage firms through whom Sherwood disposed of Joyce's Ohio and Davis-Daly copper stock after it had been taken from the trust company. Persch did not introduce the tall man to Cram & Mulliken, but he delivered for the stock a receipt bearing the name of Henry S. Risbrough. So when the stock came out in Boston and legal steps had been taken there to compel Reinhardt & Co. to reacquire it Cram & Mulliken began to look up Henry S. Risbrough of Philadelphia. They produced to the District Attorney's office affidavits by the sisters of Henry S. Risbrough that he had not been in Philadelphia for six years, was now in San Francisco, and that the signature on the receipt was not his. Mr. Adams said last night that he had made a loan to Persch on the oil stock, but that the collateral was ready for delivery on compliance with the conditions of the note attached to the securities.

Leonard J. Field in Another Deal.

Matters stood there in the Cram & Mulliken case until late yesterday afternoon when Leonard J. Field and his counsel, Louis Marshall, of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, came to see Mr. Nott. As they were going out Mr. Marshall and Mr. Field admitted that the $7,000 used in this transaction came from Field's office and that Field now had the stock. Field said that Sherwood had come to him with a story that Persch wanted to take up from A. D. S. Adams certain stock of the Eclipse Oil Company and needed $7,000 to do it. Field accommodatingly let Sherwood have the money and got the stock, except such as was sold on the Boston curb.

In view of this admission and of the fact that Adams was in Field's office as recently as July 30, Field was asked yesterday if he didn't have a good deal to do with Adams.

"Well, I've done some business with him," was the young man's reply.

The statement of Field as to his possession of $10,000 realized from the sale of the Joyce securities interested the District Attorney's office greatly yesterday. On the preceding day Field had admitted that he had in his possession $10,000 from this course, but declared that he only took a check from Sherwood, banked it, and gave Sherwood a cash check on his personal account in another bank.

Yesterday Mr. Nott examined Sherwood once more, and Sherwood was still talkative. He asserted that it was not true that Field had cashed a check for him, and that as a matter of fact his commission on the deal was not 10 per cent. of the proceeds of the securities in excess of the face of the loan, but $14,248.85. Of this amount Sherwood said he gave Field $10,000 "to keep" for him. When Field was examined again yesterday he declared that he was "confused" when he talked the day before, and admitted that Sherwood had given him the $10,000, which he had deposited in his private account and held "subject to Sherwood's call."

Account Books Tell the Story.

The tracing of this $14,248.85 left approximately $30,000 unaccounted for of the funds realized on the sale of the securities in excess of the $50,000 advanced by Field for the loan itself, which was repaid to him immediately the securities were sold. Mr. Nott got track of the fact that Persch had an account in the Carnegie Trust Company, and issued subpoenas for the production of the ledgers relating to this account and Persch's check book and canceled checks. These showed that the account had been opened about ten days before the Joyce loan deal was made, and that the account received funds in considerable amounts, according as Sherwood sold the securities through the brokers whose names were published on Tuesday. When it came to the drafts the record stood as follows:

Aug. 3—W. L. Clark	$488.75
Charles Katz	488.75
Aug. 4—G. Nassauer	420.05
Aug. 6—W. L. Clark	10,000.02
Aug. 7—Cash (indorsed, "D. Persch")	10,000.00
Aug. 9—Cash (no indorsement)	8,500.00

In addition there were the following smaller entries:

Aug. 3—Cash (indorsed, "W. W. Sweeney")	$35.00
Aug. 4—W. L. Clark	50.00
Aug. 4—Cash (indorsed, "Louis Meyer")	30.00
Aug. 6—Helene Persch, "Louis Meyer")	1,000.00
Aug. 7—Cash (indorsed, "W. L. Clark")	50.00
Aug. 7—Cash (indorsed, "W. L. Clark")	50.00

Among his other admissions yesterday Sherwood declared that he sold to Field & Co. 1,300 shares of Ohio Copper stock at 4⅛, and from friends of Heinze it was learned that some of the stock securing the Joyce loan, which came back immediately upon the completion of the transaction, was bought from L. J. Field & Co. There was much comment downtown yesterday as to the part played in the matter by the Windsor Company, particularly after it became known that Birmingham, who handled the matter for the trust company, admitted that he got $250 as his bonus.

This $250 appears to have come out of the $500 that Kauffman got as his share, for it is learned that the trust company did not part with any of the $1,000 which it received for lending its facilities in the matter. Sherwood was examined in detail yesterday as to the circumstances under which he got the stock back from the trust company. He said he went over to the trust company on Aug. 2, when the deal was first completed, and asked for the stock. He was told that it had not arrived. Then he called up Persch and was told that it would be all right, and that the stock would be over in a few minutes. Shortly after this, according to Sherwood's story, Clark brought in Joyce with the stock to make the loan transaction.

Persch Stays in Jail.

Justice Lehman in the Supreme Court yesterday reserved decision in the habeas corpus proceeding instituted on behalf of Persch, who is in the Tombs in default of $50,000 bail. Former Assistant District Attorney John F. McIntyre appeared and argued that Persch was only held on suspicion and should be discharged, or, if held at all, that his bail should be greatly reduced. Assistant District Attorney Mayer replied to the effect that the bail ordered was not excessive. Later in the day Mr. McIntyre tried to get to see Persch in the Tombs, but could find no one who would get him the necessary permit. He departed from the Criminal Court Building considerably wrought up.

Friends of F. A. Heinze who would discuss the situation last night still expressed the idea that some important interest would eventually be disclosed benind the whole loan swindle. It was learned, however, that nothing has been ascertained by the District Attorney's office to suggest any name beyond those already known, and that the arrests in prospect do not involve the names of any individuals not already mentioned in connection with the case.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—I. M. Everett, a young business man of 53 State Street, said to-night that he had instituted proceedings against Donald L. Persch, the New York note broker. He said he did not care to say anything further at this time beyond admitting that the statement concerning himself in the New York dispatch was true. He intimated that important developments might be expected in a day or two.

WOMAN ACCUSES A NEGRO.

Tells Strange Story After Recovering from Convulsions—Hallucination Maybe

Mrs. Jane Howell, 50 years old, wife of John Howell, a boss truckman of 279 Greenwood Avenue, Queens, is in St. Mary's Hospital, Jamaica, suffering from fright. She was unconscious for two hours. Joseph Kidde, a negro 69 years old of Atlantic and Washington Avenues, Brooklyn, is locked up on a charge of intoxication, pending the police investigation. There is a possibility that the woman is a victim of hallucination or autosuggestion.

A negro, said to be the prisoner, called at the Howell home yesterday before noon and asked to see Mr. Howell. The man was invited to remain until noon, when it was expected Mr. Howell would be in. He stayed a while, and then left without waiting for Mr. Howell. Mrs. Howell showed him out through the front way.

When she returned she begged John Cornell of 2,653 Atlantic Avenue, who was present, to remain until her husband returned. He consented. About 4:30 the negro returned and talked with Cornell. While they were talking Mrs. Howell left the house. After the negro had left Mr. Cornell and Miss Florence Howell, a daughter of the woman, 18 years old, sought Mrs. Howell. Groans led them to one of her husband's furniture vans, and there she was found suffering from convulsions. She became unconscious and was carried into the house and revived.

Mrs.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH

of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 FIFTH AVENUE, near 41st Street.
Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.
Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.
Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

SEEK MAN IN WOODS IN CEMETERY MURDER

Reported to Have a Scratched Face and Is Suspected of Slaying Girl.

TRAIN CREW PUT HIM OFF

Mrs. Schumacher Unknowingly Stood at Daughter's Grave and Had a Feeling of Dread.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 11.—After a day spent in running down various clues the authorities to-night do not know the identity of the murderer of Anna Schumacher, the 17-year-old girl whose body was discovered in a shallow grave near Holy Sepulchre Cemetery on Monday morning.

Since noon two posses of deputy Sheriffs have been beating the woods, extending from the cemetery to the lake shore, in the hopes of dislodging and capturing a man who has been reported as having made his appearance at numerous farm houses in the section. This unidentified individual, probably a tramp, is described as wild and uncouth in appearance and as having numerous scratches on his face. That he has been camping in the woods in the vicinity of the cemetery was evidenced when the posse came upon remnants of food to-day.

While the posses were still searching the man appeared at the farm of the father of Constable Albert Baker late this afternoon, purchased some food, and then disappeared in the direction of the lake. There is nothing to connect the man with the crime, but the Sheriff determined to round him up. He was put off a freight train just west of the cemetery early this morning when he tried to get away.

The inquest was continued to-day by Coroner Kleindienst, but developed nothing that shed any additional light on the tragedy. Mrs. Mary Schumacher, mother of the dead girl, testified that on Sunday, when searching in the cemetery for her missing daughter, she stood on the fresh earth which covered the girl's body.

"A terrible feeling passed over me," she told the Coroner, "but I little thought I was standing on my darling's grave."

The inquest was adjourned late this afternoon at the call of the Coroner.

Companion of Mrs. Thaw Weds.

MATTEAWAN, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Miss Myrtle Maude Lawrence, for the past few years companion to Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, was married to-day to Dr. C. D. Mackenzie of Alberta, Canada. The ceremony was performed at St. Luke's Church, in this village.

AMERICANS ABROAD HIT BY TARIFF RULE

Must Pay Hereafter Duties in Excess of $100 Exemption Unless Abroad for Two Years.

ABUSED ONE-YEAR PRIVILEGE

Travelers Would Send Purchases to a Room Rented to Establish Abode —Customs Receipts Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—With the work of getting the new tariff law smoothly started the Treasury Department is preparing to issue new regulations concerning the free entry of personal belongings of non-residents that will be of interest to Americans living abroad. A determination has been reached to put a stop to the free importation of personal effects not entitled to the privilege.

Under the existing regulations, a non-resident is described as either a foreigner living abroad or a person—whether native or foreign—residing abroad for one year in a fixed abode or two years without a fixed homestead.

Persons so described under the existing regulations are entitled to bring back to this country with them their household or personal effects "suitable to their station in life," or suitable for the trip through this country which they have in view.

The new regulations will give the privilege of free entry of personal effects only to foreigners living abroad or to former American residents who have been abroad for two years, whether in one place or traveling. It has been found that many persons intending merely to travel about the Continent for a year evaded the customs regulations by taking a room in one city, sending purchases for storage in that room from all parts of Europe and then on their return, showing their receipted rent bill in evidence of having had a fixed abode, thereby escaping all taxes on household goods and effects.

Only on Rum and Tobacco.

Under the new law the old provisions allowing a resident to bring back into the country free of duty everything he carried out with him and $100 worth besides remains in force. An exception by regulation is made, however, in regard to rum and tobacco which, except when imported from the Philippines, can under no circumstances be admitted free. It was pointed out to-day that the duty on these two articles is so high that if returning tourists could bring in free a hundred dollars worth at each trip, an entire industry would spring up between Tampa and Cuba for the purpose of avoiding the duty. It would be a profitable undertaking, it is said in explanation, for a man to keep traveling back and forth between the islands and the mainland bringing with him the full amount of contraband each trip.

Another phase of the question of bonded dutiable articles arose to trouble the department to-day. This time it relates to articles shipped inland in bond. The case in question relates to a package shipped in bond by way of New York to Nashville, Tenn. The package reached New York in time to receive the rating of the old law, but before it was released from bond at its destination the new law had gone into effect.

The department decided to-day that this case is analogous to all other bonded cases and that the bonded articles must pay the duty in force at the time it is released from bond.

Duty on Oil in Imported Tins.

The Standard Oil Company will have to pay a duty of about 10 per cent. ad valorem on oil it has imported into the Philippine Islands since the new tariff bill became effective, although oil under that measure is admitted into the United States and the Philippines free of duty.

This imposition of the duty results from the fact that the oil in question, although of the "growth and product of the United States," was put up in cans made from imported tin on which the Standard had accepted a drawback in view of the fact that the tins were for the export trade.

Under a decision by Col. George C. Colton, collector of customs for the Philippines, the contents of such containers are subject to the same duty as was applied to the container when originally imported. The decision will apply to large quantities of canned meats, vegetables and fruits shipped to the islands as well as to other products.

Increase in Customs Receipts.

Receipts from customs to-day aggregate $1,241,538, as against $1,089,703 for the corresponding date last year. The excess is attributed largely to the large imports of certain articles on which rates were decreased by the new tariff law.

The receipts to-day from New York were $920,043; Boston, $131,705; Philadelphia, $66,341; San Francisco, $32,050; Chicago, $15,571; Baltimore, $12,653; St. Louis, $6,722, and other imports, about $50,000.

DELAY ON TARIFF CASES.

Work of Board of Appraisers, Without a President, Comes to Standstill.

For the first time since its organization in 1890 the work of the Board of United States General Appraisers has come to a complete standstill so far as the consideration and promulgation of tariff cases are concerned. President Taft has failed so far to name a President for the board as specified in the administrative sections of the new tariff, while Mr. Taft has likewise omitted to provide counsel to represent the Government in litigation before the board. The solicitor's office as constituted for several years is legislated out of office by the Payne Tariff bill, and until the President nominates a special Assistant Attorney General as provided for in the new tariff all customs litigation will be at a standstill.

Nobody at the offices of the board yesterday would say how long the existing state of affairs will last.

CONDEMNS 'QUICK ROLL CALL.'

Legislative Voters' Association Also Assails Other Tricks in Legislation.

The report of the State Legislative Voters' Association, which maintains a representative at the Capitol during the months the Legislature is in session, in its annual report which is to be issued within a few days, will severely arraign the "quick" rollcall. This, while not countenanced by the State Constitution, is frequently brought into play, sometimes to expedite legislative procedure, and sometimes, according to the report, for purposes not so laudable.

The "quick" rollcall consists in the calling by the Clerk of three or four names from the 150 on the list of members in the Assembly, and then declaring a bill passed by an arbitrary vote. Nobody, no matter how much opposed to a measure he may be, is recorded in the negative under a "quick" rollcall unless he arises in his seat and makes a specific demand to be so recorded. It is a favorite method for "railroading" questionable measures through the Senate and Assembly. Here is what the report has to say regarding the "quick" rollcall:

> The "quick roll call" has enabled the Legislature to make record time in disposing of bills, but it has also increased irresponsibility of legislators regarding their votes. It is only a technical compliance with Article III, Section 15 of the Constitution, which says that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal, contemplating, no doubt, that the yeas and nays shall actually be taken. Since the "quick roll call" has been in use, members have commonly not concerned themselves as to how they are recorded on the majority of bills, including, as a rule, those not particularly affecting their districts.

Other phases of legislative procedure which the report attacks are the log-rolling by which one legislator supports a bill of another in return for the support by the latter for one of his own measures, the arbitrary power vested in the Assembly Committee on Rules, which consists of seven members, and absolutely dominates legislation during the closing weeks of a session, and the considerations that seem to actuate the party leaders in making appointments to the standing committees in the Legislature.

Woman Faints in Zoo Lion House.

Mrs. Barbara Krause of 185 Wyckoff Avenue, Brooklyn, was found lying in a faint on the floor of the Lion House in the Bronx Park Zoo yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock by Michael Newman, a watchman. It was thought at the time that probably the lions fighting and roaring had frightened her. She was removed to the Fordham Hospital. There all information as to her condition or as to what she was suffering from was refused last night.

Dr. Burdette to be Pastor Emeritus.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 11.—The Rev. Dr. Robert J. Burdette, lecturer and humorist, resigned as pastor of the Temple Baptist Church yesterday on the advice of his physicians. His request to be made pastor emeritus will be granted. He has been pastor of the Temple Baptist Church since its organization in 1893.

TAFT AND O'BRIEN DISCUSS FAR EAST

President Expresses Satisfaction After Long Talk with Ambassador to Japan.

WILL NOT SEE WAR GAME

Hopes Troops Will Keep Away from Golf Links—He and John Hays Hammond Lose Another Match.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 11.—President Taft talked with the American Ambassador to Japan, Thomas J. O'Brien, for more than an hour this afternoon on the porch of his Summer cottage. The Ambassador had expected his visit to last not more than fifteen minutes, but he found the President keenly alive to the situation in the Far East, and Mr. O'Brien went carefully over every question of importance that was pending when he left his post at Tokio to come home on leave of absence. Mr. O'Brien is to be retained as Ambassador, and is credited with being as close to the throne as any foreign representative at the Mikado's Court.

After his interview with the Ambassador, President Taft declared that matters in the Far East were very satisfactory. The possibility of a break between China and Japan over the Antung-Mukden Railroad improvements was not taken up, as the situation, which now seems to be adjusting itself, had not become acute when Mr. O'Brien left Japan.

The question of a new Japanese-American treaty is soon to be taken up and it is believed that the President gathered much information for his future guidance from his extended talk with the Ambassador

Against Recess Appointments.

President Taft made the declaration today that it would be his policy to make as few recess appointments as possible. There have been several cases in recent years where Federal Judges have failed of confirmation by the Senate after serving from one to three years, and the situation thus created has been exceedingly embarrassing. Mr. Taft's declaration came up in connection with the vacancy on the District Court bench at Chicago, occasioned by the death of Judge Bethea. Mr. Taft will not fill this vacancy until Congress meets in December.

The President had quite an extended talk with Judge Ira E. Abbott of New Mexico after luncheon to-day. Judge Abbott has been spending the Summer at Haverhill, his old home, and was invited to see the President and give him some information as to political affairs in the Territory. The question of Statehood for New Mexico did not enter into the interview, as the President takes it for granted that Congress will carry out the party's platform declaration for Statehood for both New Mexico and Arizona.

President Taft will not attend the army manoeuvres around Boston. He thinks his visit would be too "official" for the vacation period, although he is deeply interested in the war games to be played. He declared to-day that the invading force could capture Boston, Beverly, or Ipswich, so long as they did not invade the golf links at Myopia and Essex.

Taft Loses Golf Match.

Speaking of golf, the President and his partner, John Hays Hammond, lost again at Essex to-day to their old opponents, Gen. Adelbert Ames and W. J. Boardman. This was the second defeat the President and "Jack" Hammond, as he calls his playing partner, have suffered at the hands of Gen. Ames and Mr. Boardman, and they have challenged the same opponents for a third game on Friday morning.

On Monday, according to revised returns from some of the heretofore missing precincts, the score in favor of Ames and Boardman was five up. The President had thought it "three or four" up, but to-day the error was corrected. To-day the President and Mr. Hammond lost by only two up. The match was "all square" at the sixteenth hole. Ames and Boardman won the seventeenth, putting the President and Mr. Hammond "dormal one," coming to the eighteenth. And then, just as the President thought he and his partner had a chance to carry the foursome to extra holes, Gen. Ames made a phenomenal fifty-foot put and put the Presidential team out of the running.

To-morrow Mr. Taft goes to Myopia again for a return two-ball match against Mr. Hammond. It developed to-day that the President did not defeat "Jack" Hammond yesterday at Myopia by three up at all. Mr. Hammond won the match by that score.

Takes Automobile Ride.

Late this afternoon the President and Mrs. Taft and Capt. Butt took a three-mile automobile ride to Topsfield, Ipswich, and return. The weather was so cool that the President was muffled up in an overcoat. He also wore a golf cap.

President Taft is continuing to take an hour's exercise at gymnasium work every morning before breakfast.

The details of the President's trip down the Mississippi from St. Louis, beginning Oct. 26, were announced to-day. Several stops have been added to the itinerary, and instead of arriving at New Orleans on Oct. 29 the President will make several addresses from the decks of the steamboat on the way down the river.

CENSUS APPOINTMENTS SOON.

Most of the Names to be Made Public Saturday or Monday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The names of most of the more than 300 Supervisors of the thirteenth census to be appointed by President Taft will be made public next Saturday or Monday, it was unofficially learned here to-day. Assistant Secretary McHarg of the Department of Comerce and Labor, and Census Director Durand will go to Beverly in a few days, it is understood, to confer with the President about the appointments.

In the Southern States, where the appointments are to be divided between Democrats and Republicans, the appointments will probably be delayed, as recommendations have not been received and the division has not been made.

MISS ELLA GINGLES SAILS.

Orangemen Act as Her Bodyguard—Happy at Her Acquittal in Chicago.

Ella Gingles, the young Irish girl whose trial in the West on a charge of lace stealing attracted National attention because of the persons who were rumored to be associated with the proceedings, was a second cabin passenger on the Cunard liner Campania when that vessel left yesterday for Queenstown and Liverpool.

Mrs. Grace Van Dusen Cooke was with her. Two Orangemen who came down to the pier as a sort of bodyguard to Miss Gingles stood by till the vessel left her pier.

"I had the misfortune to fall into the hands of very bad people," said Miss Gingles, "but their reputations are such that the charges against me which they inspired had very little weight among good people at any time. Although the jury found that I was not guilty of the lace stealing, it has been a matter of terrible regret to me that it should have cast the aspersion that I lied in regard to what I said about occurrences at French Lick Springs."

Miss Gingles said she was unable to adequately express how pleased she was with the aid given her by Orangemen in the West and in this city.

Mrs. Cooke said that on their arrival in New York from Chicago on Monday a closed carriage awaited them, and they went to the home of a Mr. Anderson, an Orangeman, in East Seventy-first Street. They wanted to keep their movements hidden as much as possible, she said, because Miss Gingles faced much danger as the result of incurring the enmity of an evil gang which, she said, had its agents in this city as well as in Chicago.

Mrs. Cooke and the Gingles girl made a trip from the Seventy-first Street house to Hunter's Point on Monday, left that place and went to Corona, L. I., where they remained at an inn for some time. Their idea appears to have been not to remain a very long time at any one place, so that they might the better elude any one who might be following them.

FREE SODA

Cut out this Coupon and take it to any of the

RIKER DRUG STORES

(You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's)

during the month of August, 1909.

Make a purchase of 25c or more in any department and get FREE any 5-cent soda drink.

Don't Wait Till Fall, Buy Your Piano NOW, *And Save $50 to $100.*

This is precisely what you can do if you will take advantage of our

Special August Sale of Return Rentals and Slightly Used Pianos.

Reputable Pianos that have been slightly used and put in proper repair, are very often just as good as new ones. If you have planned to purchase this Fall and did not expect to spend the money for a perfectly new instrument, by all means come to our warerooms and investigate the very unusual money-saving opportunities we are now offering. We must have the room on the floor where these Pianos are handled, to place the new Fall designs, which are now arriving from our four factories.

Considering the high grade and quality of the Pianos in this Sale and the price reductions we have made upon them, it is certainly your chance, for we do not believe you could ever make a more satisfactory selection.

A good Piano is a purchase of a lifetime and it always pays in the end to buy one that has a reputation to sustain. When you purchase a

Sterling Piano

You buy direct from its manufacturers, who extend to you every honest advantage that is possible for a purchaser to obtain when buying a piano.

The Sterling Piano Co.

The Largest and Most Complete Piano Establishment in Greater New York.

318-320 Fulton St., cor. Hanover Place, Brooklyn

Iced Postum

(Served with cracked ice, lemon and sugar to taste.)

A delicious, cooling, hot weather bracer that is fast becoming the popular American summer drink.

Contains no stimulant, but is rich in the true rebuilding food elements which "relieve fatigue" in the natural way.

See how the old "go" and "feel good" comes back when you quit tea and coffee and use Postum.

"There's a Reason"

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

ANNOUNCE FOR TO-DAY (THURSDAY) AND FRIDAY.

The Final Clearance Sale of

Oxford Shoes for Men

Formerly $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

at 2.45

687 pairs—our standard qualities

The assortment comprises all remaining odd lots and incomplete assortments, in the following leathers: patent, vici kid or buckskin.

WILL CONTINUE THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

The Important Sale of

Negligee Shirts for Men
Values 1.50, 1.75 & 2.00, at } 95c

Fashioned of madras or percale in very desirable patterns, including neat striped or figured effects; plain or plaited bosoms; attached cuffs.

ALL SIZES AND SLEEVE LENGTHS.

Smith Gray

Heavy Reductions On Men's and Young Men's Suits.

BY grouping all broken lots of $32 to $38 summer suits at a flat price of $22, and all broken lots of $18 to $22 summer suits at a flat price of $12.50 we serve two good ends. We effect a thorough clean up of stock, and give our friends a chance at the richest sort of harvest.

At our four stores beginning to-day.

Also to-day—650 dozen ½-hose—plain and fancy—sizes 9½ to 11½—50c., 75c. and $1 grades

At 25c.

Our new uptown store is on 5th Ave. above 27th St.

New York Fifth Ave. above 27th St. Broadway at Warren St. Brooklyn Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave. Broadway at Bedford Ave.

Best & Co.

Special Sale

Thursday and Friday

Boys' Pajamas, Washable Silk, pretty colorings; 6 to 16 years; value $3.75.....$2.25

Boys' and Young Men's Pajamas, Plain Blue and Tan Madras; trimmed white, military effect; 10 to 18 years; value $1.25.....68c

Boys' White Cambric Night Shirts, fancy trimming or plain white; 2 to 18 years; value 75c.....50c

Young Men's Negligee Shirts of Soisette in plain colors; collar and cuffs attached; soft finish; value $1.35.....85c

Boys' Fancy Madras Blouses, collar and cuffs attached; soft finish; 8 to 14 years; value 75c.....48c

Children's Straw Hats in Middy, Jack Tar, Sailor styles; values up to $2.50.....$1.25

60-62 West 23d Street

IVORY SOAP

For the Bath

Ivory Soap . . . . It Floats

The Westinghouse Nernst cluster light means lowest first cost—lowest cost of maintenance.

NERNST LAMP COMPANY,
241 West 42d St.
Open till 9:30 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Victor Talking Machines and Records. Buy from the Victor dealer.

LANDAY BROS.
400 FIFTH Av.
(OPP. TIFFANY'S)

FIGHTING EXTENDS ALONG RIFF COAST

Moors Now Attack Penon de la Gomera, a Fortified Spanish Island.

SKIRMISH AT ALHUCEMAS

Balloon Observations at Melilla Show That Army of Tribesmen Numbers 50,000, in Strong Position.

MADRID, Aug. 11.—Advices received here from Penon de la Gomera, Morocco, say that the Moors are directing a fierce attack against the Spanish garrison there.

The fighting began yesterday. At midnight the Spanish artillery seemed to have silenced the enemy, but the Moors dug new trenches under cover of the darkness, and this morning they reopened with a heavy fire and their bullets are falling in the streets of the town. Some of the projectiles are so large that it is thought the Moors possess light artillery.

The civilians of Penon de la Gomera are aiding the soldiers in the defense of the place. There have been no Spanish casualties as yet.

It is understood here that Mulai Hafid, the Sultan of Morocco, has notified Spain of his readiness to send troops into the Riff region to chastise the Moors and establish peace.

Spain, however, replied that this guarantee was not sufficient, and orders have been sent to Gen. Marina, who has nearly 40,000 troops, to proceed against the Moors in the neighborhood of Melilla.

ALHUCEMAS, Morocco, Aug. 11.—The unloading of stores here for the Spanish troops from the cruiser Extremadura has been most difficult, as the Moors have been harassing the men in charge of the work with a raking fire. The stores finally were disembarked, however, under the protection of a fire from the guns of the cruiser, the forts, and the artillery on shore.

MELILLA, Aug. 11.—From a captive balloon in the Spanish lines to-day were discovered two new camps of the Moors, which were promptly shelled by the Spanish artillery. The Moors were driven out and carried away their dead and wounded.

The observations from the balloon also revealed the fact that the enemy now numbers 50,000 men, who have been distributed in such a manner as to make their position a strong one. As a consequence Gen. Marina has postponed his advance against the tribesmen until the railroad track is completed as far as Atalayou.

Penon de la Gomera is a fortified Spanish island on the coast of Morocco, 80 miles from Ceuta. It is used as a penal station. The Moors are now active at three points along the coast. Alhucemas was first attacked after fighting had been in progress around Melilla for some time.

POSITIONS OF OPPOSING FORCES BEFORE MELILLA.

The difficulty of the Spanish position about Melilla will be seen from the fact that the hostile Kabyles are in two sections, one before Melilla, in the hills along the Rio de Oro, and the other facing the Spanish front, which has been thrown forward to protect the railway.

No attempt has yet been made to keep these sections separated by simultaneously attacking the Moors from the Rio de Oro and from the railway at a point south of Mount Atalayon, whereas several successful attempts have been made by the Moors to turn the Spanish flank.

On the night of Aug. 2 the Kabyles cut the railway between the first and second stations, and on the following day the Spaniards were obliged to send a strong convoy to relieve these posts, when many officers and men were killed.

Except along the coast and in the desert space in front of the Spanish lines there is no chance to manoeuvre according to usual tactics. The individual strategy and marksmanship of the soldier unit rather than the company or battalion unit is supreme elsewhere.

URGES INDEPENDENT LINE TO AID PANAMA

B. N. Baker Recommends to President Taft the Establishment of Privately Owned Steamers.

TO OPERATE ON EACH COAST

New Line to Receive Government Mail Revenue So Long as Independent of Transcontinental Roads.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 11.—Bernard N. Baker of this city, whom President Taft sent to Panama to investigate the transportation conditions on the Isthmus and to recommend measures for the development of American commerce via the Canal Zone, to-day submitted to the President his final report. Mr. Baker believes that an independent line of steamers on each coast, operated by aid of the Government, will effectively prevent the transcontinental railroads from controlling this competitive route.

A few weeks ago Mr. Baker, who was formerly President of the Atlantic Transport Company, issued a statement showing that by a pro-rating agreement with foreign lines the Government-owned Panama Railroad was discriminating against American shipments and was delivering the business of the west coast of South America to the English and German companies instead of the American merchants. This statement was substantiated by the Panama Railroad's own figures.

Now Mr. Baker proposes that by the use of mail contracts the Government encourage the establishment of a new line of steamships from Seattle, Portland, and San Francisco to Panama on the west and from New York and New Orleans to Colon on the east, these to receive the Government mail revenue so long as it is independent of the transcontinental railroads. By no means does he propose that the Government itself go into the steamboat business, as it has been urged to do.

So far as other freight movements are concerned, he recommends that a flat rate be established by the Panama Railroad from Panama to Colon, and that all shipments, whatever their origin, be governed by that rate. This would prevent foreigners from securing any benefits which Americans do not enjoy.

Mr. Baker's Statement.

The statement of Mr. Baker in full is as follows:

"First—Let the Panama Railroad Company abolish all pro-rating arrangements that can be taken advantage of by foreign steamship lines for the benefit of the trade of their countries, making a fixed rate on all classes of merchandise between Colon and Panama, and Panama and Colon, irrespective of their country of origin.

"Under an Act of Congress of March 3, 1891, and still in effect, and under which the American Line is operating to-day, let the Postmaster General advertise for a weekly line of steamers from New York to Colon, a weekly line of steamers from New Orleans to Colon, a weekly line of steamers from San Francisco to Panama, with privileges of calling at Los Angeles, a fortnightly line of steamers from Puget Sound, with privilege to call at Astoria or San Diego.

"The provisions of this Act authorize and empower the Postmaster General to enter into contracts for a term of not less than five, nor more than ten, years in duration with American citizens for carrying of mails on American steamships between ports of the United States and such ports in foreign countries, the Dominion of Canada excepted, as in his judgment will best subserve and promote the postal and commercial interests of the United States. It further states that the Postmaster General shall have the right to reject all bids not, in his opinion, reasonable for the attaining of the purposes named.

"Now, the questions that arise are, first: Is the Canal Zone a foreign country? Having gone into this question fully with the best legal advice I could get, and the decision of the Administration in Washington, making the ports of Cristobal, Colon, Panama and Balboa open to foreign trade, seems to leave no doubt upon the question.

Justified as Mail Routes.

"Second—A consultation with the Second Assistant Postmaster General, Mr. Stewart, brought out the fact that there was very little doubt in his mind that probably the steamship service from New York to Colon, from New Orleans to Colon, and from San Francisco to Panama would be justified as mail routes. The only exception would be the line from Seattle and Astoria, which would, no doubt, come under the promotion of the commercial interests of the United States. Again it is within the right of the Postmaster General to reject all bids, not, in his opinion, reasonable for the attaining of the purposes named. Under this clause, provision could be made for the making of a contract with a steamship company that such contract could be canceled, if, in the judgment of the Postmaster General, the line was controlled by an interest that would use it as a means to prevent competition if a railroad company should secure control of the steamship company having the contract, the Government would have a right to cancel same.

"The Pacific Mail Steamship Company is the only connection now. It is a fact that the majority of the stock is owned by the Southern Pacific Railway. This ought not to be, and I think the commercial interests of the United States have a right to demand that this should be controlled by other interests and not by a competitive railway line, and in this connection I wish to state that I think Congress ought to assist the Pacific Mail in their effort to maintain our flag on the Pacific Ocean to the fullest extent, and that the Pacific Mail should retire from the effort to control the line via the Panama route, which would be in competition with them.

"After the completion of the canal a steamship company would be justified in running these ships through the canal from New York to the West coast ports of the United States, as they would have the mail contract for one way, on the outward voyage from New York to Colon, but on the return voyage they would have the mail contract from San Francisco, or Seattle, the long distance, to Panama. Why this cannot be done is the question I have asked of the Secretary of War. In all that I have published so far in regard to the discriminations I want to state positively in no case have I found any but the highest standards of right in the management of both the steamship lines and the railroad, and these discriminations that I have outlined are only brought about through the pro-rating arrangements with the foreign steamship lines and the absolute control of the Panama Steamship Company originally by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

War Department Could Abandon Line.

"Now, under the arrangement suggested, the Panama Rail Road Company could refuse to accept freight for, or from, any steamship line that discriminated against shipments from the United States. The War Department could afford to abandon the present steamship line, retaining the ships, if necessary, but few of them are of any use as practical money earners. But let it retain them, as in this way it would always have a means of preventing the raising of the rates on the freight necessary for the construction of the Panama Canal. As stated before, I shall not, under any circumstances, have any financial interest in any way in the operation of such a line, as my motives in some cases have been misunderstood. Under no circumstances ought the United States Government operate a commercial line in connection with the Panama Railroad and canal.

"I believe that capital can be secured for the building of such a line, and it could be made a profitable operation with up-to-date, modern ships, particularly in view of the fact that it will not be very long before the canal is open to commerce, and we will in this way reap the benefits, in a measure, of the cost to our country of the canal.

"President Taft expressed himself as heartily in favor of operating the Panama Railroad in conjunction with a privately owned steamship line, and, to use his own words, 'regardless of what effect such operation might have upon the transcontinental railways.'"

TURKEY ACCEPTS GREEK NOTE

Will Look to Powers for Settlement of Cretan Question.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—It is understood that the difficulty between Turkey and Greece over Crete has practically been solved. The Porte has decided to accept the Greek note on the assurance of the protecting powers that in the event of the Cretans persisting in provocative tactics the powers will re-occupy the island with military contingents.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 11.—After a cabinet council to-day the Grand Vizier, Hilmi Pasha, spoke reassuringly of the situation between Turkey and Greece.

"The Greek note," said Hilmi Pasha, "although not completely satisfactory to Turkey, has been judged acceptable, inasmuch as it has repudiated any desire to annex Crete. On some points, however, its declarations are incomplete and therefore the Porte will seek explanations in a new note.

"Meanwhile the Ottoman Minister will not be recalled from Athens and the Porte will look to the powers for a solution of the Cretan difficulty."

JAPAN WORRIES RUSSIA.

Activity on Antung Railroad and Naval Base Plans Cause Alarm.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—Apprehension has been aroused in political circles here by the energy displayed by the Japanese in pushing the reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden Railroad, the strategic importance of which is fully realized in St. Petersburg. Even more disquietude has been caused by the Japanese plans for a naval base at the mouth of the Tumen River, to be connected by railroad with Kirin.

This project is considered as verging on an infraction of the Portsmouth treaty of peace.

PEKING, Aug. 11.—The reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden Railroad by Japan is proceeding rapidly and without friction.

China, after agreeing that the standard gauge be adopted, sent a circular note to Russia, Germany, France, Great Britain, and the United States, pointing out that any intervention in this railroad question would be misguided and belated.

The legations do not regard the difficulty between China and Japan as serious.

BANDITS ROB FIUME BANK.

Man Carrying Off $6,000 Loot Knocked Down and Money Recovered.

FIUME, Hungary, Aug. 11.—The General Credit Bank of Fiume was raided this morning by three Russians, who shot down the cashier and rifled the safe of $6,000.

The robbers fled to the street, where they stood off their pursuers with revolvers. A policeman succeeded in knocking down the man who was carrying the loot, but the other two made their escape. All the money was recovered.

The man taken into custody gave the name of Salomon Kisinovikl, and said he came from Odessa, where he had worked as an electrician.

SWEDISH STRIKE ENDING.

Men Return to Work in Increasing Numbers—Riot at Norberg.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 11.—The belief is gaining ground that the backbone of the general strike has been broken. Workmen of various kinds resumed their duties to-day in increasing numbers, and it is expected that the printers soon will return to work. All the newspapers in Stockholm are issuing hand-printed sheets, while those in the South are being printed in Denmark.

About 15,000 strikers attended a meeting in the woods south of Stockholm this afternoon.

There was a strike riot at Norberg to-day, as a result of which twenty-two persons were arrested.

RUSSIA'S WISHES TO BE MET.

Appropriate Regulations for Navigation of the Sungari to be Drawn.

PEKING, Aug. 11.—The question of opening the Sungari River to international trade will be settled by the negotiation at Harbin, Manchuria, of a set of regulations for its navigation that will meet the peculiar local requirements of Russia.

The matter of trade on the Amur River will be negotiated by itself.

NO TRACE OF WARATAH.

Cruiser Forte Returns from Long Trip in Search of Her.

SIMON'S TOWN, Cape Colony, Aug. 11.—The British cruiser Forte returned here to-day after an unsuccessful search for the steamer Waratah, during which a distance of 1,320 miles was covered.

The Waratah, a British steamer, has been missing since July 26. She had on board ninety-three passengers and a crew of 207 men.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 11.—Count Frijis informed King Frederick to-day that he found it impossible to form a new Cabinet.

VALPARAISO, Chile, Aug. 11.—The Naval Council has recommended to the Government the construction of two battleships of the Dreadnought type.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 11.—The Argentine government has decided to send the training ship Sarmiento to New York to represent Argentina at the Hudson-Fulton celebrations.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—Gen. von Einem, the Prussian Minister of War, retired from office to-day. He will take up his new duties as Commander of the Seventh Army Corps at once.

Read to-day's Lost and Found advertisements, See Page 15.

SHARE IN LOAN ASSURED.

Conference on Chinese Railway Matter Awards America One-Fourth.

PEKING, Aug. 11.—At the meeting yesterday between Henry P. Fletcher, the American Chargé d'Affaires; representatives of the German, British, and French groups of bankers, and Liang Tun-yen, President of the Board of Foreign Affairs, assurances were given that the United States would get one-fourth of the loan for the construction of the Hankow-Sze-Quen Railroad.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—The Russian application to share in the Chinese railroad loan has met with an unexpected obstruction on the part of the Indo-China Bank, and steps have been taken at Paris to invoke the good offices of the French Government in the matter.

Although the Russian interest in this loan is perfunctory the Foreign Office is not willing to see Russia unrepresented in Hankow enterprises, as Hankow is the centre of a flourishing Russo-Chinese trade.

KING AFTER AMERICA'S CUP?

Reported That Alfonso of Spain Is a Possible Challenger.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Reports are current in yachting circles here that King Alfonso of Spain is a possible challenger for the America's Cup.

This rumor is apparently based on the fact that the King, during the construction of his yacht Hispania, which was built in Spain from designs by Fife, the English designer, evinced curiosity regarding the conditions governing the contests for this trophy.

BELGRADE STARTLED.

Explosion Causes Rumor That Prince George Had Tried to Kill His Brother.

BELGRADE, Aug. 11.—While Prince George of Servia was experimenting in the palace park yesterday with a new explosive there was a particularly loud detonation which aroused considerable excitement in the city.

Sensational rumors started, among them one that George had tried to kill his brother, but an explanation of the cause of the explosion set them at rest.

FRENCH STRIKERS GET BACK.

Eighty Reinstated After Right to Unionize Is Denied.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—In view of the total rejection by the French courts of the claims of the postal, telegraph, and telephone employes to the right to form a trades union, M. Millerand, Minister of Public Works and of Posts and Telegraphs, has deemed the time appropriate for the Government to show its magnanimity, and has reinstated eighty of the postal employes who were dismissed for participation in the strike last May.

The court held that under the law of 1884 the right to form workmen's unions did not apply to State employes, and ordered the dissolution of the union which the postal, telegraph, and telephone employes organized during the recent strike.

INDIANS OFFER ADHESION.

Darien Tribe Willing to Give Allegiance to Colombia.

BOGOTA, Aug. 11.—Cacique Inapaquina, chief of the Darien Indians, is in Bogota, offering the adhesion of his tribe to Colombia.

The Darien Indians inhabit a strip of territory on the Caribbean Sea that became Panaman territory with the independence of that republic. Their recognition of Colombian sovereignty in the past was only nominal, and they have continued the same attitude toward Panama.

They have never paid taxes to either State, and because of their active opposition to the presence of outsiders, their country is practically unknown.

HARRIMAN AT MUNICH.

Looks Well and Makes Motor Trip in the Country.

MUNICH, Aug. 11.—E. H. Harriman has arrived here and is apparently in good health.

He spent to-day on an automobile excursion through the country districts of Bavaria.

KING EDWARD AT MARIENBAD.

Physician Finds His Condition Good—Begins Cure To-day.

MARIENBAD, Aug. 11.—King Edward arrived here to-day and exchanged telegrams of greeting with Emperor Francis Joseph. Marienbad is crowded with visitors, many of whom are Americans.

Dr. Ott saw King Edward to-night and reports his condition as satisfactory. His Majesty begins the cure to-morrow.

The Final Clearance

$2 Imported Madras Shirts, $1.35

Other than mine, there are but one or two brands of two-dollar shirts in this town made of Wm. Anderson's imported madras. Nor would mine be, were it not that they are made in my own workrooms.

Now the two-dollar shirts are $1.35. Need I argue further? You appreciate the opportunity, don't you? All sizes, *white* and colors.

55c. SILK NECKWEAR, 25c.

A few of them are the season's "pups"; most of them are in designs and colors that honor good taste. Folded squares, four-in-hands and bat-wings.

Wm. G. White

Three Retail Shops | 25 Cortlandt Street, City Investing Building. | Broadway, Cor. Leonard Street. | 42d Street, 3 doors West of 5th Ave.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

When you go fishing, camping or canoeing it is most important to select the best place. The finest resort districts in the world are in Canada, along the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Write or call for illustrated folder "Fishing and Shooting." Other illustrated folders free on request.

ALLAN CAMERON, Gen'l Traffic Ag't, 1 and 453 Broadway and 231 Fifth Ave., New York.

ROBERT KERR, Passenger Traffic Mgr. Montreal, Canada.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Not In the Cheap Class—But In a Class by Itself.

Imperial "Gold Label" Beer

Extra Fine, Bright, Clear, Sparkling.

It's Just the Beer for Your Home.

Bottled at the Brewery. HEADLESTON & WOERZ, BREWERS, NEW YORK.

"One-half of our sales are made over the Telephone" says an officer of one of the largest and most progressive wholesale and retail grocery concerns in New York City.

"Many of our good customers seldom come to our stores at all, their purchases being made over the telephone. In fact, a number of our customers prefer us to ask for their orders over the telephone each day instead of sending our canvasser, as has been our custom for so many years.

"The number of people from whom orders are solicited in this manner is on the increase, and ranges from seventy-five to a hundred for each of our twenty-one stores. Ample arrangements are made in each store to handle telephone orders, and telephones are so placed that a customer can give his order direct to his favorite salesman, if he desires.

"Selling by telephone saves time and labor and has been very satisfactory to us. Care is taken to see that we always have a sufficient number of telephones to care for the business. We are constantly adding new telephones to keep pace with our increased telephone sales."

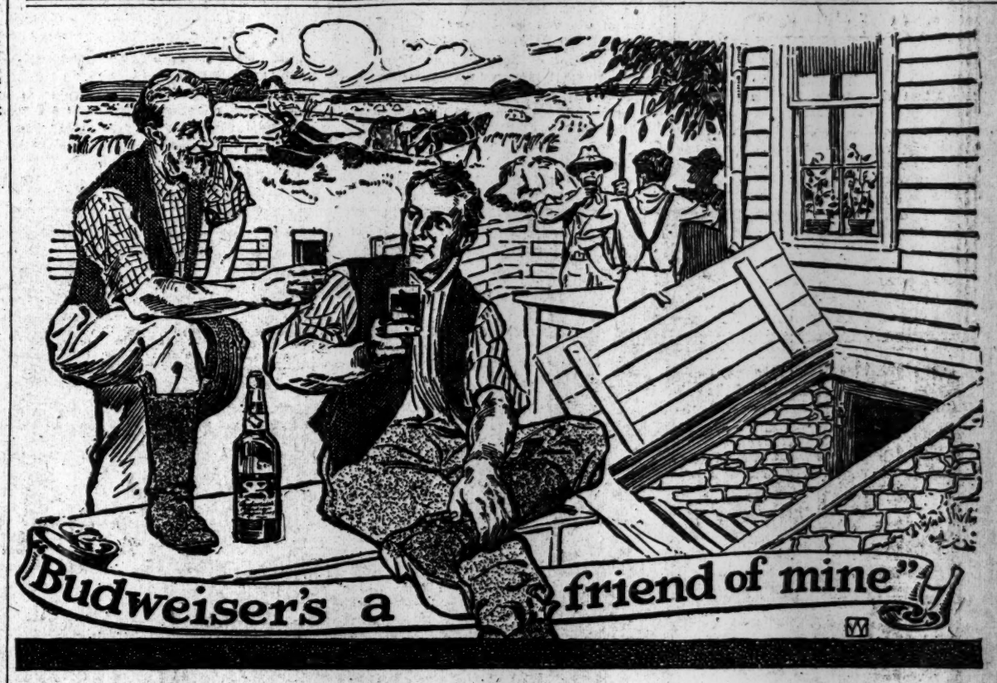
The above describes the telephone business of Acker, Merrall & Condit Company. Practically the same methods are followed by Park & Tilford, and other large concerns, not only in the grocery business, but in other lines of trade.

The public is buying more and more by telephone each day. Up-to-date tradesmen are aware of this fact and are catering to telephone trade. They have ample telephone facilities, for they realize that the shopkeeper without adequate telephone service closes his door to much valuable business.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

THE NEW YORK & NEW JERSEY TELEPHONE CO.

"Every 'Bell' Telephone is a Long Distance Station."



"The Glorious Harvest Days Are Here"

Throughout the barley growing belt of the great northwest the farmer is now gathering the golden grain. The cream of the northern crop is always selected by our expert grain buyers, shipped to St. Louis and forms the basis of our world famous

Budweiser

The King of All Bottled Beers

The product of the best barley and hops grown in the world. Budweiser has brought the glow of health to many and has helped to make our country a nation of strong men and women.

Families Supplied by

GROCERS AND RETAIL DEALERS

Should Your Dealers not Carry BUDWEISER in Stock, Please Phone Us.

Bottled Only at the Anheuser-Busch Brewery St. Louis, U. S. A.

CORKED OR WITH CROWN CAPS

ANHEUSER-BUSH AGENCY, NEW YORK CITY. Bronx Branch Telephone, 3084 Melrose. Main Office Telephone, 3753 Murray Hill.

A. BUSCH BOTTLING CO., BROOKLYN. Telephones, Main 5570-5571.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH NEWARK AGCY., NEWARK, N. J.

You wouldn't eat quail

as a steady diet. But why will you try to smoke rich, heavy, all-Havanas steadily? Vary your smoke diet with a light, domestic blend, like the

Robert Burns

Mild **10c Cigar**

A vacation box of 12 for $1, at any deale or prepaid to you on receipt of $1.

GEORGE L. STORM & CO.
New York City

The Price of Glasses Is Important

The most expensive glasses in moderate priced frames should cost no more than $4.

Our business is conducted on a one-price basis—the same moderate charge to one person as another;—the same in one store as another

Including Examination By
Registered Physicians.

WE CHARGE for GLASSES ONLY
Perfect-fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50
Send for Book of Styles and Prices.

J. Ehrlich & Sons.
Oculists and Opticians.
223 Sixth Ave., Below 15th St.
350 Sixth Ave., Below 22d St.
1274 Broadway, Below 33d St.
217 B'way, Astor House Block
101 Nassau St., Near Ann St.

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John Jameson
THREE ★★★ STAR
Whiskey

SKULLS AS EXHIBITS IN THE SUTTON CASE

Doctor, Prone on Table, Demonstrates Lieutenant Could Not Have Shot Himself.

SERGT. TODD A WITNESS

Says Adams Asked for Guns—He Saw a Figure Running, Heard Cries of "Halt!" and Then Shots.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Aug. 11.—Dr. Edward M. Schaeffer of Washington, an expert on gunshot wounds, was placed on the stand at to-day's session of the naval court of inquiry into the death of Lieut. James N. Sutton. The people in the room, spectators and interested parties alike, crowded around the table and gazed with the keenest interest on the doctor while he placed on the table skulls, to the exterior of one of which he affixed, in little lumps of wax, steel rods intended to indicate to the members of the court the course of the bullet in the skull of Lieut. Sutton. Lieut. Adams had illustrated the position of Lieut. Sutton when the fatal shot was fired. The doctor stretched himself upon the table and showed by pantomime how, in his opinion, it was quite impossible that Lieut. Sutton could ever have fired into his own head the shot that put an end to his life.

One of the points upon which the witness dwelt with special stress was that Lieut. Sutton was unable, under the circumstances described in the testimony, to exert sufficient pull on the trigger of the revolver to bring down the hammer of the weapon upon the cartridge.

Illustrating upon himself the witness assumed on the table the position ascribed to Sutton at the time of the shooting. Dr. Schaeffer declared that he himself was unable to pull the trigger of the small pistol he was using in his demonstration. With any one sitting upon his shoulders, he said, it would have been utterly impossible for a man in Sutton's position to have shot himself.

Mr. Birney cross-examined Dr. Schaeffer, questioning him with an apparent intention to show that a man of Sutton's age might have done what one of Dr. Schaeffer's could not.

Dr. Schaeffer was still on the stand at adjournment. He has been connected with the Army Medical Museum for nine years.

Todd Tells His Story.

The evidence of Sergt. Todd, who went on the stand at the afternoon session, aroused considerable interest. Todd's testimony did not confirm totally an alleged interview with him, but Todd did say that on the night of Sutton's death he saw a figure running, heard cries of "Halt!" threats to fire, and finally shots.

The morning session began with the testimony of H. R. Taylor, an undertaker, and James N. Wiedefeld, who prepared Lieut. Sutton's body for burial. Both testified that there was no evidence that either of Sutton's arms had been broken. Wiedefeld said there were no indications that he had been beaten, though the witness had made no examination for such bruises.

Prof. Gilbert P. Coleman of the Naval Academy stated that he was in the company of Lieut. Sutton from luncheon time until about midnight on the night of Sutton's death. He then left the Lieutenant with Miss Mary E. Stewart of Pittsburg, in the assembly room of the hotel. Lieut. Sutton, he said, was perfectly sober then.

Lieut. Allen M. Sumner, U. S. M. C., said on the stand he saw at the hotel on the same night Lieuts. Adams, Osterman, and Utley, and that all of them were perfectly sober at that time. Lieut. Sutton, he said, entered the room and offered those in the party a drink from a bottle of whisky, which all declined. Lieut. Sumner said he afterward went to camp. After his arrival there he saw Lieut. Sutton leaving the camp armed and without his coat. Later he heard shots and going in the direction from which they appeared to come, saw Lieut. Sutton on the ground. He also saw Lieut. Roelker, who appeared to have been injured. Taking him to camp, he found his clothing penetrated by a bullet, which was found in his clothing.

The witness identified as his own, a card on which he had written:

Sutton, I am a fool. Consider the gun business cut out.

This he had signed. He said that this was written by him for the purpose of humoring Lieut. Sutton on an occasion when the latter was very much intoxicated. The witness hoped that it would be a means of inducing him to go to his hotel peaceably.

Lieut. Sumner testified that Lieut. Sutton was not of good reputation among the other student officers, and that he did not believe Lieut. Sutton to be a truthful man. Mr. Davis declined to ask the witness any questions.

Asked For Weapons.

After recess Sergt. A. P. Todd, who was corporal of the guard on the night of Lieut. Sutton's death, took the stand. He said he heard an unusual noise in the guard room and there found Lieuts. Adams and Osterman, who asked him for weapons, saying there was trouble in the camp. They got no weapons.

Shortly after he heard shots fired. Later Lieut. Roelker, in civilian attire, came to him and said he had been shot. The witness said he found in Roelker's pocket a drill regulation book, in the pages of which he found a bullet. There was a mark as from a blow of some sort over Roelker's heart. He also found holes in Roelker's clothing and underwear. He knew nothing of the finding, next morning, of a revolver on the parade grounds.

He denied portions of an interview attributed to him, but said he did see the figure of a man running and heard commands to halt, and threat to fire, and shots.

Before the shooting Todd had seen Lieut. Roelker pass the guardroom. After the shooting, he said, Lieut. Roelker came into the guardroom and said, "My God, Archie, I've been shot!" The finding of the bullet followed.

The witness had heard four shots fired. He acknowledged having said he had often wondered why he was not summoned. He believed it was not his place to speak until summoned, but said he had never made any effort to make known to any officer his knowledge of the events of the night of Lieut. Sutton's death.

Saw Running Figure.

Mr. Birney, Lieut. Adams's counsel, took the witness in detail over the events of the night. The running figure, he said, was going from the vicinity of the camp toward the bridge over College Creek. After the shooting he saw Lieuts. Adams and Osterman in the room of the officer of the day.

In response to questions of Mr. Davis Todd said that it was Lieut. Adams who asked him "if he had any spare guns," saying there was trouble in the camp and he wanted them for protection. Osterman said nothing whatever.

Two shots preceded the first cry to halt, which was not replied to. After the second cry "Halt! you are under arrest, or I'll shoot," there were two more shots fired after a brief interval. He had aroused Sergt. Mahoney, Sergeant of the guard, as soon as he heard the first two shots. The other two shots had been fired before Mahoney started in the direction from which the noise of the shots came. He had gone only a short distance when the witness heard some one challenge Mahoney and tell him the trouble was all over and that he might as well return to his room.

When the witness put on the desk the bullet that struck Roelker, Lieuts. Adams, Willing, Bevan, and others were in the room of the officer of the day. Roelker said nothing whatever as to how or where he had been shot, and, the witness said, made no attempt to find out.

Todd said he did not hear until next morning that Lieut. Sutton had been shot. He was not asked by any one if he knew anything whatever of the trouble.

To the Judge Advocate the witness said he understood that as his superior officers knew of the firing of the shots his duty did not require him to make further report to any one.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Replying to questions from a Buffalo newspaper, Major Henry Leonard, the Judge Advocate of the court investigating Sutton's death, to-day sent a telegram in part as follows:

The Department and the Judge Advocate as its representative have used every possible means to bring from the ends of the earth every person who could possibly throw any light on the subject. Witnesses have been brought thousands of miles, and no expense has been spared. Yet the amazing charge has been repeatedly made that the Government of the United States was trying to conceal something or shield somebody.

There has probably never been a case of great public interest in this country concerning which some newspapers have printed less of the actual testimony and more of unsubstantial and irresponsible hallucinations.

CUTS OFF SISTER WITH $100.

Will of Mrs. McGarren, Late Widow of Recluse, Says She Injured Her.

By the will of Mrs. Hester McGarren, widow of Alexander McGarren, who died at 2 East 127th Street, on June 26, leaving an estate estimated at $500,000, her sister, Mrs. Jane Du Bois Baker, living at 1009 Lemon Street, Philadelphia, is cut off with $100, the will containing this statement: "In explanation of the fact that she receives no more, I desire to say that she has been my bitterest enemy, and has done me a great injury."

Mrs. McGarren's nephew, Hamlet Parson, also living in Philadelphia, gets the income on 100 shares of United States Steel stock, preferred, held in trust by the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company. She says that she previously provided him with an annuity of $2,000.

"It is my will and desire," says the will, "that if my nephew makes any objection or takes legal proceedings to contest the will he shall forfeit the income from the trust fund, and it shall become a part of my residuary estate."

To Lucretia H. Douglas, wife of David H. Douglas of 267 West 139th Street, is bequeathed her sables and several other personal articles, and Miss Mary Logan of Brooklyn gets $3,000. Miss Nora Donavan of 332 West Fifty-sixth Street, receives the income on 100 shares of United States Steel preferred, held in trust, and the residuary estate goes to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Mrs. McGarren, who was over 70 years of age, made a bitter fight in the Supreme Court last year to establish her claim that she was the widow of Alexander McGarren, a wealthy recluse and art collector of Harlem, and won her case. At the time of the suit she said that she first married a man by the name of Shuhlin, in Kentucky, in 1857, who divorced her in 1880. After travelling around the world she met McGarren in 1898 and married him in San Francisco. They fell out and in 1902, he went before Supreme Court Justice Bischoff and had the marriage annulled on the ground that she was not legally divorced when he married her. Later, she alleged, they made up their differences and were remarried at Atlantic City in 1903.

McGarren was a queer character and wrote many poems which he dedicated to his wife. He died alone in his home at 104 West 122d Street, and three weeks later his death notice appeared. Mrs. McGarren appeared before the Surrogate, who decided that she was not his widow, and the suit in the Supreme Court followed.

DRAWING HELL GATE'S TEETH.

Flood Rock Reef Blasted Away and Other Danger Spots to Go Next.

Increased safety to sound boats navigating the waters of Hell Gate has been insured by the blasting away of the dangerous reef known as Flood Rock at the southwest end of Hallets Point, the most dangerous spot in that channel of treacherous currents.

It was on Flood Rock that the big steam freight propellor, the Henry M. Whitney, of the Metropolitan line was wrecked in a fog last Spring and after this wreck the Government set to work to blast out the rock. For months past big dredges have been at work and a remarkable change has been affected in the dangerous currents at this point.

It is said that already the reef at its most dangerous point has been blasted away so that at high water there is now thirty-five feet of water where heretofore jagged rocks stuck out threatening vessels. Old boatmen stared when recently they saw the big sound liners, Yale, Harvard, and Commonwealth, sailing serenely over the stretch of waters where formerly a dangerous reef jutted out. When this work has been finished so as to give Flood Rock reef a safe depth of water at low tide, it is understood that Mill Rock and later Hog's Back will also be eliminated as danger points.

Urges Removal of President Haffen.

Commissioner of Accounts Mitchel has completed his brief in the case of Borough President Haffen of The Bronx, and he forwarded it yesterday to Governor Hughes. He urges that the findings of Special Commissioner Wallace Macfarlane, recommending that Mr. Haffen be removed, be upheld, declaring that the Governor should take this action to consistently follow his ruling in the proceedings against Borough President Ahearn.

NAVAL TUG SINKS, FOUR ARE DROWNED

The Nezinscot's Cargo of Anchors Shifted and Heavy Sea Carried Over the Tug.

CAPTAIN'S WIFE ON PLANK

Gets to Shore, Gives Alarm, and Fishing Fleet Pick Up Husband Afloat on a Grating.

ROCKPORT, Mass., Aug. 11.—The cargo of anchors which the naval tug Nezinscot, commanded by Capt. Edward Evans, was taking to the battleship Missouri, proved too great a burden as she came down the coast from Portsmouth to Boston before a northerly gale early to-day, and after the seas had flooded the engine room the tug capsized and sank off Cape Ann.

Four of her crew lost their lives, while nine others, including the Captain's wife and boy, reached land after a hard struggle. Those lost were:

CHARLES F. TROTTER, acting assistant surgeon.
C. L. TAYLOR, ordinary seaman.
C. F. WHITE, colored, ship's cook, first class.
L. R. EDWARDS, colored, seaman.

Capt. Evans and Machinist's Mate A. Belfric, were taken from an oak grating by a life saving crew after they had been in the water nearly five hours and had seen Dr. Trotter washed off into the sea. Chief boatswain's mate, F. R. Bitter, struggled an hour with Mrs. Evans and the boy on a narrow plank. Engineer Pratt and three seamen managed to gain the ship's boat after the sinking of the tug, and righting her, hauled Bitter, Mrs. Evans, and the boy on board, and then rowed ashore.

The boy told the fishermen and life savers that Capt. Evans and three others were adrift on the grating and had the entire fishing equipment of Cape Ann and two life saving crews engaged in search for the men on the grating, and five hours later the boat from the Dolliver's Neck station, in Gloucester harbor, picked up Captain Evans and Belfric, seven miles off Halibut Point, two miles from the scene of the wreck.

The Nezinscot left Portsmouth at 3 A. M. to-day. In addition to the anchors she carried searchlights and anchor chains in her cargo. Her freeboard was low and her cargo brought her down until her decks were nearly awash. She was manned by five officers and a crew of about ten men.

A westerly gale was blowing when the Nezinscot left Portsmouth, so Capt. Evans hugged the shore as far as Ipswich. Then he headed across for Cape Ann. As the tug went off shore she met rising seas and began to roll. Off Halibut Point a big sea bore the little boat over until the water flooded her engine room and she became helpless. A sea turned her over on her side, where she stayed for two minutes, during which the Captain called all hands on deck. The deckload apparently had shifted and the tug themselves in the water. Three of her crew went down with the tug as she sank in thirty fathoms.

The Nezinscot was attached to the Portsmouth Navy Yard. She was 85 feet long, of 19 feet beam, and 8 feet mean draught. Her displacement was 156 tons and her speed ten knots.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Trotter of the navy, who was drowned, entered the naval service last April, and was on duty at the Naval Hospital in Portsmouth, N. H. His home was in Franklin, N. C.

FALL IN SLEEP KILLS WOMAN.

Mrs. Jones, Who Pitched Downstairs, Probably Died Without Awaking.

John Jones, of 702 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, was awakened early yesterday morning by a noise on the floor below his bedroom. He ran downstairs and found his mother, Mrs. Ella Jones, lying at the foot of the stairs leading to the main hallway.

Apparently she had got out of bed in her sleep and after wandering about the home had walked to the head of the stairs and tumbled down the whole flight.

Jones sent for an ambulance, and Dr. Gibb who came from St. John's Hospital, said that the woman had died instantly. Her neck had been broken by the fall. The surgeon said that it was probable that Mrs. Jones had never been awakened as her son said he heard no outcry when his mother fell. Mrs. Jones lived alone with her son She was 55 years old.

If you want Board in a private family, see Page 13.

D. A. R. IN HUDSON FETE.

Society Has Headquarters at 501 Fifth Avenue—Will Hold Reception.

Mrs. William Cumming Story, Chairman of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution, sent out letters yesterday to local branches of the organization announcing that the committee had obtained headquarters at 501 Fifth Avenue for the use of the members throughout the country during the Hudson-Fulton celebration. Representatives of the various chapters will act as hostesses at the headquarters, a maid will be in attendance, tea will be served, and the literature and general information of the celebration may be had there.

It was announced also that through the courtesy of the Park Department the committee had obtained one of the finest sites on the parade course, in Fifty-ninth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, for a stand from which to view the land parades.

On Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 25, a patriotic meeting and reception will be held by the National Society of Patriotic Women of America, of which Mrs. J. Heron Crosman is President, and the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the Council Chamber and Governor's Room, City Hall.

CHAT ON A TRAIN BREAKS UP A HOME

Brother Learned That Dr. Jaques' Wife Had Another Husband Living in England.

PHYSICIAN SUES TO ANNUL

Mrs. Jaques Admits Former Marriage, but Says She Heard Her Husband Died In Asylum.

Dr. Schuyler Clinton Jaques, visiting physician of the Metropolitan Hospital, living at 1 West Eighty-ninth Street, has brought suit in the Supreme Court for an annulment of his marriage to Alice Ann Jaques, which took place in this city in March, 1902, alleging that she had a husband living in England at the time he married her.

Mrs. Jaques will on Monday next ask for alimony pending a trial of the action, and said last night that she would institute a counter suit for a separation.

According to Dr. Jaques, she came to this country in 1900 with a party of Americans and he met her while she was acting as nurse to one of his patients. Later she was taken ill with scarlet fever; he attended her, fell in love, and they were married. He alleges that they lived happily until he learned that she had been married before and that her first husband, Joseph George Clemmons, was living at the time of the ceremony here.

This exposure came about, he says, in a most unusual manner. His brother, McClure Jaques, a lawyer, while traveling abroad in 1907, was conversing on a train with an English army officer, when the subject turned to Southampton folks. Jaques happened to mention that his brother had married a woman of the name of Mrs. Joseph George Clemmons, whereupon the officer said he knew the man and that, to the best of his knowledge, he was still alive.

Dr. Jaques says he then sent his wife abroad to learn the facts of the case, but alleges that when she came back she refused to give him any information on the subject.

Dr. Jaques and his wife are still living in the same apartment, but when seen last night she said her husband was at home very little and did not take his meals there. He could not be located by a TIMES reporter. Mrs. Jaques admitted she had been the wife of Clemmons, but said she had been told he was dead.

The Razor for *You!*

The best is none too good for Americans. The best old-style razor is not good enough, neither is the best "safety." The American idea is to have the best of both *combined.* The best of both *is* combined in the

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It gives the correct, sliding diagonal stroke which made the old-style razor better than the "safety:" it has the safety-guard which makes it better than the old-style. This is the American idea—the best—because it is the old-style razor made *safe,* and the safety razor made *perfect.*
Price, complete with 6 blades, in handsome leather case, $5.00. Extra blades, 6 for 50 cents.

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The correct Diagonal Stroke

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Semi-made Corset Covers Not from St. Gall; Not Machine-made— From The Madeira Islands And Embroidered by Hand —But Prices Are The Same

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It occurred to us that we could send specimens of the St. Gall Machine-made Corset Covers to our representative in the Madeira Islands and have them copied by hand—*and sell them at the same prices.*

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Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Wall Street.....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
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CROPS AND MONEY.

The near certainty that more money will be needed to "move" the crops this year than ever before plunges the country into its perennial problem whether its prosperity is so great as to be a calamity. If the crops were smaller there would be no anxiety about the money market. It would be a certainty that business would not be stimulated sufficiently to cause any strain upon credit, and we should then be unhappy for another cause. As usual, there is the same talk about the crop country financing its own necessities, and there is the usual cynical incredulity about the West's independence of the East. Experience justifies this attitude, and yet there are signs that it is different this year.

For example, The Seattle Post-Intelligencer says editorially:

> For the last three years local banks in the wheat-growing districts have furnished a fair proportion of the money needed to handle the crops. This year they will furnish all of it, and will also be in position to make loans to buyers upon security of the bills of lading and insurance policies. When the crop is harvested there will be no great amount of money to return to foreign banks, but to the direct contrary, the banks of the wheat-growing districts will have enormous amounts due them from outside of the State, which they can draw upon when needed. There will be a perfect flood of money pouring into this State when the crop is sold.

That is out of the ordinary, and is not alone. Another example is the complaint of The Topeka Daily State that the rate of interest in Kansas is falling. During the last decade loans by Kansas banks have been at 8 per cent. to 10 per cent., but they are now offering at 7 per cent. Theoretically this does not point to any scarcity of funds, and as a matter of fact the banks of Kansas have deposits of $163,000,000, the maximum in their history. As The State says, "The banks' bins are bulging over with money. Naturally the rate of interest on loans is dropping."

There are certain considerations supporting the prospect that the crop movement may be less troublesome to the East this year than an eight-billion-dollar harvest might seem to threaten. As is well known, the banking panic of 1907 had the wholesome result of prompting local banks to keep their reserves nearer home than before. They may have been redeposited in other banks, according to our bad law and worse practice, but they were kept if not strictly at home yet closer to the crop fields. Accordingly the interior reserve cities may be called upon to bear an unusual part of New York's usual burden this year. Also a dollar is likely to go faster and therefore further this year than ever before. Eventually there is certain to be another railway congestion, but not at once. Grain will be weeks instead of months between the fields and the final market. Moreover, the reserves of crops are exceptionally small, and the prices are so attractive that there is a minimum of temptation to keep the equivalent of a tempting price in the bins. The comparative shortage of the cotton crop is not welcome, but it lessens the demand for money, and thus increases the general supply. Finally our foreign trade will be of dimensions which it is open for us to regulate at our will. If we run short of cash we have the goods to supply ourselves with any quantity of gold.

Necessarily the subject is one upon which hard experience teaches us to observe a certain caution. And yet it may be said that the present prospect is merely for such activity as may suffice to make bankers cheerful, without causing their customers anxiety. It is true that the first of each month since April has shown a decrease of circulation, a contraction by the workings of our precious currency system just when an expansion would have been more natural and convenient. But it is also true the circulation on the first of August was the greatest known for that season, $19,000,000 above last year, and $314,000,000 above 1907. More important than the increase in volume is the improvement in confidence. Every dollar will be allowed to work this year. The prospect is that they will all be worked hard, but not too hard.

FLYING A THOUSAND MILES.

Mr. ORVILLE WRIGHT made a statement on Tuesday putting his competitors on notice that his aeroplane may soon show its superiority over all other types in long-distance driving. He said:

> At the present time we can carry enough fuel to stay "up" for twenty-five hours. This cannot be duplicated by any one else so far as we know, and is due to the fact that we have so arranged our surfaces as to give the highest possible efficiency.

The Scientific American of Aug. 14 declares editorially under the heading, "Wanted—a Reliable Aeroplane Motor," that the flying machine, apart from its motor, has reached a high stage of excellence. The control, the wings, and the bodies of the various machines have for months past manifested no signs of weakness, and none need be looked for. Types of motors have been highly developed in automobiles; they have simply not been adapted for mounting upon the light, flexible frame of the aeroplane, while a tendency has been exhibited to save weight at the expense of strength in their construction. The fact may not be ignored that the aeroplane motor must always be driven at its highest speed on an unstable platform.

The brothers WRIGHT long ago rejected the lightest types of motor; their announcement that they have arranged their surfaces "so as to give the highest possible efficiency" means that this economy will admit the use of a heavier and more trustworthy motor than those of their rivals. Inasmuch as a 24-horse-power automobile has shown that it can travel 10,000 miles without a stop, a continuous flight of a thousand miles on a Wright aeroplane does not seem unreasonable to expect. Indeed, "the time is ripe," The Scientific American declares, "for some firm in this country, that has had long experience in motor construction, to take up the building of motors specially suited to the aeroplane and the dirigible." That begins to look like business.

THE TURN IN FOREIGN TRADE.

The current of foreign trade has changed as though at the starter's pistol shot. No longer ago than last July our exports were decreasing, as they had been steadily through the fiscal year. But last week there was a striking gain in exports from this port, and they are likely to be added to when we get the returns for the entire country. New York's exports last week were $11,834,370, against $7,728,036 in 1908. If that increase were to be enlarged by the proportion of the trade of New York to the Nation's exports, that is to say were to be increased by one-half, and were to be multiplied by the weeks in the year, there would result something old fashioned and handsome.

In the days of our recent misery the pessimists were wondering how ever we could pay for the goods we were importing. The answer was simplicity itself. We stopped importing so sharply that the cessation of our custom embarrassed our foreign friends, and spoiled some financial sermons. Now we have an answer to the question of how we shall get back the gold we have been losing. Our sales may become embarrassing to our foreign buyers, through the necessity of their remitting the balance. They will send us back our own gold if we want it, or, if they prefer to keep it for reasons of their own, they can buy on credit. Already they have lent us much capital by advances against the purchases now coming into sight, and they are not likely soon to renew their boycott of our finance bills. One experience of doing a strictly cash trade with the United States has doubtless proved enough. Our foreign friends may not understand our stock market, but they have reason to know that commercially we are sounder than our critics.

MAGISTRATES AND "ANARCHY."

In two characteristic particulars the charge of the Committee of One Hundred that the procedure of the City Magistrates "breeds anarchy," finds some support. Surely, if they conducted their cases with due deliberation, the strain would not be so great that they would need half time off each month to recuperate. "Think what it means," Magistrate Butts says, in defense of this practice, "to sit for three and a half or four hours at a stretch trying all sorts of cases." The human machine, like the automobile, is worn and torn only when driven at top speed. Deliberation is of the very quality of judgment, order, and regulation; the disposition of cases at chaotic speed must, in a measure, conduce to frequent failure of justice.

Another fault found with the Magistrates is that they are too lenient with offenders whose acts excite universal execration. A crowd of young ruffians from the east side may board a subway or elevated train and terrorize men, women, and children, in the full consciousness that if arrested they will be let off with a slight fine, or, more likely, with a reprimand. The Magistrates ought to know that the immigrant population is increasing, and that its members in the second generation are growing more turbulent and unruly. The gangs of young rowdies must be kept down, or the town will soon be given over to violence.

Of course, there are worthy exceptions among the Magistrates, quite undeserving of these strictures. But most of them might with advantage pursue their frequent vacations less breathlessly, and they might show their authority more sternly in the case of overt offenders.

THE LOWERED PRICE OF ICE.

Some say it was the competition of the artificial ice companies that caused the Ice Trust to lower its wholesale price from $5 to $3 a ton, with a resultant decline in the retail price as low as from 25 to 40 cents a hundred pounds. A better explanation would be in the fact that the Summer is far advanced. August will soon merge into the cool month of September, with its slackened demand for refrigeration. But the retail price of ice seems still to show a profit of 100 per cent.—and this for what has become one of the necessaries.

The 100 per cent. profit is only apparent, not real. In his address before the Irrigation Congress in Spokane Tuesday, Mr. GIFFORD PINCHOT exclaimed that Mr. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER should be adjudged a saint as compared with the spring water barons, since he charges less a gallon for oil after it has passed through many processes than they for "a gallon of mineral water that has not been treated in any way." But Mr. PINCHOT forgot the little item of the relative cost of distribution.

The first cost of ice, of spring water, and of oil is negligible. The marvelous organization built up by Mr. ROCKEFELLER concerned itself wholly with the problem of cheap distribution. His company makes tremendous profits, but it has also reduced the price of oil to the consumer. The spring water people must seal their product in expensive bottles and pay its freight to market. Ice cannot be sent to distributing depots in pipes, and from the moment it is harvested it begins to melt. The process concerned in its preservation is expensive. The retailer charges his customer for cartage, for handling a bulky product, and for the increased waste due to exposure to a midsummer sun. Perhaps, too, he charges extra for continuing in a business that is so universally under censure.

REALISM AND THE ACTOR'S ART.

If the press agent is to have his way our actors in the future must prove a fitness for their tasks by previous experience along the lines the various rôles suggest. Hereafter, no blushing demoiselle need expect to be trusted with the rôle of married woman, no actress undertake the responsibility of leading a stage child along the road that leads to virtue and the spot-light, unless she, the actress, has already qualified as wife and mother.

These are the days of realism in the drama. For a while it was enough to have real pumps spurting real water on the stage. But the artistic conscience grew by what it fed on, and these simple things will suffice no longer. In the old degenerate days an English-speaking actor who could go on and play an Italian dialect part one night, a Frenchman the next, was thought to have proved his versatility. Out of the desire for realism grew the practice of casting the real foreigner for such parts. But what becomes of the art of acting under such a scheme? Fortunately, we still have an occasional artist to prove that the imitation is better than the genuine on the stage.

Where will the new discoveries of the press agent end? If the actress must be wife and mother before she can do justice to the wifely or maternal instincts on the mimic scene, is it not reasonable to suppose that we shall come in time to have no Hamlets save those who have really stood within the shadow of a throne? With royalty going out of fashion, perhaps it is but a natural arrangement to find new occupation for deposed monarchs.

Genius is to madness near allied, but, then, is it not carrying an axiom to an extreme to demand that no one shall represent King Lear without the previous indorsement of Matteawan or a lunacy commission?

If the burden of proof as to whether marriage is a failure is to rest with those players only who have already had experience in the bonds of Hymen, must we also learn the lesson of "Thou shalt not kill" from actors who have come near to feeling the hangman's noose? The thing really does not seem practical. We might have realism enough under such an arrangement. But what would the Keans, the Kembles, Mrs. SIDDONS, and that glorious line have to say if they could hear about it?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Epidemic of Murders and Shootings.

An ex-convict journeys to Middletown to die by his own hand, after finding and shooting down a juryman who helped declare him guilty years ago. A woman in the corridor of a New York hostelry aims a bullet at the heart of the man who scorned her. A jealous husband in Wilkesbarre slays the man who, he says, had hypnotized his wife. A man in Scranton, afflicted with insomnia, hurls a stone with fatal effect at a woman whom he mistakes for a ghost. An Italian feud flames up on the east side, where the stiletto and the pistol are used with bloody effect. In Reading six babies die under the incantations of "witch doctors." In New York women are waylaid and robbed in the streets. The columns of the newspapers are replete daily with accounts of murders, suicides, and assaults.

With the advent of cooler weather these symptoms of fever in the people's veins will disappear. "Violent crimes of all kinds are twice as frequent when the weather is hot," Dr. FORBES WINSLOW says. We have but just passed the season when the suicidal and homicidal mania reaches its climax of fatalities. There is a taint in the blood or in the brain of the persons who become its victims. They may live irreproachably during normal conditions of the weather, but somewhere in their minds is nursed the spark of malevolence that needs only the influence of a hot and humid climate to make it burst forth into violence. A history of work under pressure, of emotional excesses, alcoholism, and nervous degeneracy is revealed in these cases of crimes of the hot weather.

Park Benches and Park Policemen.

Central Park is well furnished with unsightly if useful benches of wood and iron upon which any pleasant Summer afternoon the curious stroller may see seated in serried ranks men, women, children and nursemaids, and as it turns dusk couples very much interested in themselves and beautifully oblivious of the rest of the world. Central Park also contained, in the vicinity of Cleopatra's famous Needle, where it stands upon its flat-topped little hill beside the East Drive, certain benches which out of respect for the obelisk aspired to art. They were not of wood and iron, but massive affairs of concrete after good Greek models. There were thirty of them.

Now there are but six whole ones. Monday night, in the mist and rain, while the vigilant park policeman, who is so ready to warn you off the grass, was not looking persons then unknown wrecked no less than twenty-two. Since the benches, as already mentioned, were massive and the wrecking was pretty complete the deed was credited to strong-armed persons, assisted perhaps by crowbars or similar implements. The imagination pictured a company of loutish, low-browed vandals, certainly not under five feet high apiece, and speculated if these strong-armed ones intended to express in this laborious fashion their contempt for art as applied to the people's benches in the people's park.

So much for imagination. But Tuesday night was neither rainy nor misty, and besides the park policeman was looking. "Capt. Farrell and his detective concealed themselves at dusk in the shrubbery which borders the obelisk on the west." They waited till a frightfully late hour—after 9 o'clock—when, just as they were about to give up hope, "five shadows" glided across the flat-topped little hill. These shadows resolved themselves into three small boys and two small girls, who promptly, under the policemen's eyes, overthrew two more art benches. Also having admitted overthrowing the other twenty-two benches, the boys have been sent to the Children's Society, while the girls have promised to be good.

The moral, in spite of the size of the desperadoes, remains the same—the park policeman might with profit to the city be more vigilant upon nights of mist and rain. To be sure the Commissioner points out that the park has actually fewer guardians now than it had some ten years ago—the park squad has been reduced from 200 to 120 men—but the wrecking of those twenty-two massive concrete benches by five small children took time and must have made noise enough for an ideal policeman to hear even if there were not many of him. Visitors to the park have been aware for a long time, however, that rowdies of much larger growth have had far too much liberty there, even in the bright eye of day. A park policeman was never intended to be a mere ambulatory "Keep off the grass" sign.

Bathing Sordid Banknotes.

Director RALPH of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing at Washington is going into the business of laundering filthy banknotes. Of course an expeditious way to get rid of the billions of germs—all of them harmless, by the way—with which some of the filthiest bills are infested would be to burn them and make brand-new notes in their stead. Paper is cheap, the cost of stamping is slight. But this solution of the problem is too simple, it seems. An elaborate chemical "bath" is being prepared for bills already much worn, and in this they are to be plunged to eliminate the "dangerous" bacteria. Of course the bacteria are bound to colonize afresh their worn and macerated surfaces at the first contact of the notes with hands and with the atmosphere. Dr. WARREN W. HILDITCH of the Sheffield Laboratory of Bacteriology and Hygiene of Yale University published last year a report on the "disease germs" supposed to inhabit old bills, in which he says:

> The soiled money used for this study was the dirtiest I could obtain, from various sources, such as railroad, trolley, and theatre ticket offices, banks, drug stores, and individuals in different parts of the State. Some of the bills were much more worn than others, being very soft, cracked, and soiled, with frayed edges. * * * From the observations that I have made it would seem that the bacteria present on paper money are non-virulent and the forms most common are the air forms.

The fomites theory of disease transmission—that epidemics are kindled and spread as by conflagrations from infected rags and the nasty Government paper which the Government officials never think to renew—has been pretty well exploded in the recently published studies of Dr. ALVAH H. DOTY, Health Officer of this port. Dr. DOTY has shown that the sorters of domestic and foreign rags are no more subject to infectious disease than are persons engaged in other pursuits. The men and women who handle the filthy paper money in the Treasury Department at Washington are not subject to infection. Clean, crisp banknotes should, of course, be kept constantly in circulation. But it is little short of ridiculous that our rich and extravagant Central Government should suddenly begin to economize by playing washerwoman to its old notes.

Orchestra Better Than Band.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is evident to any one who is a frequenter of the concerts in Central Park that the brass music played there at present does not satisfy the public so much as the orchestral music made popular by Mr. Franko. I hope, for one, that this will be the last year that band music will be given at the Mall. The reed instruments are no substitute for the strings of the orchestra, and the finer passages are lost, to say the least, when played by even such a good band as the one that succeeded the orchestra. The public that pays for this music is entitled to the best, and the popular taste is educated to that point now where it can discriminate between music rendered by an orchestra under the leadership of a finished conductor and the kind which is produced by a body that lacks the instrumenta necessary to convey the meaning of the composer. B.

New York, Aug. 10, 1909.

Legality of Selling Lincoln Cents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not an infringement of the law to permit the new Lincoln pennies to be sold for more than their full value? During the past few days I saw several boys selling these pennies three for 5 cents in the vicinity of the Sub-Treasury, New York City. The selling of the "Billiken" coins and other similar souvenirs seems equitable, but should the selling of America's genuine currency in excess of its par value be permissible any more than the passing of counterfeit currency?

Will some kind reader express his views in regard to the foregoing either in the affirmative or the negative?

CHARLES E. SCHAFRANCK.

Brooklyn, Aug. 11, 1909.

HUMAN SACRIFICE.

The Teaching of Old Testament and Jewish Religion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of yesterday you print a communication which again repeats the assertion that the God of the Hebrews desired human sacrifice. I have noticed this assertion more than once within the last two or three weeks, and if my memory is correct, even in a report of Dr. Eliot's "new religion." I have also chanced to notice in certain Christian publication a similar ignorance.

The God of the Hebrews forbade all human sacrifice. In Genesis xxii. He told Abraham to offer his son as a sacrifice, but stopped him when about to obey. It was a dramatic sermon that the God of Abraham would not accept human sacrifice, but forbade it, even at the very moment when He could have had it had He wished. The prohibition of human sacrifice will be found in Leviticus xviii., 21; xx., 2-5.

The real attitude of Jewish law with regard to human sacrifice and any kind of sacrifice is splendidly stated by the old prophet Micah: "Wherewith shall I come before the Lord, and bow myself before the high God? Shall I come before Him with burnt offerings, with calves of a year old?

"Will the Lord be pleased with thousands of rams, or with ten thousands of rivers of oil? Shall I give my first born for my transgression, the fruit of my body for the sin of my soul?

"He hath shewed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the Lord require of thee, but to act justly, and to love loving-kindness, and to walk humbly with thy God." (Micah vi., 6, 7, 8.)

The last number of a certain review is itself a revelation. A course of lectures for Christian clergy in some Christian theological institution upon the Bible as the Hebrews have it, would, I think, be of interest.

But I protest against the constant practice of Christians of not holding up the God of the Hebrews as the loving, merciful, compassionate, and forbearing God. If at times justice demanded that He should punish His aftermath as Exodus xxxiv., 6-7, declares is mercy and grace, forbearance, abundant loving-kindness and truth, compassion and forgiveness, even though justice must be done, and a withholding of the penalty of hereditary sin or vice for three or four generations in the hope that the second, third, or fourth generation will correct the taint. To the Christian clergy and laymen who make assertions about the God of the Hebrews without a study of what we know about Him in the Bible itself, without knowing how we Hebrew keepers of the Bible understand it, and in absolute ignorance of the original language of the Bible, I respectfully recommend the very next verse. I respectfully suggest that they do as it says Moses did when made to face this revelation of the aftermath of God when He passed by: "And Moses made haste and bowed his head toward the earth."

It would be well if we could have similar reverence in these days, especially in our leaders of spiritual thought.

As for the Bible itself:

> Within this awful volume lies
> The mystery of mysteries;
> Happiest they of human race
> To whom God has granted grace
> To read, to fear, to hope, to pray,
> To lift the latch and force the way,
> And better had they ne'er been born
> Who read to doubt—or read to scorn.

H. PEREIRA MENDES.

New York, Aug. 10, 1909.

OFFICERS AND MEN.

Nature and Cause of Ill-Feeling Between West Pointers and Privates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. W. J. Butler's statement that any "animosity" which the West Pointer may show for enlisted men is due rather to the needs of the service than to any spirit of the largely developed ego not only shows a sad ignorance of "the needs of the service" but causes one to inquire why there need be any "animosity" between the officer (West Pointer or otherwise) and the enlisted man. The facts are these: The enlisted personnel of our army was never as intelligent and as thoroughly American as it is to-day; such men naturally resent the petty restrictions and humiliations which under the guise of "discipline" have been grafted on to our military system by the large class of officers who consider the soldier an inferior being, merely to be tolerated as an unavoidable nuisance connected with an otherwise desirable position.

The "animosity," if any, which the officers entertain for the enlisted man is due to their resentment of any attempt on the part of the soldier to obtain ordinarily decent treatment, justice, and his share of the much vaunted "square deal." The operation of the so-called military justice rests entirely in the hands of the officers, and its machinery is used principally to enforce obedience, by means of fines and confinement, to a code which is as unjust as it is antiquated. The number of desertions from the army would be considerably decreased if every officer were required to take a course, say, with a railroad or other large industrial corporation in the ancient art and craft of handling men—an art in which the majority of them are conspicuously deficient, as is shown by the large number of desertions and courts-martial in certain commands.

H. G. WRIGHT.

Fisher's Island, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1909.

FLAT ROOF DWELLING.

Architectural Fault Destroying Beauty of Whole Neighborhoods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With great sympathy I read the article in THE TIMES of Aug. 2 on "House Architecture." And, although the politicians (Jerome) would rather the people would not write letters to the papers, I venture a few opinions.

"T. J. D." sees the case in a true light, and it is about time that a limit to ugliness be set. The first thing to prohibit is any more flat-roof dwellings. They are an abomination and blot on the landscape wherever built, and one cannot take a ride out into the suburbs any distance without seeing these inappropriate, ugly reminders of the city. Even lovely Westchester has them. Whenever there is a building boom, they are the first things to be erected by pecunious landlords and investors, who want the most money from the least outlay. One seldom sees this type of building put up by the person who expects to live in it.

At nearly the same cost a roof of the old New Amsterdam type, (a sloping roof with "chimney sweep's steps,") or a sloping roof with dormer windows like those of Nuremberg, could be made, and how much cooler it would be, too, for the upper floor, and a convenient attic for storing.

If people have such poor taste, or are so miserly they should not be permitted by the building laws, to carry out their plans. There should be some protection against the other class of property owners, and their losing money by the depreciation of their property. How many people are forced to move out of an old neighborhood, selling their homes at a sacrifice? D. D.

New York, Aug. 10, 1909.

Americans Appreciate England.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Britisher's" letter was read with considerable interest by men in to-day's edition of your paper, and I echo his praise of Miss Rose Stahl with emphasis. Truly she seems to have discovered the secret whereby a "more just" estimate of the British people may be had. But, on the other hand, "those cravens" who insult our flag must not be judged as "Americans." Real Americans go to England only to return with the knowledge that it is a land where freedom, justice, and high civility find their home. Would we expect the whole of Great Britain to be judged by either a "native" of Whitechapel or some alien with no knowledge of us? Certainly not! Then why judge America by the trash who find it sport to display their base ignorance by abusing and insulting the emblem of the greatest empire of to-day?

I, too, take off my hat to Miss Stahl and thank her for helping to bring the leaders of the world's progress a little closer, as they should be! H. M. C.

New York, Aug. 10, 1909.

QUEER SHIFT IN DEATH RATE.

Infant Mortality in Brooklyn Decreases, but Jumps 39% in Manhattan.

According to the death rates on infant mortality, compiled by the Bureau of Municipal Research, 261 Broadway, a peculiar condition of affairs has arisen in the last two weeks in Manhattan and Brooklyn. Whereas, up to the week ended July 31 the death rate of infants under two years for the Summer in Brooklyn had been higher than in Manhattan, during the week ended August 7 the death rate in Brooklyn decreased 22 per cent., while that in Manhattan showed an increase of 39 per cent. over the previous week.

The reason for this cannot be explained by the bureau, but it says that the conditions in Ward 19, which extends from Fortieth Street to Eighty-sixth Street, in this borough, and includes the territory east of Fifth Avenue down to Fifty-ninth Street, and thence down Sixth Avenue to Fortieth Street, should be investigated. In this ward the death rate of infants under two years jumped last week from twenty-five to forty-eight. This increase is more than should be expected from the hot weather, although as yet no other cause has been found.

In New York for the week ended July 31 the deaths from summer complaint cases, which cause the greatest mortality among children, was 129, while in Brooklyn it was 137. For the week ended August 7 the death rate for the same cause in Manhattan was 180, and in Brooklyn it was 112.

The activity of the Health Department in regard to infant mortality is producing good results, however, as is shown by the figures for July for three years.

	1907.	1908.	1909.
Deaths from diarrheal diseases, under 2 years	1,722	1,755	1,144
Deaths from all diseases, under 2 years	3,206	3,204	2,419
Deaths from diarrheal diseases, under 5 years	1,803	1,799	1,185
Deaths from all diseases, under 5 years	3,675	3,383	2,768

ZOO HAS "BLACK MYSTERY."

He Is Some Kind of a Bear Cub, Apparently, but Can't Be Classified.

The "Black Mystery" got out of his cage yesterday afternoon at the Bronx Zoo, and from 3:30 until 4 o'clock added notably to the interest Director Hornaday and the other animal experts at the Zoo, usually take in him. He was caught under a bag finally, going back to his cage as much a mystery as ever.

About three months ago the captain of a sailing vessel from South America telephoned that he had a bear cub which he had tired of and would sell for $5. Mr. Hornaday sent down an agent, who reported that the captain's bear was only a common South American black bear.

The captain then sold the cub to Bostock and about three weeks ago an animal expert wrote an enthusiastic letter to Director Hornaday telling him that Bostock had the strangest sort of a cub he had ever seen; he had been unable to classify the young bear. Mr. Hornaday investigated, decided that here was a rare and valuable specimen of a bear, and, after some little dickering, bought him, the price being several hundred dollars.

The Black Mystery, as he is now called, has been at the Zoo now about five days. Experts from the Museum of Natural History cannot classify him; he is a constant and delightful problem to the bear students of the city. He is black in color, has white rings around his eyes, which give him a wise and learned expression, has a long aristocratic nose; and differs in other details from the ordinary South American black bear cub.

It was while he was being studied yesterday that the Black Mystery got out and showed that in general shuffling activity he is like all bears.

PLACE FOR REFORM.

A General Interest in the Caucus Is Needed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It has long ago been admited that, except as to Federal concerns, the American Government is not, after all, a Government of the people, for the people, and by the people. But now worse is to be confessed: The American people have decided they will not govern, as to their provincial and municipal affairs, that affect more directly their comfort, economy, decency. In our abandoned materialism—our mad pursuit of money and luxury—we prefer to leave local administration and politics to self-seeking and wholly selfish professional proxies, with the results as defined by our annual costly and futile spasms of reform, which are like the Chinese burning down a barn when they want a roast pig. The very crux of a democratic government is in the party caucus. The politicians know that and they make the most of it while the self-maintaining people are absent. If the people would do exactly what the politicians do they could rule, with all the disinterestedness and public spirit of the people who seek neither office nor jobs. It is a simple and frugal matter. But the people see that a democratic form of government means social leveling, mixing, at the only American forum, the caucus, which is the fountain spring of all that is good and evil. This is not an academic conjecture; it is the "dirty concrete." It is the practice of a natural evolution, the caucus, primary, and convention. The only way for a democracy to rule is by one of two great parties that nature divides all peoples into. The party must have representatives, as the people have representatives in making laws. Reform must be within the party. What kind of a government would we have, or would we have had, with such a costly turmoil every year as our present fusion venture, with its probable waste of time, money, and energy, to say nothing of the acerb feelings engendered? When shall we get down to a serene and safe system? Not until all the people go to the initiatives of political duty.

WILLIAM HEMSTREET.

Brooklyn, Aug. 10, 1909.

When Religion Disturbs Business.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was surprised to read that the merchants of Muncie, Ill., have protested against the visit of Mr. "Billy" Sunday, because "they do not want any undue excitement to disturb the course of business."

It has always been thus. The people "besought Christ many times to depart from their coasts."

Evidently they wanted the coast clear for business. John the Baptist found apathy everywhere, but with his "leathern girdle" and "voice" of persuasion he soon had a large following. Paul and his associates were accused of "turning the world upside down." But I think it did the world good. It does the world good to be stirred in the right way and for the right object. Whitefield must have disturbed business more or less, as thousands flocked to the fields to hear his wonderful eloquence.

If "Billy" Sunday can stir the people on the divine theme of the Gospel I should like to hear him. No doubt others would.

O. W. WEBSTER.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1909.

WORK! WORK! WORK!

Work! Work! Work!
'Tis the song that the nations sing!
The wheel and the spoke and the tiresome yoke,
The dusts that clog and the dusts that choke,
And the sparks as they upward spring.

Work! Work! Work!
'Tis the song that the mighty sing!
The brow that wets with the daily sweats,
The back well bent to life's goad of debts,
And the groan as the hammers swing.

Work! Work! Work!
'Tis the song that the conqueror sings!
The strength and the force of the heart-deep source
That marks progression's untiring course
And heaps life's rare harvestings!

LURANA W. SHELDON.

"MUSICAL GHOSTS" PAD CITY PAYROLL

Park Commissioner Receives Complaints That Some Band Members Are Dummies.

HE SAYS IT'S NOT SO

But Admits a Predominance Occasionally of Alto Horns, Which Any Bandman Can Play.

Suppose you are a taxpayer with a musical soul and you go to the Park of a Sunday to hear a band play through a two hours' programme, and when the leader reaches the number marked "Kaisermarsch," you hear Wagner's music played with an emphasis on the alto horns. Looking about you, you see that there are eight alto horns playing, instead of the four which the score calls for. But where are the two trombones? Where are the clarinets? There are none.

Suppose, on another Sunday you go to another park and arrive at the moment when the band has lightly tripped into the Muzetta waltz from "La Bohème" and you recognize the flute player as your barber, whom you know cannot twist a scale out of a mouth organ. You also realize that no notes are coming out of the flute. It is dumb.

Some such supersensitive musical soul has been responsible for the discovery of these musical ghosts, who play not, but who seem to draw pay, and there has been an attempt at musical muckraking. Letters are being received by the Park Commissioner suggesting that the score of the Weber-Weingartner "Invitation to the Waltz" only calls for two alto horns, and that John Smith, whose ordinary business is selling groceries somewhere in the Bronx, is no fit person to be intrusted with a piccolo.

"Musical ghosts" they are called. They seem to be playing, they go through the motions, but not a sound is heard, not a single note, although there is a record of some man or other, whose part only called for B flat to be played at five-minute intervals, succeeding in getting through with flying colors. His instrument was a B flat cornet, and if he did play five times in the wrong places he invariably struck the right place also.

Commissioner Henry Smith has been looking into the matter, and he has suggested to the Musical Union that that body should likewise get busy to protect itself against possible slander.

"Musical ghosts just now are an impossibility," said the Commissioner yesterday. "Usually we allow eighteen instruments to band conductors. On some occasions we allow twenty-two. Every instrument and every man has to be accounted for to me before he is paid. No one who couldn't play could possibly appear without my finding it out. Musical ghost stories are out of date.

"However, the predominance of alto horns is a matter which I am watching very carefully just now. It is a well-known fact that almost every musician in a band can play an alto horn. Now musical scores never call for more than four of these instruments, consequently, when two or more are insinuated I have a right to get suspicious. Sometimes I think that first cornetists in certain bands have played alto horns in other bands so that they could be more constantly on the job, this not to the loss of the city, as only a certain number of instruments are allowed anyway, but more or less a loss to the people who hear the music, as four alto horns are as good as six, especially when the addition of the extra two means the deprivation of a clarinet or a flute.

"I have asked the Musicians' Union to co-operate with me on these matters, and it has agreed to do so. I should think it would be a matter of pride with the union to have these bands as perfect as possible."

Almost all the prominent New York bands play in the parks in the Summer, but the official list is not published for obvious reasons. This Summer the Commissioner has tried the experiment—common in European gardens—of an orchestra, and has engaged Nahan Franko and his men for that purpose.

Nahan Franko was very frank in expressing his belief that "musical ghosts" existed in the park bands.

"There seems to be no doubt," he said, "that band leaders are appointed who have no knowledge of music simply because they happen to please some ward boss or other, and when three or four of these men form a combination so that when they are not conducting they are playing in each other's band when they should be selling shoes or something else to that effect the result is something awful.

"It isn't the Park Commissioner's fault. He is a man who is trying to give the city the best music in the world, and he is being thwarted at every turn by men in other offices. The Controller, for instance, holds up the men's salaries for several months after they are due.

"As for myself, I am done with the parks. I have played in Central Park now for four years at a great loss to myself. I receive no more for my services than any other band leader, nor do my men, in spite of the fact that we are giving regular concert programmes. Until this season I have been obliged even to pay the transportation charges for my harps and basses. This year Commissioner Smith, who does everything he can to make matters better, succeeded in getting the money from the city to pay these expenses. But when I give an exclusively Wagner programme and need six extra men I must pay for them myself. There has not been a concert on which I have lost less than $5.

"Some of the bands, which are made up of the various leaders, seem to be composed entirely of altos and bass drums. The Commissioner is doing his best to better the situation, and I hope he will succeed."

HOSPITAL WAR AT AN END.

Miss Frost, Supt. Bidmead's Last Opponent, Quits Yonkers Institution.

As a result of the differences which for three months have obtained in St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, Miss Harriet Frost, the Assistant Superintendent, resigned yesterday. The dissensions began last Spring, when Miss A. E. Bidmead, formerly of the Smith Infirmary, Staten Island, was selected by the Trustees as Superintendent to succeed Miss J. E. Moore, who had resigned on account of ill-health.

Miss Bidmead enforced the hospital rules so rigidly that the nurses became dissatisfied. On the ground that they had left the hospital together without obtaining her consent, Miss Bidmead caused the dismissal of Drs. A. Hagan and F. X. Lennon, the house physicians. All the nurses signed a petition to have the doctors reinstated.

This Miss Bidmead opposed, and for a week there was turmoil in the hospital, occasioned by a threatened strike on the part of the nurses. Several nurses found it advisable to resign. Soon after Dr. Samuel Ezekiel also resigned.

With Miss Frost's resignation the last member of the staff holding responsible positions when Miss Bidmead became Superintendent has quit. Miss Frost was connected with the hospital five years. She sought the Superintendency at the time Miss Bidmead got the place.

LAWN THEATRICALS BY SOCIETY FOLK

Philip Randolph, Jr.'s, Entertainment at Point Judith Country Club Is a Success.

SUPPER AND DANCE FOLLOW

Elsie Janis Leads Chorus of Society Girls in Songs—Large Applause for a "Reuben" Number.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 11.—At the Point Judith Country Club to-night Philip Randolph, Jr., of Philadelphia gave a brilliant theatrical entertainment on the lawn, followed by supper and dancing in the clubhouse ballroom. A rustic stage was erected on the lawn, with a picturesque background of pine trees, illuminated with vari-colored electric lights. The stage faced the clubhouse and the audience, composed of nearly all the cottagers at the Pier, assembled on the lawn and the piazza of the clubhouse.

The entertainment opened with the "Hello, People" song from "Havana," led by Miss Elsie Janis and accompanied by a chorus of girls from the cottage colony. Those in the chorus were the Misses Dorothy Randolph, Hannah Randolph, Emily Randolph, Marjorie Chase, and Marguerite Prescott. This was followed by a "Reuben" song and chorus, which was also led by Miss Janis, who essayed the rôle of a boy, accompanied by a chorus of villagers, the girls wearing blue overalls and big straw hats. Among the farmers were Philip Randolph, Jr., Wister and Emlen Randolph, Warner Jones, Wharton Porter, and Scudder Mersman. This number was loudly applauded.

A song and dance specialty by Dorothy Randolph and Warner Jones followed, and in the final number all of the young cottagers participated. Topical songs with "take-offs" on well-known cottagers, by the young people, concluded the show. The stage was supervised by P. S. P. Randolph and Mrs. Josephine Janis.

Among those who attended the performance were Mrs. Joseph S. Ullman and David M. Corey, who came over by motor from Watch Hill; Dr. Joseph Leidy, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Manice, William C. Marrow, the Rev. and Mrs. P. M. Prescott, Mrs. R. G. Dun, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Kane, Mrs. John Poor, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Murchison, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Hitchcock, Miss Olivia Hitchcock, Miss Agnes Lane, Miss Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Shirley Carter, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Mersman, Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. Irving H. Chase, Mrs. Saunders P. Jones, the Misses Beatrice and Gertrude De Coppet, the Misses Mina and Fanny Ballard of Louisville, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Conner, P. S. P. Randolph, John Welsh, Miss Sarah Welsh, Mrs. Alfred E. Norris, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Alexander, and Earl Alexander.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish and Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer came over from Newport today in touring cars for luncheon at the Casino and the polo tournament. They were accompanied by Henry Symes Lehr, Miss Robinson, and Key Daingerfield. Mr. and Mrs. Dyer entertained the party at luncheon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Coogan, Jr., also motored over for luncheon at the Casino and the polo.

Others here for the day were Mr. and Mrs. Andrew C. Dulles, Mr. and Mrs. Ettore Fontana, and William C. Dulles, who came over from Newport.

MARRIED UNDER A TREE.

Miss Case, Daughter of C. L. Case, Weds A. C. Edwards.

Special to The New York Times.

PARIS HILL, Me., Aug. 11.—Miss Clara Cary Case, the eldest daughter of Charles L. Case, Manager for the United States of the London Assurance Corporation, was married to Arthur Cecil Edwards of Constantinople on Monday, at Old Red House, the home of Mr. Case. About twelve hundred invitations were issued and a large company of relatives and friends saw the ceremony performed on the lawn under a low-branching mulberry tree.

The marriage was performed by the Rev. Dr. John P. Peters, rector of St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal Church, in New York, assisted by the Rev. Dr. George Washburn, for many years President of Robert College, Constantinople. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Case, as maid of honor, and her sister, Miss Adelaide Case, and Miss Vivian Edwards, sister of the groom, as bridesmaids. Her only other attendant was her three-year-old niece, Miss Gertrude Case, who was flower girl. The bridegroom was attended by Morris Carter of Boston.

After the ceremony the bride received the guests in the orchard, where a wedding breakfast was served.

The bride is a graduate of Bryn Mawr College. Mr. and Mrs. Edwards will sail for Italy for their honeymoon, before proceeding to their home at Roumeli Hissar, on the Bosphorus, near Constantinople, where Mr. Edwards is in business.

MISS M. D. CORNELL WEDS.

Daughter of Late Governor Marries Son of Dutch Nobleman.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Miss Marguerite Dorothea Cornell, daughter of Mrs. Alonzo B. Cornell, widow of the late ex-Gov. Cornell, was married to-day to Arnoud Jacob Joris Van der Does-De-Bye, son of a Dutch nobleman, in the presence of friends and classmates of the bridegroom at Cornell. The ceremony was performed under a canopy of American and Dutch flags. Prof. Frederick Lieder of Harvard was best man.

The couple met while the bridegroom was a student at Cornell, from which he graduated in the class of 1908. He was prominent in musical circles, and played soccer football. He is now head of the locomotive testing department of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad.

NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—Arrangements for the third annual ball for the tennis players taking part in the tournament at the Newport Casino have been completed for Aug. 20 in the Casino ballroom. Every one in the cottage colony is interested in the ball, which is a subscription affair. The patronesses will be Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore, Mrs. Edwin D. Morgan, Mrs. Barger Wallach, Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, and Mrs. Richard Stevens. The committee of gentlemen in charge of the affair will be made up of Willing Spencer, Austen Gray, Robert W. Goelet, Henry A. C. Taylor, Elisha Dyer, J. R. Barton Willing, and Egerton L. Winthrop. Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will give a large dinner party on the same evening, and will take their guests to the ball after the party is over.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt will give a fancy dress ball at Sandy Point Farm on the evening of Aug. 27. The guests will dance in the large room and about the show ring. Many of those who have received cards are having fancy dress gowns and costumes made for the affair, which includes a dinner and cotillion. The training ring will be beautifully decorated and illuminated for the occasion.

On the evening of Aug. 19 Mr. and Mrs. Peter D. Martin will entertain a company with supper and with a dance following for Miss Blanche Oelrichs, a sister of Mrs. Martin.

A roller-skating fancy dress ball is being arranged for the benefit of the Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association by the naval officers and their families at the Naval Training Station. This affair will be given in the barracks during September just before or after the Newport horse show.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor entertained a dinner company this evening for Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sloane of Lenox, who are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly.

Dinners were given to-day by Mrs. William F. Patten, J. R. Barton Willing, and Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings.

Mrs. James L. Kernochan entertained a large luncheon party at Seaview during the afternoon.

James T. Woodward left to-day for New York.

Among those registered at the Casino to-day were Lawrence Waterbury, Key Daingerfield, Mrs. Francis C. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Gates, Mrs. Robert Day, Mrs. W. S. Miller, Mrs. William D. Sloane, Miss Grace Bigelow, Miss Charlotte Harding, H. A. Curtiss, Devereux Milburn, Miss Brayton, Mr. and Mrs. Sperry, and Miss Sperry.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel have issued cards for a dinner company for Aug. 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones have cards out for a dinner company for Saturday evening, after which they will take their guests to the dance of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Berwind.

Mrs. Barger Wallach will give a dinner at Berger's Bellevue Lodge on the evening of Aug. 14 for her daughter, Miss Jennie Wallach.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton of New York are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Mitchell Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Soule, who have been the guests of Gen. and Mrs. J. F. Pierson, left to-day for Stamford, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel entertained a dinner company to-night.

Miss Alice Anderton, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Newton Adams, left to-day for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard N. Potter left for Westchester to-day.

Miss M. M. Smith of Baltimore is visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Hutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry are visiting Commodore and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry.

Dudley G. Gautier of New York is the guest of Lispenard Stewart.

Senator George Peabody Wetmore arrived from Washington to-night, joining his family for the Summer season.

Miss Ellis of New York is visiting Miss Mary Appleton.

Capt. and Mrs. William F. Fullam have issued cards for a dinner company at the Naval Training Station to-morrow evening.

BAR HARBOR SOCIETY.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 11.—The largest crowd of the Summer attended the weekly hop given in the palm room of the Malvern. A large number of dinners were given prior to the hop, Mrs. Frank B. Keech of New York entertaining thirty and Mrs. John R. Suydam having twenty-five at her table. Others entertaining were Mrs. John Jay White, Mrs. John Seymour Thacher, Mrs. Henry S. Lake, and Mrs. Warren E. Dennis.

The Adamowski trio gave a musicale at the residence of Mrs. Edward Brandegee this Wednesday. There was a notable gathering of society leaders, and the programme was a varied one.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt are to come from Newport this week for the flower show and the horse show.

Mrs. Charles E. Pellew entertained at luncheon on Tuesday at her cottage on Roberts Avenue.

Mrs. Dudley Olcott entertained at dinner at the Malvern on Tuesday night, her guests including Miss Delafield, Miss Lillian Endicott, Miss Davis, Miss C. R. Porter, Miss Frith, Mrs. J. Biddle Porter, and Mrs. R. B. Minis.

Mrs. Constance Knower entertained on Tuesday night at dinner, the guests including Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Keech, Mrs. Breese, Miss Mae Conover, Miss Gurnee, Clement B. Newbold, Thomas Ridgway, George A. Widener, and Mr. Lansdale.

A. S. Webb, Jr., of New York entertained at dinner on Tuesday night.

The guests included Miss Suydam, the Misses Steward, Mrs. Wyckoff, R. S. Potter, Curtis Moffatt, S. Wainwright, Jr., and M. Taylor Pyne, Jr.

Mrs. George Lee Thompson of Philadelphia has purchased the Breeze, the Peabody estate on West Street at present occupied by Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran.

MANY HOME FROM EUROPE.

Outgoing Steamships Carry Throngs to Vacations Abroad, However.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to sail on them are:

TOURAINE (Havre)—Frederick I. Allen, C. L. Burillet, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Deutsch, Edmund Francis, Mrs. E. F. Harrison, Dr. L. H. Landry, Arthur F. Luke, George Moreau, Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Newcombe, Count de la Valette, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Redway, and Mrs. A. Weissenthanner.

BREMEN (Bremen)—Miss Anna Barlets, Dr. W. W. Glenn, Dr. and Mrs. W. O. Henry, Mrs. M. E. Holzhausen, Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Spitzley, and Mrs. Marie Warnken.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

CARMANIA. (Liverpool)—E. R. Alexander, J. Murray Allison, Dr. and Mrs. S. C. Andrus, the Right Rev. Mgr. J. T. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Bayley, Edmund L. Bayliss, Mr. and Mrs. Willard S. Brown, Mme. del Castillo, William Fenton Chauncey, Miss Jean E. Heres-Smyth, Lady Sopby M. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore L. Lutkins, the Right Rev. C. E. McDonnell, Mrs. C. D. Middlebrook, James J. Newman, Sir Frederick Pollock, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dunlop Smith, Lady Mary D. Sylvester, and Mrs. Theodore C. Taylor.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Mark Ash, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Abraham, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Blodgett, Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Dittrich, Mr. and Mrs. William Grant James, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Marks, Mr. and Mrs. George Bacon Price, Prof. Amalia Schlegel, Otto Protzen, Miss Ethel Templeton, J. Hefford Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Wilhelm Uhlig, and Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Wader.

Social Notes.

Miss Margaret Roosevelt is the guest of Mrs. J. Stanley Reeve in Philadelphia.

Frank Mackay, who, with Mrs. Mackay, has lived in England for some years, will return to this country next Winter to play polo, he being a veteran of that sport.

Mrs. José Aymar gave the third weekly tea at the Murray Bay Golf Club. Gen. Robert Shaw Oliver and Mrs. Oliver were among the guests.

Miss Helen Miller Gould is at Roxbury, her Summer home, in the Catskill Mountains, to remain until early in September.

Mrs. Lincoln McCormack and Miss Madge McCormack have left Irvington for Lenox, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Sanderson will spend August and September in the Adirondack Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Walker and their family have left for Siasconset, Mass., to remain until the Autumn.

Miss Kathryn Clanson, who has been touring the Berkshires with a party of friends in their automobile, will spend the rest of the Summer at Sea Girt, N. J.

Dr. and Mrs. Francis Le Roy Satterlee of 6 West Fifty-sixth Street have gone to Saratoga Springs, N. Y., for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Benjamin have been spending the past week in the Yellowstone National Park and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Black and family of Ardsley-on-Hudson are spending the month of August at Loon Lake, N. Y.

Borglum to Make a Bust of Taft.

It was learned yesterday that Gutzon Borglum, the sculptor, has received a commission to make a bust of President Taft. Mr. Borglum will return from a Western trip within a day or two and it is understood that he will go to Beverly to execute the commission this Summer.

If you want a desirable Furnished Room, see Page 15.

WOMEN TO PLAY AT STATESMANSHIP

Newly Formed Good Government Club to be a Miniature United States.

ITS PURPOSE EDUCATIONAL

Cabinet Officers, Senators, and Representatives, in Silks and Laces, Will Do as Real Congressmen Do.

Nearest approaching ideal plans for femininity of Government control, of which anti-suffragists are constantly warning, is the organization of the Good Government Club, the proposed work of which was made known yesterday. With a full-fledged Cabinet, a perfect working Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court, officers of the army and navy, and heads for other departmental Government business, this extraordinary club will go into session for a trial term early this Fall.

Its mission, as announced, is purely to educate the feminine mind concerning affairs of State.

"However," said an enthusiastic member, "we cannot say yet to what lengths we may go before the season is over. Our study and investigation may eventually lead to some line of active reform work."

The chief object of the club is to make a thorough study of the various forms of Government since the world began, and the many evils that assail them. Trust busting, threatened monopoly of the dressmaking business by a rapidly increasing number of men, ownership of millinery emporiums and beauty parlors from the same threatened quarter, and the tariff, affecting all articles of womanly interest from hairpins to shoes, will be carefully looked into and considered during the progress of the club work.

Mrs. Belle de Rivera, President of the City Federation of Women's Clubs, has been chosen by the members of the new club to head the Good Government organization. The members of the new club will include many of the most prominent club women, who, while not all avowed suffragists, favor the ballot with sufficient interest to desire to use it with post-graduate intelligence. Incidentally, the organizers say, the work of the new organization will effectually dispose of the old-time charge against universal suffrage, that women do not understand the workings of National, State, and municipal political machinery.

The scope of the club's work will be as broad as the constitution of a democratic government can make it, after which model the new clubs will be fashioned. The House and Senate will include a full quota of membership, comprising Republicans, Democrats, members of the Socialist, Prohibition, Populist, and any other party that may for reasons of the widest study purposes be desirable to include. Also there will be a Speaker of the House of Representatives. As this is regarded by the organizers of the club as the most important office to be filled from the point of parliamentary experience, the appointment will be delayed until the choice can be made from a selected few whom the members now have in mind.

The idea of the club originated with Mrs. A. S. Wilson of 651 West 179th Street and Mrs. J. L. Rood, both well known in important women's club work in the city.

The club will differ in one particular from many other women's organizations, in that it will give every member some work to do. In fact, membership in the new club means active participation in studying the problems of Government as they will be worked out by the new society.

During the session of this feminine congress from time to time it is planned to have eminent statesmen who sit in the real Congress at Washington address the members from the floor of the house. The National capital of the new congress has not been decided upon, but it will meet in one of the largest halls to be had, owing to the big membership.

Among well-known women who will be actively identified with the new congress are Sarah Dickinson Lewis, Mrs. Augustine Wilson, Mrs. Gerard Barker, Mrs. Lillie Wright Hester, and Mrs. Joan Crosby, now President of the Women's Democratic Club.

RICHARD GOLDEN'S FUNERAL.

Friends of Actor Crowd Church of Transfiguration at Public Services.

Public funeral services for Richard Golden, the actor, took place in the Church of the Transfiguration yesterday afternoon. Many men and women of the stage paid their last respects to the dead actor. At the conclusion of the services the body was placed in the corridor of the church and more than two hundred persons of those at the services filed by the casket.

Mrs. Katherine Golden, the widow, fainted as she was leaving the church, and although she quickly recovered, she had to be assisted to a carriage by two members of the Lambs' Club, Walter W. Price and Robert Mackey.

The Rev. Dr. George Clarke Houghton, the rector, officiated at the services. The actor's remains were taken to the Grand Central Station last night from the church and placed in a special car to be conveyed to Bangor, Me., where the interment will take place to-day near his birthplace, Bucksport, Me.

The pallbearers were Clay M. Green, Joseph W. Herbert, Frank Belcher, Charles Lane, William Muldoon, and W. H. Thompson. Delegations were present from organizations of which Mr. Golden was a member, including the Players' and Lambs' Clubs and Munn Lodge of Masons.

From the Lambs were Van Rensselaer Wheeler, A. A. McDonald, J. J. Jansen, Eddie Foy, Spader Johnson, W. W. Jefferson, Charles J. Ross, Hall McAllister, Joseph E. Brennan, Samuel Reed, Alfred Hickman, E. E. Rice, George Bowles, John E. Kellerd, Andrew Mack, Percy Standing, George K. Fortescue, and George F. Marion.

Credit Due to John R. Kendrick.

In THE TIMES of Monday, the admirable article on "Conditions in the Carpet Trade" should have been attributed to John R. Kendrick, President of the American Carpet and Upholstery Journal Company. Through a typographical error, the journal was represented as The American Upholstery Journal.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Holbrook Blinn has been released by Charles Frohman from his engagement to appear in "Israel," and has been re-engaged by Harrison Grey Fiske to continue as Jim Platt, which he originated, in "Salvation Nell" during Mrs. Fiske's forthcoming tour.

Percy G. Williams announces that the opening date of the Alhambra Theatre is Aug. 23, and his headliner will be Julius Steger in his dramatic playlet entitled "A Way to the Heart."

Nell, who until now has been known as Mabel Taliaferro on the stage, and Mrs. Frederic Thompson in private life, will celebrate her five thousandth stage performance on Nov. 5, during the first week of her appearance in New York in her new play, "Springtime," by Booth Tarkington and Harry Loon Wilson. The reason for the change in name is withheld for the time being by the actress, who in the future will be known simply as Nell.

William Faversham has purchased the rights to the new play that Stephen Phillips, the English poet and author of "Herod," has just completed. The theme of the play has not been made known, but it is understood that the story has been laid in modern time.

Rehearsals were called yesterday by Mrs. Leslie Carter for her new play, "Vesta Herne," by Edward Peple, author of "The Prince Chap." This will be the first modern play Mrs. Carter has been seen in for years, and the first she has produced as an actress-manager.

The final dress rehearsal of Henry W. Savage's latest musical production, "The Love Cure," will be held on Sunday afternoon at the New Amsterdam Theatre. This will be preliminary to the first public presentation, scheduled for Tuesday evening at the Lyceum Theatre, Rochester.

Eva Fallon, the comedienne who scored in "A Yankee Tourist" and last season in the prima donna role of "The Three Twins," has been engaged by Henry W. Savage for his forthcoming production of "The Love Cure."

COLER WOULDN'T TAKE STOCK

Inquiry Witness, a Building Inspector, Couldn't Get Him in Tower Co.

David F. Moore, the former Superintendent of Buildings in Brooklyn, recently removed, was the principal witness at the Coler investigation before the Commissioners of Accounts yesterday. He declared that he had increased the salaries of certain employes of his bureau, though knowing that they were no more competent than men receiving a lower wage. The case of Inspector Langan was brought up by Commissioner Mitchel.

"I demurred to increasing his salary," said the witness, "and the Borough President said to me, 'Why do you object to an increase for him? He's a good friend of yours.' I replied that I did not believe friendship should enter into such matters. The increase was provided for in the next budget, however."

While Moore testified Assistant Superintendent Anderson was asked to leave the room.

John Cassidy, transit expert of the Bureau of Highways, was the next witness. He was a very reluctant witness and refused to answer several questions.

"You answer me or I will report you to the Supreme Court," snapped Mr. Mitchel.

"I don't care if you do," replied the witness.

"You evidently do not understand that if you refuse to answer these questions you can be committed to Ludlow Street Jail for contempt of court," continued the Commissioner, shaking his finger at Cassidy.

The witness refused to answer, however, declaring that he should have an opportunity to consult with counsel. He was excused then, and Edwin J. Quinn, Superintendent of Construction for the Friede Globe Tower Company, was called. He told of Inspector Lagan's interest in the company and its successor, and said that while he was the "moving spirit" in the concern, as far as he knew he had held no stock in it. Langan himself was called to the stand and declared that he had told President Coler of his interest in the enterprise.

"He told me," said he, "'that as I would have to pass upon nothing connected with the tower he could see no reason why I should not invest money in the enterprise."

"How much of the stock did you hold?" he was asked.

"I can't recall exactly. I got a number of my relatives interested in the company, and they won't speak to me now on account of it. I loaned the company $15,000, and that's still on the books."

Langan said that with his relatives he had probably put between $3,500 to $3,600 into the company. He said that he had asked Mr. Coler to take some of the stock, but that he had replied: "None for mine."

FIVE SAVED BY MOTORBOAT.

Swift Craft Quickly Alongside Party Clinging to Swamped Catboat.

Policeman Charles B. Brower of Glendale, L. I., yesterday rescued a girl and four young men after their catboat had capsized in Jamaica Bay.

Brower was out in a motor boat when he saw the catboat upset, and ran alongside the overturned craft and took aboard those who clung to its keel. Those he rescued were Frank Selig, 21, and Charles Selig, 17, owners of the catboat, who live at 421 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn; Miss Louise Nicardi, 17, of 938 Blake Avenue; John Lead, 20, of 498 Jerome Avenue, and Frank Roebuck, 19, of 574 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

They were out sailing when a gale sprung up, and before they could make the Canarsie shore the catboat, careening before the wind, shipped barrels of water. The young men took turns at bailing, but finally a heavy blast sent the boat over.

Brower was then about a mile away. He put on full power, although fearful for his own craft, and was soon alongside. Miss Nicardi was first taken into the motor boat. Then, one after the other, the four young men were helped into Brower's boat, which barely escaped being swamped as it turned for the run to shore.

LEGISLATURE TO SEE PLAY.

Speaker Banks Invites Connecticut Assembly to Attend 'The Dollar Mark.'

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 11.—Judge Elmore E. Banks, Speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives, to-day, from the Speaker's chair, in the State House, invited the members of the General Assembly, which is still in session, to be his guests at the performance of "The Dollar Mark," when that play is produced here next week, prior to its appearance at Wallack's Theatre, in New York.

Judge Banks said that he understood the playwright had written a drama which dealt with State and National affairs as vigorously as his former play, "The Man of the Hour," handled local conditions, and for that reason he wanted the Connecticut lawmakers to see this production, which he believed would teach a lesson.

Record Traffic on Brooklyn Bridge.

The Bridge Department issued a statement yesterday on the traffic across the Brooklyn Bridge, showing that the average number of cars operated during the 5 to 6 P. M. rush hour in July was the largest monthly average ever known in the history of the bridge. The average number of cars run across the bridge between 5 and 6 P. M. in July, 1908, was 293; this year the figure was 320. The vehicle traffic increased 38 per cent. over July, 1907, or from 90,581 teams to 124,823.

Gustav Larmann Wilmerding.

Gustave Larmann Wilmerding, cashier of the Night and Day Bank, Forty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, died suddenly on Monday of hemorrhage of the brain at Block Island. Mr. Wilmerding left on Friday on his vacation apparently in the best of health and spirits. He became ill on Sunday, and died the next afternoon. He was the youngest son of the late Charles H. Wilmerding, and a grandson of Henry Wilmerding. He was born in Hartford, and was educated at St. Paul's School, Concord. For some years he was connected with the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. and with the Morton Trust Company. On the formation of the Night and Day Bank he was appointed night manager, and had for the last eighteen months been cashier. He was 41 years old, and is survived by his widow. His home was at 507 West 142d Street, and he was a member of the Union and Calumet Clubs.

TO RID ELLIS ISLAND OF BOGUS CHARITIES

Commissioner Williams Determined to Reform the Immigrant Aid Societies.

HOMES USED TO LURE GIRLS

Congressional Investigators Find the Practice Goes On Openly—Heads of Accused Charities Deny Charges.

"I intend to investigate every missionary home or other organization which receives newly arrived aliens and find out whether such places are run for charity or for gain. Before I am through I shall have corrected every such abuse and be in a position to report to the Department at Washington that such homes and agencies are run on humanitarian and charitable grounds."

This declaration of Immigration Commissioner Williams was made yesterday to Pastor Axel B. Lilja of the Swedish Lutheran Immigration Home, 5 Water Street. The Rev. Mr. Lilja, whose home, together with St. Joseph's Home, for the protection of Polish immigrants, 117 Broad Street, was barred by Commissioner Williams from the privileges of Ellis Island, was one of the first callers upon the Commissioner when he arrived at his office at the Immigration Station early yesterday morning.

The most serious charge made yesterday was by Congressman Bennet, who is a member of the commission appointed by Congress to look into immigration affairs here and in other parts of the country. For months this commission has been investigating affairs, and it is said that the report will be a very startling one.

Congressman Bennet said yesterday at his office, 60 Wall Street, that many women agents for disorderly houses had been in the habit of obtaining women to work in such houses from some of the so-called immigrant homes. He said that these women go openly to certain immigrant homes and obtain girls, making no secret to the managers as to the character of the places in which the girls are wanted to serve. Women detectives posing as agents for such houses have had no trouble in getting girls, and in all cases, said Mr. Bennet, the girls had no idea of the character of the places to which they were to go.

Mr. Bennet was careful to exclude the Italian Home and the Clara de Hirsch Home from any blame, as they have been found to be conducted properly. He said, however, that in about 75 per cent. of the so-called immigrant homes investigated these conditions existed.

Another phase of the case which has been discovered by both the Commission and the Immigration Commissioner is that hundreds of girls after leaving the immigrant homes have dropped completely out of sight.

The Rev. Father Joseph L'Etauche, assistant pastor of St. Joseph's Home, is indignant over the barring of the home's agent from Ellis Island and the making public of the charges by the Commissioner. He has written a letter to Commissioner Williams, in which he takes that official to task for not giving the home a hearing before finding it guilty.

"Your unjust and arbitrary decision, based on old charges by irresponsible persons, is false," says his letter. Then he continues to deny that the home is run for gain, that it asks $2 of persons seeking to employ immigrants at the home, that the employes are intoxicated, or that a rubber hose is used to beat immigrants.

"It is not strange," says Father L'Etauche's letter, "that some of the men who go to bring the immigrants from the ferry at the Barge Office to the home have to carry some weapons for protection when one considers that the gateway to the ferry swarms with human sharks who try to 'cut out' some of those in our care and rob them. More than once our men have had to resort to force to bring their charges through in safety."

Father L'Etauche also declares that the charge of Anthony Jankowski, that he had deposited $60 with the home and could not get his money returned, was inspired by an outsider. He said the truth of the story was that the man had given his money to the care of one of the agents who had turned it over to Father Leo, the pastor, who is now abroad. The man applied for his money and the agent asked him to wait a few weeks until the return of Father Leo. The man, he said, was satisfied to wait and wanted to deposit $50 more, which was refused. Then some one told him to go to Ellis Island. At the home yesterday the record of deposit was on exhibition.

The Rev. Axel B. Lilja, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran Home, has requested that a meeting of the Trustees be called at once to consider the charges made against the home. While the pastor did not deny that there might have been some mistakes made he said that they were rectified as soon as brought to attention.

It was said yesterday that Commissioner Williams has stopped the practice of discharging to homes persons who have no money and that hereafter such must stay on the island until their friends call for them.

Fifty men who hold jobs of minor importance in the Immigration Service at Ellis Island, such as deckhands and laborers, received notice from Commissioner Williams yesterday that there is to be an immediate reduction in their pay from $65 to $60 a month.

C. F. Carrigues.

Charles Franklin Garrigues, 66 years old, President of the firm of C. F. Garrigues & Co., importers and exporters of chemicals at 56 Pine Street, dropped dead in the hallway leading from the elevator door to his office yesterday morning. Dr. Jackson from St. Gregory's Hospital said that apoplexy was the cause of death. Andrew J. Shipman of Blandy, Mooney & Shipman of 37 Wall Street, attorneys for the dead man, said that his wife and daughter were traveling in Canada. The Coroner gave permission for the removal of the body to an undertaking establishment, whence it will be shipped to Allendale, N. J., where he lived.

Col. Irving M. Avery.

Col. Irving M. Avery of 108 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, died at the Summer home of his son, Frank M. Avery, at Sparta, N. Y., yesterday. Col. Avery served throughout the civil war, having entered the service as Lieutenant and Quartermaster of the Forty-eighth Regiment, New York State Volunteers. He was 78 years old. He is survived by his son and a grandson. The funeral will be held Thursday at Sparta.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM P. DALY, formerly Captain of police in Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home in that city from bronchial troubles. He was born in Newark sixty years ago, and in 1864 enlisted in the Thirty-ninth New Jersey Volunteers, serving until the end of the war. He was then attached to the regular army as a drill master, being in that capacity at Governors Island for several years. In 1870 he returned to Newark, and after a few years as a hatter he was appointed to the Police Department as a drill inspector and was promoted rapidly, becoming Captain in 1887.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, one of the best-known contractors and builders of Jersey City, with offices in New York, occurred at his Summer home, Orange Lake, near Newburg, N. Y., Tuesday. He was 77 years old. For some time he had been living a rather retired life, owing to heart and kidney trouble.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

EASTWOOD.—Aug. 6, to Mr. and Mrs. George Eastwood, a daughter.
MULLINS.—Aug. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Mullins, a son.

Married.

GARRETT—DOLAN.—Aug. 10, Jersey City, Annie Dolan to Frank Garrett.
HERLIN—LINN.—Aug. 10, Minnie E. Linn to Nels R. Herlin.
HERR—GARRISON.—Aug. 10, Jersey City, Josephine Garrison to Dougal Herr.
LIFFERS—FUCHS.—Aug. 10, Jersey City Heights, Wilhelmina Fuchs to Paul E. Liffers.
PROBASCO—WILLIAMSON.—Aug. 4, Clinton, N. J., Annie Williamson to Joseph B. Probasco.
VREELAND—RANK.—Aug. 7, Newark, N. J., Carrie Rank to Frank M. Vreeland.

Died.

CURTIS.—In Southport, Conn., Aug. 9, 1909, Roderick Perry Curtis, aged 49 years. Funeral from Trinity Church, Southport, on Thursday, Aug. 12, 1909, at 2:30 P. M. Auburn (N. Y.) papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.
CUYLER.—On the morning of July 31, 1909, at Biarritz, France, Cornelius C. Cuyler. Funeral services will be held at the Brick Presbyterian Church, 37th St. and 5th Av., on Friday, Aug. 13, at 2 P. M. Interment at Princeton. Kindly omit flowers.
CUYLER.—The funeral services for the late Cornelius C. Cuyler will be held at the Brick Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., on Friday, Aug. 13 at 2 P. M. Members of the Princeton Club of New York are invited to attend.
WILLIAM F. McCOMBS, Secretary.
DIEHL.—Suddenly, in Chicago, Sunday, Aug. 8, John C., beloved son of George H. Diehl.
FISHMAN.—On Aug. 11, at St. Luke's Hospital, Sadie Fishman, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Davis and beloved wife of Charles S. Fishman. Funeral services from her late residence, 1,206 Fifth Av., Friday morning, 10 o'clock sharp.
HASBROOK.—At Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 10, Ann Elizabeth, daughter of the late Coertland V. B. Hasbrook of New York. Funeral at All Souls Church, 4th Av. and 20th St., on Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Please omit flowers.
LINDLEY.—On Wednesday, Aug. 11, at Henderson House, Herkimer, N. Y., Willard Parker, infant son of Charles A. and Edith Green Lindley. Funeral services on Friday, Aug. 13, at 11 o'clock at Henderson House.
MacDONALD.—At Southampton, Aug. 11, 1909, Susan F. MacDonald. Services at her late residence, Hampton Park, Friday, Aug. 13, at 1 P. M.
SOMMER.—Entered into eternal rest Tuesday, Aug. 10, 1909, Bertha vom Scheidt, beloved wife of Rev. J. Helmuth Sommer. Funeral services on Friday, Aug. 13, at 4 o'clock, at her late residence, 56 Kenilworth Place, between Avenues F and G, Flatbush. Interment private.
WILMERDING.—Suddenly, Aug. 9, at Block Island, R. I., Gustave Lurman Wilmerding, youngest son of the late Charles H. Wilmerding and beloved husband of Isabelle Louise Wilmerding. Services at Trinity Chapel, West Twenty-sixth Street, Friday morning, 10:30 o'clock.
ADDIO.—Thomas E., New Haven, Conn., Aug. 9, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
ARNOUX.—William H., St. Luke's Hospital, Aug. 9.
ATTE.—Paul, 1,043 Park Av., Aug. 10, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
BENNER.—William H., 121 Nepperhan Av., Yonkers, Aug. 8, aged 61.
BLEWITT.—Cora E., 4,060 Park Av., Aug. 9. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
BOOTH.—William R., Jr., 93 Waverley St., Yonkers, Aug. 10.
BREW.—Catherine, 252 West 11th St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
BRONSON.—Dora, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 10, aged 50. Funeral to-day.
BROWN.—Marie, 322 West 57th St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
CARBERRY.—Thomas F., New Haven, Conn. Aug. 9.
DANKERS.—Sophia I., 65 West 91st St., Aug. 10, aged 73.
DONNELLY.—Patrick, 292 West 142d St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.
DORFNER.—Bertha, 520 West 53d St., Aug. 10, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
EGAN.—Catherine, Waterbury, Conn., Aug. 9, aged 77. Funeral to-day.
EMMERICH.—Martin, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 8, aged 52.
FELSBURG.—J. George, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 9, aged 44.
FORDYCE.—Elizabeth H., Salamanca, N. Y., Aug. 10.
FORRESTER.—Andrew, 407 West 56th St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
GEHM.—Wilhelm, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HALL.—William, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 9.
HARMON.—Maurice, Waterbury, Conn., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day.
HAWKINS.—Mary E., Riverhead, L. I., Aug. 10, aged 50.
HOBIN.—James, 423 West 42d St., Aug. 9. Funeral to-day.
JAKI.—Christian, 18 Grand St., Aug. 10, aged 22. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
KELLER.—Anna, Narrowsburg, N. Y

GALE STRIKES NEW YORK YACHT FLEET

Lawrence Darr's Eleanora Rescued by the Steamer Massachusetts.

BOATS BATTERED AND TORN

Schooner Elmina First of Fleet to Reach Portland in 152-Mile Race from Vineyard Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 11.—F. F. Brewster's schooner yacht Elmina was the first of the New York yachts to finish in the long and troublous race from Vineyard Haven to this port. She arrived off the lightship at 9:15 this morning, having finally weathered the northerly gale which damaged so many of the yachts and sent so many others seeking harbors of refuge wherein to outride the unseasonable riot of wind and water.

William Dennis, who sailed the Elmina in time to win for Mr. Brewster the Vice Commodore's Cup, said that the Elmina, which had been the last to start in the race, had overtaken the Queen and Vigilant, and had lost them somewhere astern at about midnight.

The first reach from Vineyard Haven was Cross Rip, the second to Handkerchief Shoals, the third to Shovelful, the fourth to Pollock Rip, and then it was a dead beat to windward of 112 miles to Portland Harbor. The seas were running high and a heavy head wind from the north was blowing, and, according to Capt. Dennis, it was a mighty nasty night up to the time the craft were making Pollock Rip, forty miles from Vineyard Haven. All sail was at this time being carried, but when the Elmina stood off on the last leg of the all-day-all-night race the rest of the run was made under mainsail and jib, "and even that was almost too much to carry safely," added Capt. Dennis.

The sloop Aurora, sailed by Cornelius Vanderbilt, was the next of the racers to put in an appearance. She arrived off the harbor entrance at 2 o'clock this afternoon and just about as wet inside as she was out. The big Vanderbilt steam yacht North Star accompanied her into port, and to her commodious quarters. Cornelius Vanderbilt and W. Butler Duncan, who had sailed the Aurora through the gale, soon made their way to seek a much needed rest.

The Aloha, flagship of Commodore James, also found her way into port during the day. Directly she had let her anchor go she made signal indicating that the fleet would lay over to-morrow instead of continuing on to Rockland as per schedule. But just where all of the fleet is no one knows to-night. Many of the seventy odd that set out from Vineyard Haven yesterday morning are still unaccounted for. Lloyd Phoenix's auxiliary Intrepid is here, having finished under steam power, the gale doing some damage to her rigging.

Marblehead reports that the Polaris and Queen have put in there. The steam yacht Wacondan, which reached here at 7 o'clock to-night, reports having sighted the old cup defender Vigilant at 5 o'clock. The big yawl was then off Wood Island, twenty miles south of here, and apparently partially disabled and riding under a storm trysail. Her tender was standing by.

The Weetamoe found the gale too strong for her to face, and put back to Vineyard Haven.

A late tabulation of the vessels that have reached Portland or have been signaled off the entrance includes besides those mentioned the Oneida, Christina, Narada, Diana, O-We-Ra, Carmina, Sultana, and Ituna.

Except for the schooner Sea Fox, owned by Dallas B. Pratt of New York, and the single sticker Winsome, owned by Henry F. Lippitt of Providence, all the yachts were accounted for at a late hour to-night. At least seven harbors from Vineyard Haven to Portland were sought for refuge. At the former place is the sloop yacht Weetamoe, minus her topmast, and with her main boom and gaff split. At Provincetown seven yachts anchored, but the schooner Dervish got under sail late this afternoon. The others there are the Eleanor, Savarona, Alcyone, Windward, Ariel, and Adventuress. It is between Chatham and Provincetown, probably, that the missing yachts are anchored. The lee shore near Chatham would undoubtedly prove available as a shelter.

In Boston harbor three power yachts stopped, and the disabled schooner Corona was towed in by the tug Orion. The Corona will be repaired here, the damages sustained in yesterday's collision with the Pollock Rip Lightship requiring considerable attention. The other yachts here are Idler, Privateer, and Visitor II. The yachting centre of Marblehead was augmented in sail by three of the New York Yacht Club fleet. The sloop Polaris had her bowsprit carried away and the schooner Queen and the yawl Cleona were there waiting favoring winds to the fleet at Portland.

Next in the northerly order of stopping places was Gloucester. There a total squadron of twelve gathered. These included power and sailing yachts as follows: Wild Duck, Pelligrina, Istaleno, Ariadne, Elsa II., Cynthia, Reverie, Chasina, Monimia, Irolita, and Taormina. In Portsmouth and adjacent harbors were the power yachts Hauoli, Idalia, Condor, Wacondah, Mahary, Kaleda, and Vencedor.

Between Portsmouth and Portland the Vigilant manoeuvred during the night trying to gain the finish without resorting to her auxiliary power. Sheltered in Portland Harbor, the rendezvous until the restart on Friday morning, were the Elmina, Aurora, Intrepid, Diana, Aloha, Lucinda, Narad, Cristin, North Star, Issaqueno, Oneida, Cavalier, Sultana, and Owena.

SLOOP ELEANORA RESCUED.

Lawrence Darr's Craft Has a Narrow Escape in Gale.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Aug. 11.—In the annals of the New York Yacht Club the present struggle of its racing yachts over the long course from Vineyard Haven to Portland, Me., will probably go down in history as one more replete with excitement, more filled with stories of snapped off spars and split canvas, of plunging hulls and rushing seas, than any that had ever been recorded before in the log books of the club.

It was to a freshening north wind that the twenty-five yachts which set out from Vineyard Haven on Tuesday morning threshed their way over the choppy seas of the Nantucket Shoals. The wind increased to a moderate gale as evening set in, bringing an immense strain on swollen sails and weather shrouds and burying lee scuppers under intermittent Niagaras. The Eugene F. Moran, which carries the press representatives, bucked gale and sea far into the night, the water knee deep over her lower deck and the spray flying over pilot house at every plunge. Finding that she could make but little headway under such conditions, the tug was swung around and headed in for Provincetown.

There the morning light showed that six of the racers had made that harbor a port of refuge from the gale and its bulky seas. They all wore a dishevelled and sea worn look, and well they should, for they had undergone a lot of pounding and threshing in the whipping seas.

The one that had suffered most was the sloop Eleanora. This luckless craft reached port at the end of a towline, having been dismasted when off the Highland Light. She had not only lost mast and bowsprit, but she had come perilously near losing her crew as well.

In the party which the Eleanora carried were Lawrence Darr, who owns the sloop; Butler Whiting, Charles I. Chapman, and John R. Johnson. Being informed by wireless that the sloop was coming dismasted and under tow, the Moran steamed out to meet her, and found the crippled yacht slopping along behind the steamer Massachusetts of the New England Navigation Company. The yacht's crew cast loose from the steamship as the tug approached, and soon afterward the tug brought the yacht to an anhorage in the harbor. Then the yachtsmen came on board to partake of a hot breakfast which had been prepared for them, and, although it was homely tug boat fare, they averred that it was the most enjoyable meal they had ever had in all their lives. They had had a very lively experience, and more than once it had looked as though they would not live it through.

While the yacht was plunging along on the port tack under jib, forestaysail and mainsail, there came a sudden heavy gust that laid her almost on her beam ends. The buckling mast gave way under the strain, snapping short off above the deck and pitching overside, carried sail and bowsprit with it, leaving the yacht utterly helpless. Working as best they could on the deck of the wallowing hulk, the crew managed to clear away the raffle and to construct a sea anchor out of the broken mast. Then began a wild dance over the breaking seas. Blue lights were burned, but none saw them, at least no one heeded. Torches were made of waste dipped in kerosene and these were burned as flares, but they brought no one.

Finally a dim shape was seen and the schooner yacht Muriel came tossing near. But her bobstay had been carried away, and try as she might she could not reach the Eleanora, and after several futile attomps at rescue disappeared. Then a steamer came rolling by, but she passed on, paying no heed to the signals of distress.

It was shortly after 8 o'clock in the evening that the Eleanora was dismasted, and it was not until near daylight that the weary watchers saw the Massachusetts coming down upon them. There was no need to make signals to this vessel, for the daylight showed the dire need of aid. The steamship manoeuvred near enough to throw a heaving line, but the line fell short. Seizing a life line, young Butler Whiting went overboard and secured the end of the line. Butler Whiting is a brother of the young navy officer, Kenneth Whiting, who recently went out of the torpedo tube of a submerged submarine to prove the availability of that means of exit.

Mr. Darr, the Eleanora's owner, said that he would have the yacht towed to Boston for repairs. She was built by Herreshoff and was originally known as the Effort. Despite their trials, her undaunted crew were jubilant over the fact that up to the time of dismasting they were well in the lead of the Adventuress, the other Herreshoff built entry which sails in the Eleanora's class.

The other racers that sought Provincetown during the night were H. W. Putnam's auxiliary schooner Alcyone, Colonel F. L. Leland's schooner Ariel, the schooner Dervish, twice winner in the Bermuda races, C. Howard Clark's auxiliary, Savarona; J. N Goetchin's yawl, Windward, and Charles C. Rumrill's sloop, Adventuress.

When the wind steadied into a gale from the north, all of the life saving stations along the Cape Cod region were instructed to keep a sharp lookout for any of the racing yachts that might be in distress. The captain of the Massachusetts reported by wireless that he had been in communication with the S. S. Harvard, which reported having passed a disabled yacht. It appears that the Harvard had been unable to render any assistance to the vessel. Soon after this message had been received, the Massachusetts fell in with the tug Orion, and asked her to go to the aid of the racer. But it appears that the seas were running too high for the Orion to face them at least she did not go. At last accounts the disabled sloop was drifting toward the Nantucket Shoals.

All of the yachts that put into Provincetown had guests on board. With Robert Toland on the Dervish were E. C. Dale, E. D. Toland, Miss Toland, and Miss Stokes. On board the Ariel was her owner, C. Howard Clark, of, Philadelphia, Mrs. Clark, and Miss Clark.

The Muriel, whose broken bobstay prevented her from effecting a rescue of the Eleanora's party, and which at last account was headed towards the Nantucket Shoals, had on board Captain and Mrs. C. S. Smithers, Mr. and Mrs. Chatillion, and Miss Harris.

German Yachtsman Arrives.

Otto Protzen of the German Royal Yacht Squadron, owner of the Hevella, one of the three German boats which will participate in the International sonderclasse races at Marblehead, Mass., in September, arrived from Germany yesterday on the steamer President Lincoln.

We blow our horn because we're so glad we could import a bargain for a bargain sale.

Our furnishings buyer picked up in Paris recently, at a special price, a quantity of fancy handkerchiefs—beauties.

One lot happened to be identical with some we already had in our stock, selling freely at 50 cents each.

The others were regular $1.00 value.

The patterns and colorings are of typical Parisian smartness and taste.

1344 handkerchiefs of 50c. quality.

1425 handkerchiefs of $1.00 quality.

35c. each.
3 for $1.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. | at 13th st. | at 34th st.

To Men Who Know

OUR prices are *popular*, but our *qualities* are in the *exclusive* class.

We do not charge for *taste, style* or the *location* of our shops.

Prices are based strictly on cost, and our enormous advantage in the buying market reverts to you.

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DOYLE MOWS DOWN CHICAGO BATSMEN

Yankee Pitcher Strikes Out Nine Men and Allows Only Three Hits.

HILLTOPPERS MOVE UP A PEG

Defeat of White Sox Gives New Yorks Clear Title to Fifth Place—Athletics and Tigers Beaten.

Learning the folly of prodigality in the very first inning, Joe Doyle on the Hilltop yesterday, after forcing in a run with the third pass he issued, tightened up so effectively that the White Sox couldn't get a man beyond third in the rest of the game. Stallings's other men, who gave faint signs of becoming wobbly when their pitcher was lading out bases on balls in that trying opening chapter, fell on Smith in the eighth round and counted twice in a four-hit batting rally, thus winning the first battle of what promises to be a sharp series by the score of 2 to 1. Doyle walked two men in the last eight frames, and those at long intervals, allowing two raps in that time. In fact, he made the Hitless Wonders realize there was a seamy side to their sobriquet, for they got precisely three safeties in the entire game. After the initial inning five Chicagoans reached second base, and only one got to third. Doyle worked that abrupt break of his to perfection, fanning nine batsmen and making seven fly out. He changed his pace frequently, keeping the visitors guessing practically all the time.

Hemphill, Engle, Elberfeld, Orth, and Knight were the heroes of the volley in which the Hilltoppers overthrew Pitcher Smith. Each of them did his share toward netting those two tallies New York so sorely needed, and each received promptly the tumultuous recognition he earned. Four thousand rooters merged their personalities in a joint attack of healthy hysteria when Charlie galloped in with the tieing count, and when the Kid carded the conclusive tally the uproar drowned even the hard thoughts in which the supporting Sox indulged at the expense of their twirler. Austin had his part of the applause, too, for when the necessary runs were in he slashed a single to left that was worth putting in a glass case for the benefit of posterity. Jimmy didn't figure in the scoring, though. His hit pushed Knight to second, but Jack and Jim were left standing, because Parent's fine running catch robbed Kleinow of a leaguer.

Apparently the Toppers have struck such a stride that no ordinary mishap can stop them. By their victory over Chicago they took exclusive possession of fifth place, and as the Red Sox beat the Naps, the Yankees are hot on the heels of Cleveland for a position in the first division. They are only thirty points behind the Naps to-day, and it would not astonish their friends to see them wipe out that margin in the next few games, for they beat the Sox with three of their regulars absent—Chase, Laporte, and Keeler. Wee Willie became ill in the course of practice, and Hemphill took his place. It was not a misfortune as it turned out, since Charlie started the hard and hasty hitting that defeated the Lakeside lads.

Doyle caused concern among the spectators when he walked the first man up. Altizer went to second on Parent's leaguer Then Pitcher Joe took an extra wrap in the reins and retired the next two batters—Isbell on a bunt fly to the box, Dougherty on a grounder to Knight. But the twirler's bearings worked loose again, for he passed Davis, filling the bases, and then franked Tannehill, pushing Altizer over the plate. A good catch of Atz's foul by Knight saved Doyle from further damage a minute later, and in the comparatively short time New York was at bat Joe found himself.

It was a rather short second half the locals had, though it began favorably enough. A judiciously placed leaguer put Demmitt on first, and he went to second on Hemphill's sacrifice. Engle, however, flied to Altizer without advancing the runner, and Elberfeld was thrown out by Parent. It seemed a shame to let Chicago go into the second inning with that gift-run lead, but there at least was the consolation that Doyle sent the visiting pointsmen and Altizer to the bench in short order. In the locals' part of the second, Knight, with one down, got his base because Davis dropped Atz's sharp but short throw. Jack stole second and went to third, while Smith threw Austin out to Davis, but Kleinow's grasser was easy for Atz.

In the third, two men gone, New York filled the corners on Hemphill's hit, Engle's single and steal and Elberfeld's walk, but the Kid was forced at second by Orth. Atz got to second in the fourth on his stroll and steal and Isabell did likewise in the sixth on his powerful one-bagger, well stopped by Engle, and Dougherty's out. In the sixth chapter, Elberfeld, one out, made first on Parent's error, but force hits were the best Orth and Knight could do against the terrific twirling Smith was shooting plateward just then.

Chicago looked dangerous indeed in the seventh. Atz opened with a two-bagger toward the scoreboard, and everybody gasped. But Little Joe wasn't rattled a bit. He fanned Sullivan and, though one of his slants hit Smith, that runner was forced by Altizer. Then Altizer stole and Parent trudged, filling the nooks. But Isbell's hot one went straight to Austin for a force of Altizer at third, and the peril was past.

Kleinow's single with one down in the "lucky" inning was followed by Doyle's force hit and Demmitt's seeming triple—dragged down, alas, by Altizer most amazingly. But the eighth told a different tale. Hemphill doubled to left centre, Engle sacrificed him to third, Charlie came in when Elberfeld whacked the first ball pitched to right for two cushions, the Kid went to third on Orth's fly to Isbell, and Knight's hot single clear through Parent brought Elberfeld home with the winning run.

The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dem't, cf	4	0	1	0	0
H'phill, rf	3	1	2	0	0
Engle, lf	3	0	1	3	0
Elb'f'd, ss	3	1	1	1	4
Orth, 2b	4	0	0	1	2
Knight, 1b	4	0	1	9	0
Austin, 3b	4	0	1	2	1
Kleinow, c	4	0	1	10	2
Doyle, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	32	2	8	27	8

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Altizer, rf	3	1	0	3	0
Parent, ss	3	0	1	3	4
Isbell, cf	4	0	1	1	0
D'gh'ty, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Davis, 1b	3	0	0	9	1
T'nehill, 3b	3	0	0	0	2
Atz, 2b	3	0	1	4	4
Sul'van, c	4	0	0	2	0
Smith, p	3	0	0	1	5
Total	30	1	3	24	16

Errors—Kleinow, Parent, Davis.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Atz, Hemphill, Elberfeld. Sacrifice hits—Hemphill, Engle. Stolen bases—Knight, Engle, Atz, Altizer. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; New York, 9. First base on errors—New York, 2. Struck out—By Doyle, 9; by Smith, 2. Bases on balls—Off Doyle, 5; off Smith, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Doyle, 1, (Smith.) Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

Browns Beat Athletics, 1 to 0.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—St. Louis to-day defeated Philadelphia in an eleven-inning game by 1 to 0. With one out in the eleventh inning, Williams tripled and scored on a single by Griggs, who batted for Criger. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hartzell, rf	6	0	1	3	0
Stone, lf	5	0	0	4	1
H'man, cf	5	0	2	2	0
Wallace, ss	4	0	1	5	4
Jones, 1b	3	0	2	10	1
Will'ms, 2b	4	1	1	4	4
Ferris, 3b	5	0	1	3	2
Criger, c	3	0	1	1	2
Steph'ns, c	0	0	0	0	0
Powell, p	4	0	0	1	1
*Griggs	1	0	1	0	0
Total	40	1	10	33	15

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Harisel, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Oldring, cf	5	0	2	3	0
Collins, 2b	5	0	0	2	3
Baker, 3b	4	0	1	2	1
Davis, 1b	5	0	2	12	3
Murphy, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Barry, ss	4	0	2	5	4
L'stone, c	3	0	0	8	2
Morgan, p	4	0	1	0	3
Total	38	0	9	35	18

*Batted for Criger in eleventh inning.
Errors—Barry, (2,) Livingstone.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Three-base hits—Barry, Williams. Sacrifice hits—Jones, (2,) Criger. Double plays—Wallace, Williams, and Jones; Stone and Williams; Ferris, Williams, and Jones. Stolen bases—Hartzell, Jones. Struck out—By Morgan, 5. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 12. First base on balls—Off Morgan, 2; off Jowell, 3. First base on errors—St. Louis, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Morgan, Wallace. Time of game—Two hours and fourteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Perrine.

Senators Defeat the Champions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Washington defeated Detroit to-day in an exciting contest, 3 to 2. Three double plays by the locals were important factors in holding down Detroit's runs. Sensational catches were made by Conroy, Lelivelt, and Milan. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Don'hue, 1b	3	0	0	11	1
Milan, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Ungl'b, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Daleh'ty, 2b	4	0	1	3	3
Lelivelt, cf	4	1	0	3	1
Conroy, 3b	3	1	1	2	3
McBride, ss	3	0	1	3	6
Kahoe, c	4	0	1	4	0
Gray, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	30	3	6	27	15

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss	4	0	0	5	5
Jones, lf	5	0	0	1	1
Cobb, rf	4	0	2	2	0
Crawf'd, 1b	3	0	0	7	0
Killifer, cf	3	1	2	2	0
Mor'ty, 3b	4	1	2	1	3
O'Leary, 2b	3	0	0	1	1
Beck'd'f, c	3	0	0	4	1
Killian, p	3	0	1	0	2
*Schaefer	1	0	0	0	0
†Mullin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	24	13

*Batted for Beckendorf in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Killian in the ninth inning.
Errors—Unglaub, Conroy, 2; McBride, Bush, Jones, O'Leary.

Washington	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Detroit	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Milan, McBride, Cobb. Sacrifice hit—Unglaub, O'Leary. Stolen bases—Killifer. Double plays—Delehanty, McBride, and Donohue; Lelivelt, Conroy, and Delehanty; Milan and Donohue. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Detroit, 6. First base on balls—Off Gray, 3; off Killian, 4. First base on errors—Washington, 2; Detroit, 3. Struck out—By Gray, 3; by Killian, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Egan.

Sixth Straight for Red Sox.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 11.—Boston won its sixth straight game to-day, defeating Cleveland 4 to 2. Both teams hit hard, but the locals gave Arellanes wonderful support, saving several runs. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Niles, lf	4	1	1	1	0
H. Lord, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Speaker, cf	3	0	2	3	0
Gessler, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Wagner, ss	4	1	1	5	5
Stahl, 1b	4	1	1	9	0
McC'll, 2b	2	1	0	3	4
Car'gan, c	3	0	3	8	0
A'lanes, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	37	4	10	26	11

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B. Lord, rf	5	0	2	1	2
Stovall, 1b	5	0	2	11	0
E'hman, lf	4	0	0	4	1
Lajoie, 2b	3	0	1	4	1
Easterly, c	4	0	1	5	0
Perring, 3b	4	1	0	1	1
B'ham, cf	4	0	3	0	0
Ball, ss	4	0	1	1	5
Joss, p	3	0	0	0	4
*Flick	1	0	1	0	0
Total	37	2	12	24	15

*Batted for Joss in ninth inning.
†B. Lord out, hit by batted ball.
Errors—Wagner, Easterly, (2,) Birmingham.

Boston	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	.	.	—4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Birmingham, Jajoie. Three-base hits—Wagner, Stovall, Birmingham, B. Lord. Sacrifice fly—Stahl. Sacrifice hits—H. Lord, McConnell. Stolen base—McConnell. Double plays—B. Lord and Stovall; Wagner, McConnell, and Stahl. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; Boston, 4. First base on balls—Off Joss, 2; off Arellanes, 1. Struck out—By Arellanes, 4; by Joss, 2. Passed bayy—Easterly. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

That Moren Story Fades Away.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 11.—Capt. John Moren, the wealthy steamboat owner of Pittsburg, father of Lew Moren, the Philadelphia pitcher, was shown a Cincinnati telegram today stating that he had promised his son $500 for each game he beat Chicago this season. The steamboat owner became very angry, saying: "Not a word of truth in it. These fellows are going a trifle too far. It is true that when Lew, my son, who is pitching for Philadelphia, early in the season, was meeting with splendid success I did send him a letter of congratulation, and also sent him a check for $100. He is my son, and it was my money, and I did not consider it the business of any one else. It is absurd for any one to say that I have been sending him $100 every time he won a game. Lew does not need the money. He has a bank account in Philadelphia and another here in Pittsburg. These stories make Lew the victim of much uncalled for roasting of the hands of the fans, and are most unjust. The story that I have offered him $500 for every game he wins from Chicago is too ridiculous to call for reply."

Vaughn Reports to Stallings.

Pitcher Vaughn of Macon, Ga., over whose services there was a dispute, which finally resulted in the National Commission awarding the player to the New York Americans, reported to Manager Stallings yesterday.

Two Young Pitchers for Giants.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—Two pitchers were added to the staff of the New York National League Club last night, according to announcement by Manager McGraw. The new members of the team are Klawitter of the Shreveport, La., club, and George Daily of the Springfield, Ill., Three "I" League team. The price for the latter is reported to have been $4,500.

Senators and Tigers Trade Players.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Washington and Detroit American League ball teams are to exchange second basemen, Hermann Schaefer, Captain of the Detroits, and Infielder Kitlifer coming here, and Jim Delehanty going to Detroit. A statement to this effect was given out last night by Manager Hughey Jennings of Detroit.

New World's Pacing Record.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 11.—In the three-year-old pacing race at the Blue Grass Fair to-day Maggie Windor broke the world's record, negotiating the distance in 2:08¾, the best previous time being 2:08¾, made by Brenna Yorke at Columbus, Ohio, on Sept. 16, 1900.

Baseball To-day, 4 P. M.—American League Park, N. Y. Americans vs. Chicago.—Adv.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York	2	St. Louis	1
Chicago	1	Philadelphia	0
Washington	3	Boston	4
Detroit	2	Cleveland	2

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York	19	Pittsburg	1
St. Louis	3	Boston	0

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City	5	Providence	12
Rochester	1	Buffalo	6
Newark	2	Montreal	8
Toronto	1	Baltimore	2

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Columbus	8	Kansas City	2
Minneapolis	4	Indianapolis	0
St. Paul	4	Louisville at Milwaukee, rain.	
Toledo	3		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Detroit	62	41	.602	.614
Philadelphia	62	41	.602	.475
Boston	62	44	.585	.476
Cleveland	53	51	.510	.559
New York	49	53	.480	.327
Chicago	48	54	.471	.563
St. Louis	45	55	.490	.502
Washington	31	73	.298	.390

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Pittsburg	71	27	.725	.616
Chicago	67	31	.684	.576
New York	57	37	.606	.602
Cincinnati	48	50	.490	.495
Philadelphia	45	53	.459	.547
St. Louis	40	56	.417	.333
Brooklyn	36	62	.367	.391
Boston	26	73	.263	.450

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.		W.	L.	PC.
Rochester	57	44	.564	Toronto	49	52	.485
Newark	53	48	.525	Montreal	48	54	.471
Providence	52	47	.525	Jersey City	47	55	.470
Buffalo	53	52	.505	Baltimore	47	56	.456

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	PC.		W.	L.	PC.
Minneap'lis	66	50	.569	St. Paul	56	58	.491
Milwaukee	64	51	.557	Indianap'lis	51	56	.477
Louisville	60	53	.522	Kansas C'y	52	60	.464
Columbus	58	58	.500	Toledo	53	62	.461

GAMES TO-DAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York, 4 P. M.
Detroit at Washington.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Pittsburg.
Boston at Cincinnati.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

No game scheduled.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Louisville at Minneapolis.
Toledo at Milwaukee.
Columbus at Kansas City.
Indianapolis at St. Paul.

BRESNAHAN'S TEAM BATTERED TO PIECES

Giants Slaughter Cardinals with Twenty-three Hits and Nineteen Runs.

FROLIC FOR THE NEW YORKS

Even Arlie Latham Gets a Chance to Participate in the Burlesque Exhibition at St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 11.—In a final effort to break the winning streak of the New York Giants Roger Bresnahan's Cardinals flew into a thousand pieces at League Park this afternoon, and when they were put together again they saw a score of 19 to 3 confronting them. Hardly any of the local warriors remembers anything of the awful sixth inning, when ten runners from Gotham hit, ran, and scored.

Raleigh, Laudermilk, Sullivan, and Melter were the pitchers who allowed the twenty-three hits. Crandall pitched for the Giants and held the Cardinals down to nine hits.

Three singles, a double, a home run by Crandall, and three more singles, coupled with bad pitching and bad fielding, were the component parts of the ten runs in the sixth, the longest inning of the season so far.

Roger Bresnahan was behind the bat until the second inning, when he protested a decision of Umpire Hank O'Day about a double play. That might have discouraged the St. Louis men, but in the very same inning Raleigh, who started off bad, was obliged to give way to Laudermilk. Laudermilk couldn't do any better, and in the midst of the sixth inning he yielded the mound to Harry Sullivan, a St. Louis recruit. Pitcher Crandall knocked a home run on the first ball pitched and Sullivan was withdrawn in a trice.

The Giants kept up their cannonading in the seventh and scored three more runs, and though the Cardinals were beaten beyond recall, they stuck to the task of trying to hit and managed to drive home a run at the eleventh hour of the ninth inning. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	5	1	0	1	1
Ellis, lf	3	2	3	3	0
Bres'h'n, p	1	0	0	4	0
K'tchy, 1b	4	0	2	6	1
Evans, rf	5	0	1	2	0
Deleh'ty, 2b	4	0	1	1	2
Gessler, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Wagner, ss	4	1	1	5	3
Stahl, 1b	4	1	1	9	0
Car'gan, c	3	0	3	8	0
A'lanes, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	37	4	10	26	11

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Doyle, 2b	6	2	3	3	6
Latham, 2b	1	0	0	0	2
Seym'r, cf	6	5	4	3	0
O'Hara, cf	1	0	1	1	0
M'C'n'k, rf	4	2	3	0	0
Devore, lf	1	0	0	0	0
Murray, lf	3	1	0	1	0
Devlin, 3b	4	2	3	2	1
B'dwell, ss	1	0	0	0	1
Merkle, 1b	5	1	0	11	0
Myers, c	3	2	1	7	0
Crandall, p	5	2	2	1	0
Fletcher, ss	4	1	3	2	0
Shafer, 3b	2	0	1	1	2
Wilson, c	2	1	2	1	0
Total	46	19	23	27	13

*Batted for Raleigh in the second inning.
Errors—Murray, Devlin, Bridwell, Delehanty, Murphy, Charles, (2.)

New York	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	0—19
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hit—Myers. Three-base hits—Konetchy, Ellis. Home run—Crandall. Sacrifice hits—Murray, (2,) Crandall, Konetchy. Double plays—Bridwell, Doyle, and

BIG SURPRISES IN SARATOGA RACES

Wetern Filly, Louise Wells, Gallops a Winner at 60 to 1 at Spa Track.

CHASE JOCKEY SLIDES OFF

Odd Action of Waterway's Rider Excites No Notice from Saratoga Stewards—Mexoana's Troy Stakes.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The biggest surprise of the race meeting closed a day of surprises and close finishes when the Western filly Louise Wells, in her first appearance at the starting post, romped out in front all the way and won by four lengths at odds of 60 to 1. As a companion happening the crack Canadian steeplechaser Waterway lost his rider at the second jump and left the contest to the two other runners, Byzantine and Steve Lane, which, whipped out, finished a head apart, with Byzantine, ridden by his owner, Nat Ray. On all form, Waterway seemed to have the race at his mercy, and the betting crowd declared he had only to stand up to win. They bet 5 to 2 that he would stand up, and were surprised to see his rider, W. Allen, slide off easily after the horse landed over the second jump. It was a singularly easy fall, but the Stewards raised no questions.

The victory of Louise Wells was not really expected by Jerome P. Respass, but because the filly had showed fairly well in her morning gallops he sent a commission of $50 to bet on her, $25 to win and $25 for third place, and got 100 to 1 to win and 30 to 1 third. The bet made in Respass's name was overheard by L. Mayer, who took the tip and bet $50 to win at 100 to 1 and for two bets of $50 each for third place got 15 to 1 and 10 to 1. W. E. Applegate followed the lead and also made a large winning, though Mayer's profit of $6,250 was the largest on the race.

The best race of the day, with another upset as the result, was in the mile-and-a-furlong handicap, for which the Western filly Gliding Belle, at 7 to 1, got home first, a head before W. C. Daly's hard-campaigned mare Skilliecrankie, at 50 to 1, with the favorite, Zipango, a close third.

For the Troy Selling States, for two-year-olds, Pretend, at odds on, led away from the post, but was outrun at once by Mexoana and Little King, Mexoana lasting in front long enough to win, stopping at the end, a length before Pretend, which caught Little King close on the post, and, ridden out, beat him for the place.

Besom, a Keene cast-off, broke in front and won all the way as the only successful favorite of the day. Dreamer, after meeting much interference, got through the crowd on the last quarter and was second. Besom, owned by P. S. P. Randolph and entered to sell for $2,000, was bid up to $2,800, and bought in by his owner for $5 advance. On Randolph's account, Dreamer, entered by H. B. Duryea to sell for $1,400, was claimed for $1,880.

The bidding and claiming revived the interest of horsemen in the selling race feuds that have been carried on for a month, and the Saratoga Association announced that, beginning next Monday, the place of auction for selling race winners would be changed to the ring in front of the judges' stand to the paddock.

R. T. Wilson, Jr., President of the Saratoga Association, who has been confined to his cottage by illness through the early part of the week, was out again to-day, and arrived at the track in time to see his filly Mexoana win the Troy Stakes. Another visitor to the race course was Count de Genay, a member of the French family of prominence on the French turf. Count de Genay is visiting America to observe the racing methods here. Commenting on the quality of the horses he has seen racing here, he stated that the best horses for the important stakes compared favorably with the high-class horses in France and England. The cheaper classes of horses, he thought, were inferior to those racing for the minor events abroad, and the average in France and England was much higher than in the United States. Count de Genay declared that the horses of all grades were more carefully and better kept in France than here.

At the race course to-day the canvas screens hung on the posts and designed to shut off the track from the agents of poolrooms were hoisted as they are in New York City. The screens were put up hurriedly, promptly on the report that three men led by a man known to the race track police as "Glass Eye" Steve, had arrived in Saratoga. The newcomers were said to be allied with a gang of wire tappers who occupied a house near the race track. They left the village as soon as the screens went up.

Results of the racing:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six furlongs.

F. S. P. Randolph's Besom, br. g., by Ben Brush-Sly Nun, 110, (Davenport,) 8 to 5 and 3 to 5.....1h

H. B. Duryea's Dreamer, 109, (Butwell,) 13 to 5 and 1 to 1.....2

W. T. Ryan's Rosmiro, 108, (Doyle,) 20 to 1 and 8 to 1.....3

Spooner, 103, (Creevy,) 3 to 1; Ned, 103, (Page,) 40 to 1; Simple Honours, 100, (McLaughlin,) 50 to 1; Bird of Flight II., 106, (Cullen,) 40 to 1; Congo, 105, (E. Martin,) 60 to 1; Watervliet, 98, (Ural,) 50 to 1; Fireball, 112, (Taplin,) 20 to 1, and Red Mimic, 96, (Wilson,) 100 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:12 3-5.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles and a half.

N. Ray's Byzantine, b. g., by Octagon-Mallow, 138, (Ray,) 7 to 1 and 1 to 1.....1½

A. Case's Steve Lane, 142, (McAffee,) 3 to 1 and out.....2

*Prospect Stable's Waterway, 154, (Allen,) 9 to 20 and out.....3

*Fell, was remounted, and finished. Won driving. Time—5:24 2-5.

THIRD RACE.—The Troy, for two-year-olds, selling allowances; five and a half furlongs.

Montpelier Stable's Mexoana, ch. f., by Mexican-Hanoana, 102, (Creevy,) 3 to 1 and 7 to 10.....1½

T. Monahan's Pretend, 105, (Dugan,) 9 to 10 1 to 4.....2½

Chelsea Stable's Little King, 102, (Davenport,) 4 to 1 and 1 to 1.....3

Toniata, 100, (Haynes,) 10 to 1, and Danfield, 104, (Butwell,) 50 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:07 4-5.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

W. F. Schulte's Gliding Belle, b. f., by Commoner-Gliding By, 98, (E. Martin,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....1h

H. G. Redwell's Zipango, 102, (Taplin,) 5 to 2 and 1 to 1.....2½

W. C. Daly's Kilicrankie, 87, (A. Smith,) 50 to 1 and 12 to 1.....3h

Pins and Needles, 104, (McCahey,) 18 to 5; Miss Kearney, 103, (Davenport,) 7 to 1; Lane Allen, 98, (Page,) 7 to 1; Darknight, 97, (Glass,) 7 to 1, and Petticoat, 102, (Dugan,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:53 2-5.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling allowances; one mile.

G. M. Odom's Bonnie Kelso, b. g., by Waterbury-Thanella, 107, (Upton,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1½

Idlebrook Stable's J. H. Reed, 105, (Williams,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1.....2h

T. Clyde's Quantico, 103, (Hinchcliffe,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....3½

Campion, 110, (Powers,) 8 to 1; Michael Beck, 110, (Grand,) 30 to 1; Warden, 107, (McCarthy,) 15 to 1; Nethermost, 107, (Butwell,) 20 to 1; Patriot, 110, (Goldstein,) 40 to 1; Cloriole, 100, (Garner,) 60 to 1; Ruxton, 110, (Page,) 20 to 1; Turncoat, 107, (Dugan,) 7 to 5, and Sandpiper, 102, (Creevy,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:40.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs.

J. R. Respess's Louise Welles, b. f., by Dick Welles-Flora Louise, 102, (E. Martin,) 6d to 1 and 20 to 1.....1h

Mrs. L. A. Livingston's Amelia Jenks, 106, (Scoville,) 1 to 1 and 2 to 5.....2h

C. H. Harrison's Democrat, 100, (McCarthy,) 8 to 1 and 4 to 5.....3

Scarus, 100, (Grand,) 20 to 1; Capt. Swanson, 112, (Butwell,) 15 to 1; Lord Baltimore, 102, (Dugan,) 15 to 1; Sou, 106, (Maderia,) 40 to 1; Martinez, 105, (Davenport,) 40 to 1; Marigot, 102, (Glass,) 40 to 1; Ferenc, 109, (Austin,) 20 to 1; Sir Neddam, 100, (Page,) 15 to 1, and Horicon, 105, (Taplin,) 15 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:08.

Aquatic Sports at Coney Island.

The aquatic sports to-night at Steeplechase Park, Coney Island, includes a seventy-yard swim for women and an exhibition of log-rolling. Two of the entries are Miss Clara Hurst of Stapleton, S. I., and Miss Augusta Gallup of Manhattan, both of whom took part in a swim that was held last August from Brooklyn Bridge to Norton's Point. Entries have also been received from Bath Beach, Brooklyn, and Manhattan. The exhibition of log rolling will be by Edward Chase, who comes from the State of Maine, where he won a number of medals in various log-rolling contests.

LEROY BEATEN IN TENNIS.

Columbia Player's Defeat a Surprise in Southampton Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 11.—Slashing tennis was the order in the Meadow Club singles and doubles to-day. Harvard's intercollegiate ex-champion, George P. Gardner, Jr., kept the gallery enthused with his brilliancy as he defeated Yale's expert, Alfred Stillman, for the place before the semi-final round, 6—3, 7—5. The Harvard man's rushing tactics at the net was splendid and his crossing shots were more than Stillman could handle.

The performance of Wallace F. Johnson, the Pennsylvania State champion, in defeating Robert Leroy, Columbia's famous player, was a surprise. Johnson played steadily with a deceptive chop stroke that did not allow Leroy to make his return with any certainty, so that he was beaten 6—1, 3—6, 6—3.

National Champion William A. Larned appeared in the doubles with Robert D. Wrenn. He was in poor form. Wrenn did most of the work. The pair experienced difficulty with George M. Church and Walter M. Hall before defeating the latter, 6—3, 7—5. The backhand smashing of Church was the real feature of this match. The entire field in both singles and doubles reached the round before the semi-finals. The summary:

Men's Championship Singles.—Third Round—J. D. E. Jones defeated W. M. Hall, 6—2, 6—2; F. J. Sulloway defeated F. C. Inman, 1—6, 6—2, 6—4; C. C. Pell defeated W. H. Connell, 6—4, 6—1; E. P. Larned defeated H. W. Slocum, 6—3, 6—1; G. F. Touchard defeated H. W. Tifft, Jr., 6—0, 6—2; F. Johnson defeated R. Leroy, 6—1, 3—6, 6—3; R. H. Palmer defeated R. E. Sard, 6—1, 3—6; G. P. Gardner, Jr., defeated A. Stillman, 6—3, 7—5.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—H. W. Slocum and L. E. Mahan defeated W. C. Grant and partner by default; W. H. Connell and G. Touchard defeated E. M. Sheppard and partner by default; R. H. Palmer and J. D. E. Jones defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., and R. Fincke, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3; E. Chauncey and W. P. Blagden defeated H. D. Kirkover and A. L. Hoskins, 6—4, 5—7, 6—2; F. F. Derham and C. C. Pell defeated G. Randall and J. F. Loree by default; W. A. Larned and R. D. Wrenn defeated F. C. Colston and W. F. Johnson, 6—3, 6—4; G. M. Church and W. M. Hall defeated E. P. Larned and G. P. Gardner, Jr., 3—6, 7—5, 6—2; F. J. Sulloway and A. Stillman defeated S. Johnson and E. B. Schley, 6—3, 6—3; R. E. Sard and H. Minot defeated F. B. Reeves and D. W. Dilworth, 6—2, 6—3; A. Amend and L. A. Oakley defeated J. L. Forbes and partner by default; D. Mathey and J. A. C. Colston defeated R. L. James and Dr. P. B. Hawk, 6—2, 7—5; A. S. Dabney, Jr., and N. W. Niles defeated W. R. Hoffman, Jr., and J. O. Knowlton by default; W. J. Clothier and E. W. Leonard defeated H. C. Clark and J. K. Hollins by default; W. V. Bennett and Dr. E. E. Taylor defeated T. S. Barnes and W. H. Parsons, Jr., by default.

Second Round—H. W. Slocum and L. E. Mahan defeated S. B. French and W. Manice, Jr., 6—0, 6—1; R. H. Palmer and J. D. E. Jones defeated W. H. Connell and G. F. Touchard, 6—0, 6—2; F. F. Derham and C. C. Pell defeated E. Chauncey and W. P. Blagden, 6—10, 7—5, 6—1; W. A. Larned and R. D. Wren defeated G. M. Church and W. M. Hall, 6—3, 7—5; F. J. Sulloway and A. Stillman defeated R. E. Sard and H. Minot, 6—3, 6—2; D. Mathey and J. A. C. Colston defeated A. Amend and L. E. Oakley, 6—4, 6—1; W. J. Clothier and E. W. Leonard defeated A. S. Dabney, Jr., and N. W. Niles, 3—6, 8—6, 6—3; W. V. Bennett and Dr. E. E. Taylor defeated W. W. Hoppin, Jr., and E. Colby, 7—5, 6—4.

Bar Harbor Tennis Results.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 11.—Mrs. Gouverneur Morris of New York won the final match of th eladies' tennis singles at the Kebo Valley Club to-day, defeating Miss Green in a hard-fought contest.

Three matches were played at the Swimming Club in the ladies' doubles, bringing the match down to the semi-finals. Miss Madeline Force and Miss Katherine Force beat Miss Winthrop and Miss Tolfree, 6—1 and 6—4. Mrs. Gouverneur Morris of New York and Miss Newhall of Philadelphia beat Mrs. Nathalie Schenck Collins and Mrs. Breese, 6—4 and 7—5. Mrs. John Kersley Mitchell and Miss Susette Davis beat Miss M. L. Emmet and partner, 6—2 and 6—1.

The second round of the men's singles at Kebo brought out some fast tennis, although all the matches were won in straight sets. The scores: N. F. Davis defeated John K. Mitchell by default; Edgar Scott defeated W. A. Lawrence, 6—4 and 6—4; M. T. Pyne beat R. Henderson, 6—1, and 6—2; S. Wainwright beat R. Hazard, 6—3 and 6—1; Hajime Kawaski beat Thomas Ridgway, 6—4 and 6—3; C. Biddle beat Pennington Pearson, 8—6 and 7—5; Paul D. Mills beat R. Sturges, 6—4 and 6—3; J. W. Davis beat Gouverneur Morris by default.

Newport Women in Handicap Doubles.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11.—The Newport ladies began their tennis tournament in handicap doubles at the Newport Casino this morning, completing the first round. The summary: Miss Brown beat Miss Ruth Twombly by default; Miss Chase beat Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., 6—3, 6—1; Mrs. Howard G. Cushing beat Miss Maude wetmore by default; Miss M. Scott beat Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden by default; Mrs. Frances C. Bishop beat Miss Marianna Fullam, 6—3, 6—1; Miss B. Grosvenor beat Miss Dorothea Carroll, 8—6, 7—5; Miss Jennie Wallach beat Mrs. Gordon Douglas, 6—3, 9—7.

Tennis Ranking Committee Changes.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 11.—Dr. P. B. Hawk, who will act as Chairman of the National Tennis Ranking Committee for the season of 1909, announced here to-night that there had been a rearrangement of the committee. The new member of the committe will be Beals O. Wright of Boston, an ex-National champion, while C. Frederick Watson, Jr., of Orange, N. J., will again serve. Dr. Hawk desires to establish a more complete list than last year, and at Newport next week will make arrangements to receive complete reports of the performance of every tournament player in this country.

HAMBURG BELLE FAILS.

J. E. Madden's Great Trotter Tires in Trying to Break 2:02¾ Mark.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 11.—John E. Madden's Humburg Belle failed in an effort to break her record of 2:02¾ at the North Randall track to-day, 2:03¼ being the best she could do. Paced by two runners the mare made good time until she was within 150 yards of the wire, when she tired perceptibly and finished very slowly.

Bob Douglas carried away the $5,000 Ohio stake in three straight heats. He was a heavily played favorite and drew the pole. Peninsa Maid and Judge Lee fought every inch of the way in the last two heats for second place.

Thousands of dollars changed hands on the 2:09 pace, which was won by Green Pilot. Nearly a hundred residents of Kanawha, where the horse is owned, attended the races and put down all the money on him they could raise. The books opened with Green Pilot selling at $50; Walter Hal, $45; The Contractor, $10, and the field, $0. The bettors took the money so fast that at the beginning of the third heat Green Pilot was quoted at $50 to $16 against the field.

Ed Geers drove Geraldine to victory in the 2:14 pace, although the mare broke several times. Lady Maud C. experienced no trouble in winning the 2:05 pace.

Entries for Saratoga Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; handicap; six furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Dalmatian 125	Scarpia	104
Sweep 120	Medallion	109
Herkimer 115	Hampton Court	100
Louise S. 107	Fighting Bob	107
Busy 107	Cherryola	103
Pretend 110	Angerona	113
Colinet 110	Jacquelina	108
Shannon 104	Fauntleroy	108

Also eligible:

Grasmere 117	Radium Star	98

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds and upward; steeplechase handicap; selling; about two miles.

Grandpa 150	Bigot	136
Student King 130	Sunglow	144
Recruit 130	Creolin	145
Mono 130		

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds; Seneca; selling; six furlongs.

Homecrest 106	*May River	103
Prince Gal 119	Personal	103
Taboo 101	Sententious	99
*Twilight Queen 94		

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; steeplechase handicap; selling; about two miles.

Maltbie 123	Wintergreen	111
Alfred Noble 115	Etherial	106
Live Wire 110	Hilltop	90
Prince Ahmed 122	Crystal Maid	104
Dorante 120	Also eligible:	
Rayol Vane 100	Tony Bonero	103
Danoscara 107	Darknight	92
Ontario 113	Dr. Barkley	90
Zienap 92	Mazuma	93
Berkeley 100		

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and one-half furlongs.

*Compton 107	Pulka	104
Glimp 98	*Loco	105
Ostend 107	Frosty	109
Follie Levy 111	Duquesne	104
*Lingfield 97	*Palo Chiquito	96
Love Watches 102	*Zacatecas	97
Marchfield 99	*Crackshooter	100
Howdy Howdy 96		

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; six furlongs.

Clockwork 112	Racing Belle	110
Bandello 110	Maximum	115
Woodnitch 110	Blue Tie	110
Pete 112	Peep In	112
Fonair 110	Miss Popular	110
Bardminster 110	Bolando	115
John Florio 112	Solicitor	112
Van Den 115	Turley	115

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

ARTICLES SIGNED FOR BIG FIGHT

Johnson Agrees to Meet Jeffries in Ring Within Eight Months.

FROM 20 TO 100 ROUNDS

Bids from Various Boxing Clubs to be Received Within Sixty Days—$10,000 for Side Bet.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Articles of agreement for a fight between James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson for the heavyweight championship of the world were signed here to-day. The fight is to take place within eight months before the club offering the best inducements. All bids for the fight are to be made within sixty days.

Sam Berger, manager for James J. Jeffries, George Little, Johnson's manager, and Jack Johnson were present at the meeting when the articles were signed.

Little, however, had nothing to do with the arrangement of terms for the fight, having turned the whole affair over to Johnson.

The articles prepared by Jeffries were given to Johnson by Berger. After carefully perusing the papers, Johnson handed them back to Berger, remarking as he did so that they were not at all satisfactory to him. He declared he was ready to sign agreements, but he wanted to sign an agreement to "fight." He then outlined what he conceived would be a satisfactory agreement.

A warm discussion followed. Berger objected to any mention of the purse in the articles, but he finally yielded this point. Johnson was equally as insistent that the reference to Jeffries as the heavyweight champion of the world be stricken from the agreement, and declared that his position on this point was irrevocable. He finally won out and all reference to this subject was omitted.

The agreement as signed calls for a fight of from 20 to 100 rounds for the heavyweight championship of the world. The division of the purse was left to the decision of Jeffries. It also provides that as a guarantee of good faith each of the parties to the agreement shall post $5,000 with Charles A. Comiskey of Chicago within seventy-two hours, on the understanding that the $5,000 operate as a side bet on the contest.

MEADOW BROOK CHAMPION.

Crack Long Island Team Captures Senior Polo Title.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 11.—There was a large attendance at the Point Judith Country Club polo tournament to-day, when the crack Meadow Brooks met Dedham in the final match of the senior championship at Wildfield Farm.

Meadow Brook won the championship and the silver cup presented by William Waldorf Astor through the Tuxedo Club by a score of 15 to 4¾. Dedham put up an aggressive game, but the Massachusetts team was outclassed by the famous Long Island four, and from the fifth period it was Meadow Brook's game. The playing of the two Waterburys and Devereux Milburn, whose daring riding won much applause, were features of the match.

Among those here from Newport were Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Beekman, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. Frederick O. Beach, Harry Curtis, Dennie Hare, and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur S. Burden. The line-up:

Meadow Brook—1—J. S. Phillips; 2—J. M. Waterbury, Jr.; 3—L. Waterbury; back—Devereux Milburn. Dedham—1—Allen Forbes; 2—L. A. Shaw; 3—Joshua Crane; back—S. H. Wolcott.

Referee—Mr. Wheeler. Timers—Messrs. H. H. Kane, William C. Marrow, and Henry De Coppet.

WHITES CAPTURE CUP.

Squadron A Polo Tournament Closed for Annual Drill.

The polo season of Squadron A. was brought to a temporary close yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park, when the White team defeated the Blues in the final game for the Le Boutellier Cup, by the score of 5 to ¾ goals. Four games have been played for the trophy, three of which were captured by the Whites. Squadron A. will go into camp this week, but the play will be resumed upon its return.

The contest yesterday was somewhat one-sided, but much of the interest was taken away by the many penalties inflicted on the Blue team players. Two goals were scored by them, but they lost 1¼ points through fouls and safeties. The five goals scored by the winners were made by J. H. Hunt and T. Neilson. The line up and summary:

White—1—A. V. Baird; 2—T. Neilson; 3—J. H. Hunt; back—R. Gilder. Blues—1—H. Goddard; 2—A. V. Perry; 3—R. T. Lee; back—L. J. Hunt.

Goals—Whites, 5; Blues, 2. Lost by penalties—Blues, 1¼. Total goals—Whites, 5; Blues, ¾. Referee—Mr. H. Strong.

New Yorkers in Final Matches.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Aug. 11.—The tennis tournament on Sugar Hill resulted in Donald Bowles and Rockwood King of New York winning the semi-finals matches, bringthem together for teh finals to-morrow. were arraigned.

CASCONE DIES OF WOUNDS.

His Slayer, Senteniello, Is in the Hospital with Bad Stab in Back.

Rafaelle Cascone, the proprietor of a coffee saloon at 108 Mulberry Street, died last night in the Hudson Street Hospital, where he was taken following his being shot in the back on Tuesday night by Amato Senteniello, the 17-year-old brother and cousin of two men for whose murder Cascone was convicted four years ago and spent some time in the death chamber at Sing Sing before being acquitted at a second trial.

Previous to his death Cascone made a statement to Coroner Harburger accusing Senteniello of the shooting. It reads as follows:

"I believe that I am about to die and that there is no hope of my recovery. I was shot by Carbonuccio Senteniello in revenge for my having killed his brother."

Senteniello is in St. Vincent's Hospital, where he was taken at 3 o'clock yesterday morning when the night keeper at Police Headquarters where Senteniello had been locked up after the shooting, noticed that the boy had a severe stab wound in the small of his back. Detectives Ross and Decker, who arrested him, could not account for this wound, as they are certain that Senteniello was all right when they captured him. They think that he may have been struck as they were dragging him back to confront his victim through the crowd of excited Italians who filled the street.

Mrs. Cascone, who was arrested at the time of the shooting, and who was later released by Coroner Harburger, was rearrested at her home yesterday afternoon. She was rearraigned before the Coroner, who held her in $500 bail as a material witness. Bond was furnished by a Hester Street saloon keeper.

MAN GONE, WIFE TOOK POISON.

Mrs. Lafferty Had Asked Invalid Not to Visit Friends.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Aug. 11.—Residents of Cross Street, a short avenue which connects Fulton Street with Front Street at the residence of August Belmont, were aroused late yesterday afternoon by a series of cries coming from the home of Joseph Lafferty. Neighbors who hurried to the house were met by Mrs. John Steiner, and she asked John Van Cott to go for a doctor. He got Dr. H. E. Boerum, whose associate in the Nassau Hospital, Dr. L. N. Lanehart, said that Lafferty's wife, Mamie, had swallowed chloroform liniment. The physician reached her in time to save her life.

About a year ago Lafferty received injuries in a trolley accident which practically amounted to the breaking of his back. He was taken to the Nassau Hospital and placed on an air bed, and though the injury to the vertebrae had rendered him helpless, he continued to live under the care of Dr. Lanehart and Dr. Boerum. When his case against the trolley company came up on the Supreme Court calendar last Spring it aroused great interest in Nassau County, as it was expected that Lafferty would be brought into court on a rolling bed. The matter was settled out of court, however. The young man left the hospital, and can be seen now being pushed through the streets here lying flat on his rolling bed.

Mrs. Lafferty became exceedingly nervous through her seige of trouble, and according to the story told yesterday, she asked her husband not to go down the street for a chat with his old friends, as in her nervous state she had become jealous of the attentions he received.

It is supposed that, excited by his refusal, she drank the liniment.

C. F. PATTERSON SUED.

Martha Patterson Seeks Divorce on Ground of His Remarriage.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Charles F. Patterson of New York City is defendant in a suit for divorce filed in the Circuit Court here by Martha Patterson. The complainant charges that her husband married another woman recently and that he has never obtained a divorce, to her knowledge.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 11.—Charles F. Patterson and Olive M. Gilson were married on July 20 at the home of the bride's parents, near here. They left on July 22 for the East.

Charles F. Patterson is a manager of the Bell Telephone Company, with offices at 195 Broadway, and resides at the New York Athletic Club. At his office yesterday it was stated that he had left for Chicago, and that his trip was purely in pursuit of business.

VIRGINIA CROPS IN DANGER.

Long Drought Causes Serious Losses to the Farmers.

WINCHESTER, Va., Aug. 11.—The great cornfields of Northern Virginia are burning up. The severest drought of years is prevailing, and for more than six weeks little if any rain has fallen in the Shenandoah and Page Valleys. Streams are lower than for years, and many are dry. The corn crop will be almost a total failure, while other growing crops are cut short.

Should the drought prevail much longer the apple crop will be seriously affected. Thousands of dollars have already been lost to the farmers, and each day the loss increases.

The railroads are seriously troubled, hay fields being set on fire by passing locomotives and valuable property menaced.

HAMLETS GET NO 'NEAR BEER.'

Beverage Can't Be Sold in Georgia in Towns of Less Than 2,500.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 11.—After a spirited debate of several hours' duration the Senate last night eliminated the "Alexander Near Beer" amendment from the general tax bill and passed a substitute measure by a substantial majority.

The Alexander amendment, which has been a bone of contention in the present Legislature, imposed a tax of $1,000 a year on wholesalers of "near beer" and $500 a year on retailers. The substitute measure adopted places the $1,000 tax on wholesalers and reduces the retail tax to $300 a year.

It also carries with it an amendment forbidding the sale of the beverage in towns of less than 2,500 inhabitants.

PREACHER FORGAVE INJURY.

Made Police Promise Not to Arrest Driver Who Ran Him Down.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Refusing to be taken to the hospital although perhaps fatally injured, until promised that the person who injured him would not be arrested, the Rev. William P. Jacobs, an Episcopalian minister and head of Thornwell Orphanage of Clinton, S. C., aged 60, put the golden rule of life which he has preached for many years into practice. The minister, in Washington on a sightseeing trip, was run over on Pennsylvania Avenue last night by a two-seated surrey.

"I do not want the driver prosecuted," he said, "as I know it was not his fault." Despite the promise of the police to the injured man, the driver was arrested.

STEERS CHARGE INTO CROWD.

Michigan Woman Seriously Hurt When Animals Break from Parade.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 11.—A number of persons were trampled on and otherwise injured when a dozen steers, which were part of a Wild West show parade, charged into a crowd at the entrance to the St. Clair Street Bridge here to-day. Several dogs ran barking at the steers as they reached the bridge approach and stampeded the animals into the crowd.

Miss Jessie Ingley of Grayling was seriously injured by being trampled on. The other injured persons' hurts were of a minor nature.

A METEORITE EXPLOSION.

Sleepers in Connecticut Hills Are Roused by the Sharp Report.

TORRINGTON, Conn., Aug. 11.—A meteorite exploded above Rosenbeck Hill early to-day in the Eastern part of this borough, with a report that awakened sleepers in the borough and the surrounding country. Two residents saw the meteor in the atmosphere before the explosion and say that the whole sky was lighted up by it for an instant.

For the past week many meteors have been reported as having been seen from this locality. The meteorite is said to have been about the size of a muskmelon.

LEFT $1,309,000 TO BROTHER.

Hannah L. Colgate Also Willed $62,000 to Her Cousins.

The report of the appraisal of the estate of Hannah L. Colgate, daughter of the late George and Jane Cauldwell Colgate, who died at 5 East Eighty-second Street on March 28 last, was filed with the Surrogate yesterday. It shows her gross personality to be $804,942, together with realty valued at $581,000, making a total of $1,385,942. Deductions of $14,241 for administration and executor's expenses leave the net estate $1,371,701.

Under the will her brother, William Colgate, was made the residuary legatee, getting $1,307,701. About $62,000 went to cousins.

The testator's personality included Baltimore & Ohio Railroad stock, $37,050; National Lead, $47,080; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad stock, $52,000; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad stock, $53,850; General Electric Company, $31,400, and about $22,000 in bank. Her jewelry was valued at $1,200. Her realty included Nos. 120, 128, 136, 127, 129, and 236 West 132d Street; 776 and 772 West End Avenue, 43 West Twentieth Street, 71 Mercer Street, and 103 Bleecker Street.

Catholic Societies Elect Officers.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—At the closing session of the American Federation of Catholic Societies, held to-day, the following officers were elected: President—Edward G. Feeney of Brooklyn; Vice President—J. B. Celkers of Newark, N. J. New Orleans was decided upon as the place of meeting in 1910. Pope Pius X., through the Papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Merry del Val, sent his greeting yesterday in a cable message to Bishop J. F. Regis Canevin.

STEEL BUYING STILL HEAVY.

Inquiries Made for Rails for Delivery Next Year—Labor Scarcity.

One of the features of the steel trade situation as reported this week in The Iron Age is the appearance of inquiries for steel rails for delivery next year. The business in other finished products continues at the same encouraging rate which has been constant since the Summer began. The Iron Age says:

A somewhat significant incident in the steel rail trade is the fact that one system has appeared in the market with an inquiry for 60,000 tons for delivery during 1910. The Baltimore & Ohio has purchased some 20,000 tons, the Chicago Great Western 10,000 tons, the Burlington 5,000 tons, and the Atlantic Coast Line 3,500 tons.

New orders for plates are pouring in to the mills from the car builders. New contracts for structural material have not been large or significant during the week.

The pressure upon the coke producers is causing some uneasiness to the furnaces. It is mainly a question of securing the needed labor for rapidly resuming operations.

The establishment of a system of co-operation among Eastern steel mills, by which purchases of melting scrap are made through one firm of merchants, has aroused opposition in the scrap trade. Efforts are being made to get the railroads to co-operate in withholding scrap from the market.

The Iron Trade Review says:

The condition of the iron trade continues highly satisfactory. The first week under the new tariff gives little indication of that measure affecting the trade in iron and steel products to any important extent this year, although there is much more inquiry for prices on foreign material on which duties have been reduced, and English iron has advanced. There is some confusion in alloys, and sinc has advanced in price.

Scarcity of labor, particularly in machine shops and in mining operations, is becoming a factor of increasing importance. Surprising activity continues in Lake Superior iron ore, and it is probable that August will make a new record for shipments.

A very decided increase in interest in steel making irons has been a feature of the pig iron market in the Central West. Sales in the Pittsburg district have been extremely heavy, while inquiries foot up about 150,000 tons.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works have taken orders for fifty locomtives from the Hill railroads, and expect soon to be working night and day, employing 20,000 men. Recent car orders total fully 25,000.

Keystone Telephone Co.'s Growth.

The annual report of the Keystone Telephone Company of Philadelphia, issued yesterday, shows that the company has increased its telephones in service in Philadelphia and its suburbs from 17,000 in 1905 to 30,000 in 1908. The company has ducts in 335 miles of street. The earnings for the year amounted to $1,073,462, compared with $1,051,071 in 1908. The net profits for the year, after charging $100,000 for renewals and providing for $312,307 fixed charges, were $130,145, against net profits of $98,836 the previous year. The accumulated reserve fund on June 30, 1909, amounted to $467,212.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—The local copper market opened strong, with not very much activity either way. During the afternoon the market was very strong. There was a scramble all around the room to buy stocks. The closing was very active and at the highest level of the day.

BONDS.

$5,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	103	103	103
36,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	94	93½	93½
7,500	A., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	72½	72	72½
8,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
500	Gen. Elec. cv. 5s	154¾	154¾	154¾
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99¾	99¾	99¾
2,000	U. S. Steel 2d 5s	107¾	107¾	107¾

RAILROADS.

15	Atchison	120	119¾	120
3	Boston Elevated	127¾	127¾	127¾
55	Boston & Albany	229	230	230
9	Boston & Lowell	225	225	225
27	Boston & Maine	147	147	147
110	Mass. Elec. pf.	74	73½	74
30	N. Y., N. H. & H.	171½	171½	171½
136	Union Pacific	206¾	204	206¾
5	Union Pacific pf.	104	104	104
5	West End	95½	95½	95½

TELEPHONES.

1,289	American	142¾	142	142½

MISCELLANEOUS.

2,995	Am. Ag. Chem.	49¾	48½	49¾
14	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103¾	103	103
214	A., G. & W. I.	10¾	10	10½
285	A., G. & W. I. pf.	31	30¼	31
400	Am. Pneu. Service	8¼	8	8
10	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	19¼	19¼	19¼
300	Am. Sugar Refining	133	133	133⅜
136	Am. Sugar Ref

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10 Greenwich Bank
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$3,000 Hudson Navigation 6s
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Pacific Gas & Electric Co.
Preferred and Common Stocks.
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co.
Preferred and Common Stocks.
SUTRO BROS. & CO.
BANKERS,
44 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
Members New York Stock Exchange.

Henry Clews & Co.
BANKERS.
11, 13, 15, AND 17 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold Cash or Carried on the usual Credit terms.
Banking Accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued Available the World Over.

Jones & Laughlin Steel 5s, 1939
Western Pacific 5s, 1933
Brooklyn Edison 1st 4s, 1939
Milwaukee Gas 4s, 1927
Borden's Condensed Milk "Rights"
Paterson & Co. BONDS
Traction, Gas, Inactive Railroads
Tel. 1985-6-7 Rector. 20 BROAD ST., N. Y.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Rise Sharply at Close—Call Money Rates, 2¼@2½ Per Cent.

LOUISVILLE THE FEATURE

Report of Stock Dividend Drives Stocks Up—New High Records After Early Heaviness—Time Money Hardening.

In the forenoon part of yesterday's stock market the price movement was obviously influenced by the reactionary tendency of the previous day. There was very little diminution in the selling pressure, which seemed again to come very largely from professional traders and from a half dozen of the larger speculative houses in the financial district. One of these houses in particular was credited with sales of 30,000 shares in the morning session alone. Stronger support was forthcoming, however, than on the previous day, and outside of the issues which bore the brunt of the selling vigor was manifested. Copper shares were well bought at advancing prices, and the course of this group, supported as it was by the higher quotations for the metal in London as well as in this city, and the sharp rise in Louisville & Nashville and Atlantic Coast Line stocks were the chief factors in the market's rally in the afternoon. As prices advanced in these two groups pressure upon other parts of the list diminished and by the opening of the final hour of business short covering and a renewal of the aggressive buying which has been a feature of so many markets in the recent past lifted stocks in all departments from one to three points. At the close of the day new high records had been established by a number of issues, including Louisville, Union Pacific, and Chesapeake & Ohio. The demonstration of general strength which accompanied the final advance in all the shares mentioned was impressive, although it appeared to have been accomplished very largely at the expense of a short interest which has been accumulating through a number of market sessions. It has been difficult for a great many people unaccustomed to Wall Street's ways to understand its steady belief in the approach of a higher range of prices now that such fundamental factors as the completion of tariff legislation and the making of large crops are things of the past. The circumstances surrounding yesterday's rise in Louisville & Nashville explain very well the character of the reasoning upon which speculative hopes of a higher market are based. It is argued that if Louisville & Nashville thinks it proper to capitalize earnings put back into the property and thus give valuable rights to its shareholders other railroads and even industrial corporations may find it feasible to do the same. In other words, with fundamental factors removed as arguments for higher prices, the possibility and, it must be admitted, the probability of other transactions of the Louisville & Nashville kind become sustaining influences in the market. It is hardly necessary to point out their somewhat precarious nature. Outside of the apparent turn for the better in the copper situation other matters attracting attention during the day included a batch of excellent railroad earnings statements, notably that of the Northern Pacific, with its increase in operating revenues in June of nearly $2,000,000, and the American Telephone and Telegraph's similarly favorable showing for the same month.

Call money rates again ruled above 2 per cent., and in time money there was witnessed once more the gradual hardening of rates, which has been a feature of recent money markets. The banks held their ground with the Sub-Treasury, but are receiving less on balance from the interior. July statistics of breadstuff exports were a trifle more encouraging, falling only $1,250,000 under those of July a year ago.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Scaled gold Mining Co.
Wells-Fargo Express Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Harwell-Evans Co.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930.	100⅝	101⅛	Man. Elev.	144	146
2s, c., 1930.	100⅝	101⅛	Md. C. pf.	70	..
3s, r., 1918.	101	102	Mre. Marine	6¼	7
3s, c., 1918.	101	102	Met. St. R.	20	23
4s, r., 1925.	116	117	Mich. Cent.	150	180
4s, c., 1925.	118	..	M. S. T. pf.	..	90
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½	M. & St. L. pf.	84	92
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101½	M., St. P. & S. S. M. lsed lines.	89⅝	89¾
D. C. 3-65s.	108	..	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	160	165
Adams Exp.	225	..	Mo., K. & T. pf.	74⅜	75
Alb. & Sus.	224½	..	Mor. & Es.	184	190
Allis-Chalm. pf.	15½	16	Nat. B. pf.	126½	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	100	110	Nat. Gen. C.	40	53
A. B. S. pf.	93	96½	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
Am. Coal.	120	150	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	87	87½
A. C. O. pf.	102½	107	N. Y. D. Co.	40	47
Am. D. T.	20	30	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	82½
Am. Exp.	231	235	N. Y., L. & W.	126	130
Am. Snuff.	230	300	N. Y. & N. J.	142	142½
Am. Sn. pf.	110	110	N. O. T. & L.	28	30
A. T. & C.	82	86	Ont. Mining	3	4
Ann Arbor.	15	30	Pac. C. 1st pf.	99	100
Ann A. pf.	..	80	Pac. Mail.	31¼	32
Asso. M. 1st pf.	107¾	..	Peo. & E.	25	26½
Asso. M. 2d pf.	..	..	Phelps D'ge.	175	..
B. & O. pf.	98¼	94	P., C. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	110	117½
Beth. S. pf.	65¼	65¾	P. Ft. W. & C.	174½	..
B., R. & P.	90	105	Pullman Co.	197	200
B., R. & P. pf.	121	130	Q'ksil'r pf.	5½	6½
Bs. & Me. pf.	..	70	R. R. Sec., Ill. C. stk. ctfs.	90½	95
Canada So.	69	69¾	Rdg. 1st pf.	93	95
C. & S. A. Tel.	114	117	Rens. & S.	195	..
C. & A. pf.	74	75	R. W. & O.	125	..
C., B. & Q.	250	..	Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	150	Rutland pf.	36½	37½
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A.	25	45	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	70	73
Chi. Gt. W. deb.	61	64	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf.	116	125
C., I. & L. pf.	40	80	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	116	125
C. & N. W. pf.	223	229	St. L. & S. E. & E. I. ctfs.	62	69
C. T. T. pf.	12	18¼	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	116	125
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	6	6¼	St. L. & S. W. 2d pf.	27¾	27¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	75	75½	Sears-R. pf.	..	117½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	104¾	..	So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	86	90
Cleve. & P.	173¾	..	Texas Cent.	35	..
C. F. & I. pf.	75	110	Tex. C. pf.	70	..
C. S. 2d pf.	80¼	81	T. P. L. T.	90	92¾
Crex Carpet.	56	60	T., P. & W.	17	20½
D., L. & W.	550	600	U. B. & P. pf.	77½	80
D. M. & Ft. D.	..	..	U. Cig. M. pf.	108	110
D., S. S. & A. pf.	31¾	33	U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	83	84
Ev. & T. H. pf.	85	95	U. S. Exp.	89	95
F. M. & S.	84	88	U. S. L. pf.	114	120
Gen. C. Co.	90	110	U. S. R. & Imp't pf.	82½	83½
Gen. C. Co. pf.	104½	110	U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15½	16
G. B. & W.	80	..	U. S. R. & R.	174	..
Hav. E. R. pf.	84	90	Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	122	123
Homestake.	80	91	Va. I., C. & Coke.	64	67
Ill. C. L.	98	..	Vul. Det.	14⅜	15
Inger.-Rand. pf.	90	..	Vul. D. pf.	63¾	66½
Int. Power.	93	..	W.-F. Exp.	315	..
Jol. & Chi.	108¼	..	Westingh'se 1st pf.	124	130
K. & M. r.	55	60	W. & L. E. pf.	58	60
K. & D. M. pf.	9	11	Lake Shore.	300	400
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45	Mackay Cos. pf.	74⅜	75
Kn. Ice, C. pf.	68	80	Mah. C. R.	310	..
Laclede Gas.	104	..	Man. Beach.	4	6
Laclede Gas pf.	..	98			
L. E. & W. pf.	58	60			
Lake Shore.	300	400			
Mackay Cos. pf.	74⅜	75			
Mah. C. R.	310	..			
Man. Beach.	4	6			

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Aug. 11, 1909 964,385
From Jan. 1, 1909 119,513,473
Corresponding period last year 106,305,930

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
54¾	55½	500	Allis-Chalmers pf.	55½	55½	54¾	54¾	−1⅛
88⅝	88¾	69,500	*Amalgamated Cop.	87½	88⅝	87¼	88⅛	+2
49¼	50	400	Am. Agri. Chemical	48¾	49¼	48¾	49½	+¾
46	46¼	17,900	Am. Beet Sugar	47½	47⅝	45	46	−2
12⅜	12⅞	1,200	American Can	12⅜	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+⅛
83½	84	300	American Can pf.	83¼	84	83⅜	84	...
68½	69	4,100	Am. Car & Foundry	69	69	67¾	68⅝	...
120½	123	300	Am. Car & Found. pf.	122	123	122	123	+¾
75¾	76	200	American Cotton Oil	75¾	76	75¾	76	...
9	9¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	−⅛
49⅝	49¾	4,500	Am. Hide & L. pf.	48⅞	50⅛	48½	49¾	+1½
38⅜	39	3,025	Am. Ice Securities	38⅝	38⅞	37¼	38½	+⅞
16½	17	300	*American Linseed	16¾	16¾	16¾	16½	+⅛
44	44½	200	*Am. Linseed pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	...
67¾	68	3,300	Am. Locomotive	67½	68	66¾	68	+⅝
121	122	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	120½	120½	120½	120½	−⅛
9¼	10	260	American Malt	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	...
54½	55¼	500	American Malt pf.	55	55½	55	55	−¼
104	104⅛	27,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	103	104⅛	102⅜	104⅛	+1⅜
115⅜	116	1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	115⅜	115⅝	115⅛	115⅝	−⅛
89½	89⅝	700	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf., B.	89½	89⅝	89½	89⅞	−⅛
60	61	100	Am. Steel Foundries	61	61	61	61	−1¼
133½	133¾	100	Am. Sugar Ref.	133¼	133½	132½	133½	+⅛
125	128	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	126	126	126	126	−⅛
142	142¾	3,450	Am. Tel. & Tel.	142¾	142½	142	142½	−⅛
101¾	101⅞	200	American Tobacco pf.	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅞	...
38½	39¼	300	*American Woolen	39	39¼	38½	38¼	−¼
104¼	105	800	*American Woolen pf.	105⅞	105⅞	105¼	105¼	−⅝
50⅜	50⅞	10,020	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	50	51	49⅞	50⅞	+1⅞
120¼	120½	18,800	Atch., Top. & S.F.	119⅞	120½	119⅜	120⅞	+⅞
104⅜	105¼	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	104⅞	105⅜	104⅞	105¼	+¼
142½	143	9,500	Atlantic Coast Line	137¾	142½	136	142½	+5½
119¾	119⅞	6,400	Baltimore & Ohio	119⅝	120	119¾	119¾	...
4⅞	5¼	300	Batopilas Mining	5	5	5	5	...
33½	33⅝	200	Bethlehem Steel	33¼	33½	33¼	33½	+⅛
80½	81	2,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	80¼	80⅞	79⅞	80⅝	+⅝
147	147½	300	Brooklyn Union Gas	147	147	147	147	+⅝
17	18¼	25	Brunswick City	17½	17½	17½	17½	...
31	32	130	Butterick Co.	31⅛	31⅞	31½	31⅝	−⅞
186½	186⅝	3,700	Canadian Pacific	186	186⅝	185⅝	186½	...
36¼	36⅞	4,100	Central Leather Co.	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	36⅛	+¼
109	109¼	600	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	109	109	109	109	−⅝
310	315	400	Central R. R. of N. J.	310	314	310	314	+4
82⅝	82¾	26,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	82	83	81	82¾	+⅝
68⅝	69	100	Chicago & Alton	69	69	69	69	...
3¾	4	300	Chi. Gt. Western	3½	3⅞	3½	3⅝	−⅜
3¾	4	800	Chi. Gt. West. t. r.	3½	3⅞	3½	3¾	−¼
8¼	8⅜	2,900	Chi. Gt. West pf., B.	8¼	8⅞	8¼	8¼	+¼
8¼	8½	1,000	Chi. Gt. W. pf. B. tr.	8¼	8⅞	8¼	8¼	+¼
160	160¼	26,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	159¾	160¼	159	160¼	+½
171¾	172	2,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	170½	172	170½	172	+2½
196¼	196½	4,010	Chi. & Northwestern	193½	196¼	193	196¼	+2¼
162	165	100	Chi., St. P. M. & O.	163½	163½	163½	163½	−½
175	180	100	C., St. P., M. & O. pf.	180	180	180	180	+5
14⅞	15	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. pf.	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	−⅝
47¼	47	3,400	t.r. sta.	47¼	47¼	45⅝	47	...
55	56	30	Colorado Fuel & Iron	56	56	55	55	...
82	82½	300	Colorado Southern	81¾	81¾	81½	81½	−⅝
71¾	71½	200	Col. Southern 1st pf.	71⅜	71⅜	71⅛	71½	+½
146¾	146¾	13,260	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	145	146¾	145	146⅜	+2½
24½	24⅝	3,300	Consolidated Gas	24¼	24⅝	24	24⅝	+⅛
88¾	89	1,200	Corn Products Ref.	88¾	89	88½	88¾	−⅝
196	196½	400	Corn Products R. pf.	195¾	196½	195¾	196	−¼
51⅝	52	3,900	Delaware & Hudson	51⅝	52	51¾	52	+⅝
88⅞	89¼	1,100	Denver & Rio Grande	88⅜	89¼	88⅜	89	−⅛
30¾	30¾	100	Denver & Rio G. pf.	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	−⅞
16	17	18,400	*Distillers Securities	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	−¼
38¼	38⅜	3,000	Duluth, S. S. & At.	37¾	38⅝	37¾	38⅛	+⅛
55⅞	56	700	Erie	55⅝	56⅜	55¼	56	+⅛
45½	46	24,900	Erie 1st pf.	45½	46	45½	46	+⅞
60	65	8,400	Erie 2d pf.	60	60	60	60	...
93	94	400	Evans. & Terre H.	94	94	93	93	...
171	171½	1,000	Federal Min. & S. pf.	171¼	171¾	170⅜	171¾	−⅛
100	102	100	General Electric	100	103	100	102	+1½
155½	156⅜	21,900	Granby Consol.	153½	156⅞	153	156½	+1½
87⅛	87¼	12,400	Great Northern pf.	86⅛	87¾	85½	87¼	+1
64	65¼	900	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	65	65	65	65	...
121¼	122¼	5,000	Havana Electric	117	122⅞	116⅞	121¾	+5¼
94¼	94½	200	*Hocking Valley t. r.	93½	94	93¼	94	+½
157⅝	157¾	2,500	Hocking Valley pf.	156¾	157¾	156¾	157¾	+⅛
15	15¼	1,000	Illinois Central	150¾	155⅛	15	15¼	+⅛
48	48¼	5,100	Interborough-Met.	15¼	15⅝	47¼	48¼	+⅛
89⅝	89¾	200	Interborough-Met. pf.	48¼	48¼	89¾	89¾	−⅛
120⅝	121¼	500	Intern'l Harvester	89¼	89½	121	121	...
17	17½	550	Intern'l Harvester pf.	121¼	121¼	17	17¼	+¼
67¼	67⅝	1,500	International Paper	17	17¼	67¼	67⅝	+¼
88¼	88⅝	200	Intern'l Paper pf.	67¼	68⅜	88¼	88¼	+¼
32⅜	32⅝	1,460	Intern'l Steam P. pf.	88¼	88¼	31¾	31⅝	+¼
58¼	58½	800	Iowa Central	32⅜	32⅝	58¼	58¼	−⅛
78	78½	200	Iowa Central pf.	58¼	58½	57¾	58¼	−⅛
47⅝	47¾	2,000	Kan. C., F. S. & M. pf.	78	78	78	78	−⅛
72½	73	300	Kan. C. Southern	47¼	47¾	47	47¾	+¼
25½	26½	20	Kan. City Southern pf.	73¼	73¼	73	73	+¼
69¼	70	200	Lake Erie & Western	25½	25½	25½	25½	...
160½	162	8,200	Long Island	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	+1¾
84	84½	2,400	Louisville & Nash.	155	160¾	154	160¾	+7⅛
22	22½	200	Mackay Cos.	83¾	84½	83¾	83¾	+⅝
56½	56½	200	Mercantile Marine pf.	22½	22½	22½	22½	+⅝
144	144½	400	Minn. & St. Louis	56½	56½	56½	56½	+⅛
43¼	43¾	3,900	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	144	144	144	144	+¼
75½	75¾	2,500	Missouri, Kan. & T.	43	43½	41⅞	43¼	+¼
138	140	800	Missouri Pacific	76	76	75	75¾	+¼
106½	106½	100	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	139	135	139	139	−⅝
16	17	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	106¼	106½	106¼	106½	−⅛
88½	89½	200	Nat. Enam. & S. Co.	16½	16½	16½	16½	...
92½	92⅝	5,600	Nat. E. & S. Co. pf.	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	+¼
113¼	113⅝	100	National Lead Co.	92	92½	91⅝	92½	+½
52	53½	300	National Lead Co. pf.	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	...
24⅝	24⅝	1,300	Nat. Rys. of Mex. pf.	51¾	52¼	51¾	52¼	+⅝
3¾	4	300	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+⅜
96	96½	400	*Newhouse M. & S.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+⅜
141¼	141⅝	18,650	New York Air Brake	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
56	57	100	New York Central	140¼	141⅝	139½	141⅝	+1⅞
171	171½	300	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	56½	56⅝	56½	56½	...
51	51⅝	500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	171½	171½	171½	171½	−⅝
95½	96	2,100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	51¾	51⅞	51¾	51⅝	−⅜
90	92	100	Norfolk & Western	95	95⅞	95	95⅝	+⅝
85½	86	300	Norfolk & Western pf.	91	91	91	91	...
158⅜	158½	38,575	North American	85½	85⅞	85½	85⅞	+⅛
99	100	1,900	Northern Pacific	156¾	158⅜	156¼	158⅜	+2⅝
103	104	400	Pacific Coast	97¾	103	97¾	103	+7
98	98⅜	1,200	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	100	100	99¾	99⅜	−⅛
139½	140	13,420	Pennsylvania R. R.	141⅜	141⅝	141	141⅝	+½
115⅝	115⅝	2,000	People's Gas, Chicago	115½	115⅝	115¼	115⅝	−⅝
91½	92¼	500	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	92⅛	92⅛	91½	91½	−¾
15⅝	16	400	Pittsburg Coal	15	16	15	16	+1
54	55	200	Pittsburg Coal pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½	−½
53¼	53½	410	Pressed Steel Car.	53⅜	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝	+⅛
110	112	220	Pressed Steel Car pf.	111¾	111¾	111¾	111⅝	+⅜
...	...	100	Quicksilver	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
51½	52¾	1,000	*Ry. Steel Spring	52	52	51⅝	52	+⅛
103¼	104	130	*Ry. Steel Spring pf.	103	103	103	103	+¾
164¼	164½	94,600	Reading	163½	164½	162½	164⅜	+¾
102	102	100	Reading 2d pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	...
38½	39	5,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	38⅝	38⅞	38	38½	...
107	107¼	900	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	106¼	106⅝	106¼	106⅝	−¼
41⅞	42	24,900	Rock Island Co.	41⅝	42	40¼	42	+1⅛
79⅜	79⅞	8,400	Rock Island Co. pf.	79⅜	80	79¼	79⅞	+¾
56⅜	57	500	St. L. & San. F. 2d pf.	56¼	56⅜	56	56⅜	+1¼
67¼	67½	700	St. L. Southw'n pf.	67¼	67¼	67¼	67⅜	−¼
87½	88	600	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co.	86¼	87	86¼	87	+¾
118	120	100	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co. pf.	119	119	119	119	+2½
136	136⅛	39,700	Southern Pacific	134⅝	136¾	134½	136⅛	+1⅜
33⅞	34	25,600	Southern Ry. ext.	33	34	32¾	34	+1⅛
74⅛	74⅜	3,050	Southern Ry. pf., ext.	73	74½	73	74½	+1½
40⅞	41	2,100	*Tennessee Copper	41	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞	+⅛
36½	36¾	6,100	Texas & Pacific	36	36¾	36	36½	+⅛
19½	20	400	Third Avenue	19½	19½	19½	19½	+¼
9¼	10½	100	Toledo Ry. & Light	10½	10½	10½	10½	...
52⅝	53	2,450	Toledo, St. L. & West.	53⅞	53⅞	52	52⅞	−⅜
70¾	71	600	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	71	71⅛	70¾	70¾	−⅛
103½	104	365	Twin City Rapid Tr.	104	104	104	104	+½
...	...	100	Twin City Rapid T. pf.	140	140	140	140	+16¾
14	14½	300	Un. Bag & Paper Co.	13¾	14	13¾	14	+⅛
206½	207	118,600	Union Pacific	204½	207	203⅝	207	+2½
104¾	105¼	2,130	Union Pacific pf.	104½	105¼	104½	105¼	+⅜
111	111¼	500	*United Dry G. pf. ctfs.	110⅝	110⅞	110½	110⅞	−⅛
36	38	200	United Rys. Invest.	37¼	37½	37¼	37½	−½
54	55½	100	United Rys. Invest. pf.	54	54	54	54	...
34	34½	700	U. S. Cast I. P. & F.	33¾	34⅜	33¾	34⅜	+⅜
38¾	39	725	U. S. Reduc. & R. pf.	38¾	39	38⅝	38⅝	+⅜
46¼	46¾	2,000	U. S. Rubber	45⅞	46¼	45	45⅞	+⅜
117	117⅞	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	117	117⅞	117	117⅞	+¼
85	86	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	86	86	86	86	...
78	78⅛	111,300	U. S. Steel	77½	78¼	76⅝	78¼	+½
126⅝	127	4,400	U. S. Steel pf.	126⅜	126⅝	126	126⅝	+⅛
53½	53¾	3,800	Utah Copper	52¾	53¼	52	53¼	+⅛
50⅞	51	2,900	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50⅞	51¼	50⅝	51	...
22	22½	400	Wabash	22	22	21¾	22	+⅛
58½	58⅝	4,700	Wabash pf.	58⅜	58⅝	57¾	58¼	+¼
5½	6	900	Western Maryland	5	5	5	5	...
74⅝	75	1,100	Western Union Tel.	75⅛	75¼	74¾	74⅝	−⅛
88	88¼	1,600	Westing. E. & M.	88	88¼	87⅝	88¼	+⅛
8⅝	8½	2,200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	8	8½	8	8½	+⅛
10¼	11	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10¾	+¾
			MINING STOCK.					
..	..	2,500	Comstock	.26	.26	.26	.26	...

*Unlisted.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¾@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3@3¼ per cent. for ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3⅞@4 per cent. for five months, and 4 per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4@4¼ per cent. for

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Some Voluble Professionals.

During the last hour of trading the market showed a distinct tendency to rally, a fact exceedingly distasteful to many professional traders. It is admitted by the professional traders in question that they had hopes that the market would continue at least irregular for the entire session, and one of them who had traveled into town from the Berkshires expressed his disappointment that certain developments which he had been led to expect would materialize failed to make their appearance. For some reason or other the supposed attitude of these traders was made more or less public property, something unusual to say the least. It is usual to accept statements coming from traders at their face value, but it is sometimes difficult to appraise properly statements made voluntarily and entirely at variance with the known policy of traders who are classed as professionals. One of their failings is not loquacity, and, therefore, a suspicion of volunteered information is logical. The expressed disappointment of the professionals referred to heretofore may have been genuine, or it may not, but those who were taken into the confidence of these traders adopted a waiting attitude.

***

Earnings or Manipulation?

Undoubtedly Louisville & Nashville and Atlantic Coast Line should be classified as leaders in yesterday's market, but these two stocks are not usually placed on possibilities of that kind. From time to time these stocks either advance sharply or are depressed with equal positiveness, but it never occurs to traders that the rest of the market must of necessity follow the same line. Insiders in Louisville & Nashville, and by this is meant men familiar with the affairs of the company, have been preaching a bullish doctrine on the stock for many weeks past, and asserting that the earnings of that company were the sole basis for their optimism. The same is true of friends of the Atlantic Coast Line, the point being made that the earnings of that corporation are in excess of the indicated figures. The advance in the price of the stock is not always a verification of optimistic statements by friends of a stock, but at least it gives ground for belief that there may be something in these statements.

***

Many Voluntary Explanations.

During a considerable part of the session the market could be best described as irregular, and such stocks as Union Pacific, for instance, exhibited tendencies to drift in either direction. Some stocks at the opening were strong enough to inspire enthusiasm and some reactionary enough to suggest lower prices as an average of the day's work. Northern Pacific was strong enough to inspire stories of impending developments calculated to stimulate the trader's greed or optimism, whichever it may be called. Consolidated Gas in its strength was also a stimulant to imagination, and stories of something likely to happen in Consolidated Gas went the rounds of the district. One thing is curious about the present situation, and that is that every advance or recession in price has its ready-made explanation, which finds almost immediate currency in the financial district. It would be fairly accurate to suggest that some trader or set of traders influenced Northern Pacific or Consolidated Gas or Louisville & Nashville or any other stock for the profit that might be in the advance when other traders came in to help it along; but this is supposed to be weak, and the suggestion of some financing or other is supposed to be more definite and logical as an explanation of the market movement.

***

Stories of Feuds.

If all the rumors which were in circulation in the financial district yesterday were verified it would be difficult to keep in touch with the news. Not the least interesting of the stories going around is one to the effect that a feud exists between two important operators in the market, and that certain recent developments, although apparently having no relation to such a condition, are a reflection of this antagonism between these two men. One of these operators never goes on the floor of the Exchange, and he is considered a power in certain stocks and under certain conditions. There is associated with him at the present time a man whose record in the Street is rather well known, not to characterize it more specifically, and who is a violent enemy of the other operator in question. Now whether this is the only basis of the story in circulation is difficult to tell, but in certain quarters details are not lacking which tend to show that a feud does exist.

***

Market for Time Funds.

Strength in the time money market is more or less seasonal, but at the same time it is not lacking in interest for those who think that the money situation is more or less worth watching. The average broker is, as a matter of fact, paying little attention to the money market. He has a certain percentage of time money, and possibly a larger percentage of call funds than he would use under ordinary circumstances or at a time when the outlook for easy call money during the entire year was not so certain. The middle of the present month is usually accepted as the date when the influence of the crops and the harvest in the money market begins to be definitely felt. Whether the next week or so will present anything very definite and convincing along these lines is a question, simply because present indications are not at all conclusive, and there is no reason to suppose that there will be a sharp change noted within ten days or so. Some rash brokers are predicting that call money will not reach 5 per cent. at any time during the next five months. That would appear to be a safe prediction, unless it is remembered that the money market sometimes has quite as many vagaries as the stock market.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Close Dull and Easy on the London Exchange.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The supplies of money exceeded the demand on the market to-day, and discounts were quiet.

Trading on the Stock Exchange kept generally steady in spite of poor public support. Professional operations advanced the quotations on diamond shares, Kaffirs, foreigners, and American securities, while copper shares improved on the strength and activity of the metal. Consols eased on realizations.

American securities opened about parity. The speculative favorites advanced slightly on light support, but later eased fractionally, and at noon the market was steady, with prices from ¼ above to ¼ below yesterday's New York closing. The Harriman issues, Southern Pacific, and United States Steel were the most active, but in the afternoon Amalgamated Copper and Louisville & Nashville monopolized attention. New York offered the rest of the list, and the market closed dull and easy.

Bar silver steady; 23½d. per ounce.

Money, ½@¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1¼@1⅝ per cent. and for three months' bills, 1 7-16@1½ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f. 7½c. for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f. 19c. for checks.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—Prices were firm on the Boerse to-day and the trading was active.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Change.
Consols, money	84 1-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	84⅛	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	10¼	40¾	40¾	+ ½
Atchison	123½	120	119¾	+ ¼
Can. Pacific	191½	186½	186½	— ⅝
St. Paul	167⅝	163¼	163¼	..
Erie	38¾	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf	57½	56	56¼	— ⅛
Illinois Central	161	156⅜	157¼	+ ½
Louis. & Nash.	150½	153⅝	153½	+ 2¼
N. Y. Central	143⅜	140	139½	+ ½
Pennsylvania	72⅜	141¼	141¼	+ ⅛
Reading	83⅜	163	163⅜	..
South. Pacific	135¼	134⅝	134½	— ⅛
Union Pacific	206⅝	203⅞	204½	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	79¼	77	77⅜	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	131¼	127⅝	*126⅜	— ⅛

*Ex dividend.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95	96
German consol 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102½	103½
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85¼	86¼
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88½	89
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British consol 2½s	84	84¾

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Camp Bird	1 6 0	Esperanza	2 16 3
Tomboy	1 1 3	Dolores	1 5 0
El Oro	1 5 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITSBURG, Aug. 11.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
830	Crucible Steel	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜
125	Crucible Steel pf	81¾	81½	81½
25	Fireproof	9¾	9¼	9¼
77	Harbison Walker Ref. pf	91	91	91
25	Independent Brewing	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,000	Interior Mining	9c.	9c.	9c.
510	Manfrs. L. & H.	21¼	21⅛	21¼
290	Ohio Fuel	44	43⅞	44
290	Pittsburg Brewing	24¾	24	24
10	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	44	44	44
10	Pittsburg Coal	16	16	16
355	Pittsburg Coal pf.	55	54½	55
4,500	Pittsburg Consolidated	6c.	6c.	6c.
35	Pittsburg Plate Glass	119½	119½	119½
20	River Coal	7	7	7
10	Sewer Pipe	19	19	19
2,770	Shoshone	$2.00	$1.90	$2.00
500	Tonopah Extension	50c.	50c.	50c.
20	U. S. Steel pf.	77¼	77	77
15	Westhse. Air Brake	117¾	117¾	117¾
10	Westhso. Machine	39	39	39

UNLISTED.

50	Kansas Gas	52c.	52c.	52c.
1,050	Lustre	99c.	80c.	90c.
22,600	Mount Elliott	47c.	40c.	41c.
50	Oklahoma Gas	40c.	40c.	40c.
3,000	San Toy	50c.	50c.	50c.
25	Superior & Pittsburg	17½	17½	17½
40	Union Gas	115	115	115

BOND.

$1,000	River Coal 6s	114½	114½	114½

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 11.—Atlantic Coast Line of Connecticut made a further advance of 5 points, to 330. Fidelity and Deposit again moved up a full point, selling at 158. Aside from these prices were firm and practically unchanged. Shares, 755; bonds, $152,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	Atl. Coast L. con. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
56,000	Cotton Duck 5s	82½	82	82½
7,000	Con. Gas, Elec. L. & P. 4½s	85½	85½	85½
23,000	G. B. S. Brew. inc.	15¼	15	15¼
1,000	Memphis St. Ry. 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Maryland Tel. 5s	90½	90½	90½
2,000	Macon D. & S. 5s	95	95	95
4,000	N. Baltimore Ry. 5s	113¾	113¾	113¾
29,000	Seaboard 4s	89¾	89¾	89¾
15,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85½	85½
2,000	United Rys. inc.	59¾	59¼	59¼

STOCKS.

50	A. C. L. of Conn.	330	325	330
25	Fidelity & Deposit	158	158	158
20	Merchants' Bank	166	166	166
40	Mechanics' Bank	28¼	28¼	28¼
25	Northern Central	106	107	106
40	Norfolk Ry. & L.	21	21	21
26	Seaboard Co.	18	18	18
400	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	38	38	38
125	United Railways	13¾	13¼	13¾

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Copper Stocks Were the Feature, Making Some Substantial Advances.

HEINZE STOCKS STRONG

Copper Shares In Which He Is Interested Conspicuous on the Rise—Bond List and Industrials Sluggish.

Copper stocks were the feature of Curb trading yesterday, being more active than for many weeks past, and ruling generally strong. Miami was conspicuous, selling 5,100 shares from 16¾ up to 17¼. The close was at 16⅞. Ray Consolidated sold from 20 up to 21⅝, closing at 21½ after transactions of 7,000 shares. Nevada Consolidated and Cumberland-Ely made fractional gains. Of the so-called Heinze stocks, both United Copper and Ohio made large gains. Ohio reported transactions of 8,500 shares between 4 15-16 and 5½, the latter being the closing price. United Copper was conspicuous for a gain on the day's trading of 1¾ points, rising from 9⅞ to 11⅝ after transactions of 3,600 shares. Trading in bonds was sluggish and irregular, and the industrial list was comparatively inactive.

***

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
74	Am. Tobacco	460	460	460	460
2,500	*A. Wool. rts.	140	40	30	30
500	E State Gas.	1⅛	1 5-16	1⅛	1 5-16
1,400	Bor. C. Mk. rts.	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
80	Int. Salt	13	13	13	13
10	Lack. Coal	210	210	210	210
350	Man. Transit	2 5-16	2⅜	2 5-16	2⅜
1,000	*R. I. & S rts.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
900	Sears-Roebuck	98½	99	98½	99
800	S. I. & S. w.	20¼	20½	20¼	20½
400	S. I. & S. pf.	56½	56¾	56½	56¾
100	Stand. Milling	18½	18½	18¼	18½
70	Standard Oil	704	704½	704	704½

RAILROADS.

5	Am. L. & T.	244	244	244	244
2,000	C. G. W. w. i.	25⅜	26	25	25½
500	C. G. W. pf.	59	59	58½	58½
1,100	Chi. Subway	23¼	23¾	22½	22¾

MINING STOCKS.

700	Boston Copper	16¼	16½	16	16½
200	Braden Copper	4½	4½	4½	4½
500	Br. Col. Cop.	7¼	7¾	7¼	7¾
1,000	Butte Coalition	26¾	26¾	26¼	26½
1,900	Can. Mines	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
1,200	*Carisa	95	99	95	99
300	Chino Copper	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½
7,000	*Cob. Central	40	41	40	41
1,200	*Comb. Fract.	64	65	64	64
2,500	Cum.-Ely Min.	7 5-16	7¼	7 5-16	7 7-16
2,800	D.-Daly Cop.	7⅝	7½	7¼	7⅜
193	Doug. Copper	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	First N. Cop.	5 9-16	5 9-16	5 9-16	5 9-16
5,000	Gila Copper	9	9¼	9	9⅛
300	Giroux Mining	10¼	10⅜	10	10⅛
1,700	Goldf. Con.	6 11-16	6⅝	6 9-16	6 11-16
1,500	Gow G. Exp.	40	41	40	41
1,500	Greene-Can.	10¼	10⅜	10	10¼
700	Insp. Copper	7¼	7 3-16	7¼	7 3-16
300	Int. Sm. & R.	133¾	134⅞	133¼	134⅞
2,500	Kerr Lake	7⅜	7 13-16	7 11-16	7⅞
1,200	La Rose Con.	8⅜	8 7-16	8⅜	8 7-16
5,100	Miami Copper	16⅜	17¼	16⅜	16⅞
500	*McKinley-D.	90	92	90	92
8,500	*Mon. of C. R.	25	25	25	25
3,500	Mont.-Sho.	1⅜	2 1-16	1⅜	2 1-16
4,000	Nev. Con. Cop.	24½	24½	24¼	24½
500	Nev. Smelt.	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
1,000	Nev.-U. M. & S.	2	2	1 15-16	2
1,000	New. M. & S. 1st inst. pd.	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
200	Nipissing M.C.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
8,500	Ohio Copper	4 15-16	5½	4 15-16	5½
1,000	*Otisse	37	37	37	37
600	Precious Met.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000	*Rawhide Coa.	21	21	20	21
3,000	Ray Central	2 13-16	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
7,000	Ray Con.	20	21⅝	20	21½
2,000	*San Toy	50	50	50	50
200	Tri-Bullion	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
550	Union Mines	15-16	††	15-16	1
3,600	United Copper	9¾	11⅝	9¾	11⅝
2,200	United Rico	16	18	16	18
6,000	Yukon G. M.	5⅜	5 11-16	5⅛	5 11-16

BONDS.

$45,000	Interb. new 5s	103¼	103¼	103	103¼
123,000	West. Pac. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾

*Sells cents per share. ††Odd lots.

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The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Tuesday:

	Aug. 11. Bid.	Asked.	Aug. 10. Bid.	Asked.
American Tobacco	455	465	465	469
Am. Writing Paper	3½	4½	3½	4½
Am. Writing Paper pf.	24½	25½	24½	25½
Am. Lt. & Traction	245	247	245	247
Am. Lt. & Trac. pf.	107	108	107	108
Bay State Gas	1½	1 15-16	1½	1⅝
Boston Copper	16⅜	16⅜	15⅞	16⅛
British Col. Copper	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
Butte Coalition	26½	27	26	26½
Butte & New York	1	1¼	1	1¼
Chicago Subway	22⅜	22¾	22⅞	23¼
Combination Fraction	63	64	64	65
Cobalt Central	40	41	40	40½
Cumb.-Ely Mining	7⅜	7½	7¼	7 5-16
Davis-Daly	7⅜	7 7-16	7⅜	7½
Dolores, Limited	7 5-16	7 7-16	7 5-16	7 7-16
Giroux Mining	10	10½	10	10¼
Goldfield Con.	6 11-16	6⅝	6⅜	6 13-16
Greene-Cananea	10	10½	9⅞	10⅛
Inter. S. & R.	134	136	132	135
Kerr Lake	7 11-16	7⅜	7 11-16	7⅜
La Rose Con.	8⅜	8 7-16	8⅜	8 7-16
Manhattan Transit	2⅜	2½	2¼	2⅜
Mason Valley	2	2¼	2	2¼
Mines Co. of America	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Miami Copper	16⅜	16⅞	16⅜	16⅝
McKinley-Darragh	90	95	90	95
Nevada Con. Cop.	24⅜	24½	24	24⅛
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
Nipissing Mines Co.	10⅜	10⅝	10½	10⅝
Ohio Copper	5 7-16	5¼	4 13-16	4 15-16
Ray Central	2 13-16	2 15-16	2 13-16	2⅞
Ray Consolidated	21⅜	21⅝	19⅛	19⅜
Standard Milling	18½	19	17	19
Standard Milling pf.	59	60	58	59
Standard Oil	702	705	702	704½
Tri-Bullion	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
United Copper	11¼	11¾	9¾	10
Yukon Gold Mines	5⅝	5 11-16	5 9-16	5⅝

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—American Telephone and Telegraph Company shares were traded in on the local Exchange to-day for the first time as a regularly listed stock. Metropolitan Elevated common opened off with a point, but recovered the loss, and then advanced 11¼. Fisheries common sold at 17, but fell back to 16⅝, showing a net gain of ¼, while Sears sold as high as 99, and closed at 98½, compared with 98¾. Swift showed only a fractional gain, and Subway closed easier.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am. Can	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
75	Am. Can pf.	84¼	84¼	84¼
220	Am. Tel. & Tel.	142¼	142¼	142½
280	Booth Fisheries	17	16	17
154	Booth Fisheries pf.	54½	54	54
67	Chicago Pneu. Tool	25	25	25
1,000	Chicago Subway	23½	22¼	22¼
10	Chicago Telephone	135	134½	134½
2	Con. Edison	120	120	120
35	Diamond Match	130	129¾	130
6	K. C. Light pf.	83½	83½	83¼
33	Metropolitan Elevated.	17¾	16½	17¾
100	Metropolitan Elev. pf.	49	49	49
3	National Carbon	96	96	96
80	Northwestern Elev.	20	20	20
90	Northwestern Elev. pf.	70	70	70
18	People's Gas	115¾	115¾	115¾
9	Quaker Oats	150	150	150
5	Quaker Oats pf.	103	103	103
114	Sears-Roebuck	99	98¾	98¾
200	Street's Stable Car.	46	45¼	45¾
467	Swift & Co.	112¾	111¾	112¾
50	United Boxboard	14¾	14¾	14¾

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were disposed of at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

All the right, title, and interest of Everett J. Lake, as subscriber for $10,000 of the bonds and $5,000 of the stock referred to in a certain underwriting agreement of the Feather River Water Power Project, dated June 6, 1906, and the agreements supplemental thereto, $500.

50 shares Joseph Guth Company, $100 each, $20 lot.

10 shares Irving National Bank, $100 each, 202½.

200 shares Pradilecta Mining Company Interim Certificates Nos. 621, 622, 623, and 624, $10 each, $1.25 per share.

25 shares City Investing Company common, $100 each, 69½.

25 shares City Investing Company preferred, $100 each, 102¼.

10 shares Babcock & Wilcox Company, $100 each, 108½.

$10,000 Fairmount Coal Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1931, interest January and July, accrued interest to be charged, 97½.

300 shares Clyde Steamship Company, $100 each, 49½.

20 shares Merchants' National Bank, $50 each, 163½.

37,500 shares Maine Mining and Manufacturing Company common, $1 each; one-half interest in certain lots in the west half of No. 10, Hancock County, Me., $25 lot.

6 shares Guardian Trust Company, $100 each, 164.

20 shares Mortgage Bond Company, $100 each, 112½.

18 shares Catskill & New York Steamboat Company, $100 each, 30.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Nervous and Unsettled Trade—Closes Steady, 1 Point Up to 3 Down.

Cotton scored further gains during the middle session yesterday. Offerings then became heavier and later fluctuations were nervous. The close was steady, net 3 points lower to 1 point higher.

The opening was steady at a decline of 1@5 points. Later advices indicated that the Gulf storm was passing without any material rain in the Southwest, and reports of a better foreign trade situation was colored by the detailed British Board of Trade statement. Rumors were that a new bull clique had been formed.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tuesday's Close.
August	..	..	12.16@12.18	12.15
September	..	..	12.09@12.11	12.08
October	12.15	12.00	12.07@12.08	12.06
November	12.05	12.05	12.07@12.08	12.06
December	12.17	12.03	12.09@12.10	12.09
January	12.15	12.01	12.07@12.08	12.07
February	..	..	12.08@12.09	12.08
March	12.16	12.03	12.08@12.09	12.10
April	12.03	12.03	12.07@12.08	..
May	12.17	12.08	12.10@12.11	12.13
June	12.05	12.05	..	..

Spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.60 for middling upland and 12.85 for middling Gulf. Sales, 2,500 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston—Firm, ⅛c. higher at 12⅛c; sales, 1,128 bales. Norfolk—Steady, ⅛c higher at 12¼c; sales, 8 bales. Augusta—Steady, ⅛c higher at 12⅛c; sales, 44 bales. Houston—Steady, unchanged at 12c; sales, 265 bales. New Orleans—Firm, unchanged at 12⅛c; sales, 850 bales. Memphis—Quiet, unchanged at 12¼c; sales, 25 bales.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to Be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	99	99⅝
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	98	98⅝
Am. Tel. & Tel 5s, January, 1910	100½	100⅝
At. Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100⅝	101⅛
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101	102
Interborough 5s, March, 1911	100⅞	101⅛
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	104⅛	104½
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	99⅞	100¼
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅞	100¼
Lake Shore 5s, February, 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	101¼
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99½	100
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅜	100⅞
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100⅞	101⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100⅜	101
Southern 5s, February, 1910	100⅞	100⅝
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	102⅜	102½
West. Elec. & M'g. 5s, Aug., 1910	100⅞	101⅛

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business today was as follows:

TRUST FUNDS.

Gold coin	$85,728,860
Silver dollars	488,202,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,154,000
Silver certificates outstanding	486,202,000

GENERAL FUND.

Standard silver dollars in general fund	$5,882,649
Current liabilities	106,184,131
Working balance in Treasury offices	83,102,880
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	39,426,547
Subsidiary silver coin	26,332,597
Minor coin	2,225,585
Total balance in general fund	$132,238,155

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—Wet weather in harvesting districts of the Northwest gave a scare yesterday. Liverpool was up ⅛@1¼d on the rain news, but closed at ⅛@⅝d net rise, while cash wheat in St. Louis was up 1c. The movement of 1,170,000 bushels at all interior points compared with 865,000 bushels last year. The stock at Minneapolis has decreased 250,000 bushels so far this week. On the late Curb December sold at $1.03⅝. Cash wheat in New York was quoted: No. 2 red, Winter, $1.10, elevator, and $1.11¼, free on board, afloat, for prompt; old No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.35½, and new No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.11, free on board, afloat, both nominal.

CORN.—No rain appeared in the belt yesterday, and the close was firm all around. Reports from Nebraska said corn was firing, and from all parts of the Southwest complaints were heard. Liverpool closed ⅝@¾d net higher. Primary receipts of 550,000 bushels were about double those of last year. No. 2 yellow corn in New York closed at 77¼c, elevator, and 77⅝c, delivered; new No. 2 corn, 62½c, free on board, afloat, Winter shipment.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.06 15-16	$1.06	$1.06⅜	$1.05⅜
December	1.04	1.03¼	1.03⅞	1.02⅝
May	1.05¾	1.04¼	1.04⅝	1.04½
Corn—				
September	72⅞	72⅜	72⅞	72⅝
December	..	..	64⅝	64¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
Wheat—				
September	.98⅝	.97½	.98⅛	.97⅝
December	.96⅛	.95½	.95⅝	.95
May	1.00¼	.98⅝	.99¼	.98⅝
Corn—				
September	64⅞	63½	64⅝	63½
December	54½	53⅞	54⅜	53⅝
May	55½	54⅝	55¼	54⅞
Oats—				
September	37	36½	37	36⅝
December	37¼	36⅝	37¼	36⅝
May	39½	39	39⅜	39
Lard—				
September	11.30	11.15	11.30	11.17
October	11.25	11.07	11.25	11.12
Ribs—				
September	10.97	10.87	10.97	10.87
October	10.67	10.55	10.67	10.57
Pork—				
September	20.45	20.32	20.45	20.45
January	16.67	16.45	16.67	16.35

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee business was moderate yesterday, sales being reported of 24,500 bags. Prices ruled generally steady, closing steady, net unchanged. The reports included 4,000 bags switched.

The market opened unchanged in line with unchanged foreign markets. Rio and Santos were steady, although receipts continued very heavy. The weather was fine in three districts and very cold in two in the State of Sao Paulo.

Spot coffee was quiet, 7¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
August	..	..	6.05@6.10	6.05
September	5.70	5.70	5.70@5.75	5.70
October	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.40
November	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.40
December	5.45	5.45	5.40@5.45	5.40
January	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.40
February	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.40
March	..	..	5.45@5.50	5.45
April	..	..	5.45@5.50	5.45
May	5.55	5.55	5.50@5.55	5.50
June	..	..	5.50@5.55	5.50
July	5.55	5.55	5.50@5.55	5.50

Executor **Trustee**
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON: 16 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.
Travelers' Letters of Credit
Payable Throughout the World
Administrator **Guardian**

Franklin Trust Company
166 M

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builders Sell New Houses on the Heights—Buyer for West 75th Street Residence—Purchase in Fourth Avenue Section.

The West Side Construction Company (Jacob Axelrod, President,) has sold 511 and 513 West 143d Street, two six-story elevator apartment houses, each 71 by 100, to D. Werdenschlag.

West 75th Street Dwelling Sold.

L. J. Phillips & Co. and E. Tanenbaum & Co. have sold for Samuel D. Styles, President of the North River Savings Bank, the four-story dwelling 31 West Seventy-fifth Street, to Moses Tanenbaum of I. Tanenbaum, Son & Co. This house, which was built by John C. Umberfield, has been held by Mr. Styles at $60,000. The same brokers have negotiated a 4 per cent. loan on the property.

Jessie E. Koewing of West Orange, N. J., has sold 140 Riverside Drive, northwest corner of Eighty-sixth Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on lot 26.5 by 100. Mrs. Koewing bought the house from Minnie D. Caldwell in March, 1905.

Operator Buys on East 17th Street.

E. H. Ludlow & Co. have sold for A. P. W. Kinnan to Herman Wronkow the Fanwood, at 112 and 114 East Seventeenth Street, a six-story elevator apartment house, on plot 50 by 92. It is directly at the rear of the new Borgfeldt Building and opposite the plot recently purchased by the Germania Life Insurance Company.

Hopkins & Boyd, in conjunction with the A. M. Cudner Real Estate Company, have sold for Dr. John M. MacDonald of Belleville, N. J., to John D. Crimmins 69 West Thirty-sixth Street, a five-story business building, on lot 20 by 86.4.

Sale of East 77th Street House.

Mooyer & Marston and John J. Kavanagh have sold for the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustee, 69 East Seventy-seventh Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 102.2.

Leon S. Altmayer has leased for a long term of years, for Abraham and Leo Schwab, the three-story dwelling 103 East Eighty-first Street, to Alexander Bing.

New Park Avenue Residence.

Plans have been filed for the six-story dwelling to be built by Henry Welsh Rogers at 58 Park Avenue. Horace Trumbauer of Philadelphia is the architect. The house will have a façade of Renaissance design, of granite and limstone, finished with balconies at the second and fifth stories. It is to cost $100,000.

More Apartments for the Heights.

Plans were filed yesterday for a six-story apartment house to be erected by Charles M. Rosenthal from plans by J. C. Watson on 152d Street, east of Riverside Drive, at a cost of $70,000.

McKee, Hayward & Co. have leased for ex-Judge William N. Cohen the store 2,625 Broadway to H. Levy for a term of years.

Broome Street Building in Trade.

E. Sharum has sold for the Armor Realty Company 424 Broome Street, a seven-story building, on lot 25.4 by 107.7. In part payment the buyer gives a fifteen-room dwelling, on plot 150 by 150, at the southwest corner of Pierrepont and Stuyvesant Avenues, Rutherford, N. J., and three houses and twenty lots on Bull's Ferry Road, Columbia Heights, N. J.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for Bailey Cahen to David Grow the three-story building 12 South Street.

Tenants for Mercantile Buildings.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Improved Property Holding Company to M. Fisher's Sons & Co. the first loft in 56 to 60 Madison Avenue; also, for the Building and Engineering Company the third loft in 45 to 51 West Twenty-fifth Street; also, for the Bonwit Realty Company to the J. M. Burr & Sons Company the fourth loft in 135 Fifth Avenue, and the third loft in 40 and 42 East Twenty-second Street to the Stern Specialty Company.

I. Dittenheimer & Co. have leased for Max Solomon to Herman Baar, the sixth loft in 147 and 149 West Twenty-second Street for a term of years.

Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., have been appointed agents for the buildings now being erected for the American Woolen Company, covering the entire block front on Fourth Avenue, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth Streets.

Douglas V. Eskell has taken over the management of the Manhattan branch of the private sales department of Joseph P. Day's office.

Bronx Property in New Hands.

Albert Stern has sold for Mrs. Caroline Solomon of Philadelphia the two-family house 598 Tinton Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Fletcher St, 36 to 40, 60.2x61x irregular, ten story brick factory; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, John C. Brown and others, $81,316.

105th St, 239 and 241, n s, 176.10 ft w of 2d Av, 40.6x109.9, six-story brick tenement and store; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 18.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Roosevelt St, e s, 191.1 ft s of Park Row, for a six-story brick tenement, 43.4x120.4; D. & J. Rovegno of 128 East Houston St, owners; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $40,000.

152d St, s s, 140 ft e of Riverside Drive, for a six-story apartment house; Charles M. Rosenthal of 160 Broadway, owner; J. C. Watson, architect; cost, $70,000.

Park Av, 58, for a six-story brick dwelling, 24.4x72; H. W. Rogers of 37 West 56th St, owner; H. Trumbauer, architect; cost, $100,000.

Longfellow St, n s, 90.5 ft s of Freeman St, for a five-story brick tenement, 41x98.9; Longfellow Realty Co. of 948 Trinity Av, owner; Oscar Lowinson, architect; cost $44,000.

Longfellow St, s w corner of Freeman St, for three five-story brick tenements; Longfellow Realty Co., owner; Oscar Lowinson, architect; cost, $106,000.

Alteration.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, s e corner of 94th St, to a four-story brick hotel; Selma Realty Co. of 210 West 34th St, owner; W. H. Ruhman, architect; cost, $6,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 11.

GOERCK ST, 5, w s, 25x100; Yetta Cohn to the Berliant Realty Co., (mtg $33,500,) $100.

GOERCK ST, 6, e s, 25x90.7; Yetta Cohn to the Berliant Realty Co., (mtg $33,500,) $100.

ARTHUR AV, e s, Lot 455, map of S. Cambreling et al. at Fordham, 25x87.6; Minna Jappe to Wolf Buriand, $100.

SULLIVAN ST, 48 and 50, 43.4x irregular; Luigi Casassa to Stefano S. Casassa, all title, $1.

THOMPSON ST, 106 and 108, e s, 38x70; Luigi Casassa to Stefano S. Casassa, all title, $1.

THOMPSON ST, 111, w s, 25x75; Luigi Casassa to Stefano S. Casassa, all title, $1.

153D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 112.6x99.11; William Brandt to Samuel Cohen and another, (mtg $108,000,) $100.

BEACH AV, 102, e s, 20x100; Caroline Solomon to Andrew L. Corvey, $100.

114TH ST, 113 East, n s, 16x100.10; Alexander Barnett to Israel Kantor, $100.

145TH ST, 353 East, 25x100; A. Borsella to Louis Seidman, (mtg $6,500,) $1.

129TH ST, 215, West, 18.9x99.11; Gertrude Hershfield and another, executors, to Arthur Blue, (mtg $7,000,) $13,750.

168TH ST, 514 and 516 West, 50x95; Mosholu Realty Co. to William Lustgarten, (mtg $37,000,) $100.

FULTON AV, 1,571 and 1,573, 50x158.2x50.3x irr, 1st; Giuseppe Stella to Caterina Scelneca, ½ part, (mtg $51,500,) $100.

BRONX PARK AV, centre line, at centre line of block between Lebanon and 180th Sts, 180x—; Julia Neill, widow, et al. to City and County Contract Co., $1.

109TH ST, 62 East, 20.2x100.11; Jane C. Seggebruch to Thomas A. Clark, (mtg $18,500,) $100.

140TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of Lenox Av, 200x98.9; Hy H. Davis to John Monks, $25,000.

MOTT ST, 163 and 165, w s, 40.4x100; Louis Horn to Mary Horn, 1-2 part, $100.

HOUSTON ST, s e corner of Sullivan St, 25x95; George W. Glaze to Philip Krauss, $15,800.

HOUSTON ST, s e corner of Sullivan St, 25x95; Philip Krauss to Saveria Ruffolo, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

180TH ST, n s, 44.7 ft e of Elm Place, 25x95.11; Thomas C. Lisk to Marie Adelmann, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

132D ST, s s, 75 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; William H. Draper to Madeleine E. Claussen, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

16TH ST, 616 East, s s, 25x103.3; Albert G. Thorne to John H. McLain, (mtg $12,000,) $16,500.

MAGENTA ST, s s, 100 ft w of Olinville Av, 50x100; Michael Murtha to Christiane Meyer, $100.

MAGENTA ST, s s, 100 ft w of Olinville Av, 50x100; Christiane Meyer to Raffo Sellite, $100.

LOTS 198 and 199, map of Undercliff Terrace; Theodore Faulhaber to John Massinimo Co., (mtg $2,500,) $100.

HUGHES AV, s e s, 150 ft n e of 183d St, 25x100; Angelo Corbo to Corbo Contracting Co., (mtg $43,000,) $100.

77TH ST, 59 East, 18.9x102.2; Viola B. Cockroft to Samuel O. Edmonds, (mtg $35,000,) $1.

89TH ST, 351 East, 25x100.8; Henry Schroeder and others, executors, to John Timmermann, (mtg $12,000,) $8,216.

89TH ST, 331 East, 25x100.8; Rosa Elstroth and another to John Timmermann, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 84th St, 137.5x130.9x127.2x70; William R. Stewart and others to Riverside Drive Apartments, (mtg $610,000,) $1.

14TH ST, 308 East, 19.6x—; G. Stella to C. Scimeca, (mtg $18,300,) $100.

127TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Israel Kantor to Emma Barnett, (mtg $36,000,) $100.

7TH AV, e s, at centre line of block between 53d and 54th Sts, 100.5x100; Mary E. Norris and another to Seventh Av-Fifty-fourth St Co., (mtg $125,000,) $100.

GREEN AV, s s, 100 ft w of Mapes Av, 25x100; Mary E. Clinton to Josephine K. Garry, $1.

145TH ST, s s, 78 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17.4x99.11; Frederick W. Longfellow and others to Sophy Bernstein $17,950.

46TH ST, 64 West, 16.8x100.5; S. S. Dearborn and others to William C. Spalding of Freeport, L. I., (mtg $25,000,) $100.

3D AV, 2,608, 28x90x25x111.7; Frederick Hitchcock to Adam P. Dienst, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

PART of Lot 40A, Map 2, Olinville; Laura Sattler to Christiane Meyer, quitclaim, $1.

222D ST, s s, 155 ft w of Barnes Av, 50x89; Raffo Sellite to Christiane Meyer, (mtg $11,000,) $100.

3D AV, 1,960, 25x73; B. Abest to G. Bosch, ½ part, $100.

105TH ST, 243 to 247 East, 40.7x100.9; Ida Goldstein to Aaron Goldberg, $100.

LOTS 201 and 202, map of Century Investment Co.; Burdick Realty Co. to Frederick Weller, Jr., and another, (mtg $2,550,) $100.

MADISON ST, 348, 23.6x95.1x23.6x95.3; Morris Punsky to Israel Lewis, $100.

76TH ST, 221 to 223 East, 50x102.2; Edward Holthaus to P. Holthaus, (mtg $28,750,) $100.

LOT 73, map of William O. Giles at Kingsbridge; Harrison W. Mills to Ellsworth L. Mills, $1.

INDEPENDENCE AV, n e corner of Palisade Av, 298x241.9; Mary J. Scoville to Isaac A. Stewart of De Land, Fla., $100.

10TH AV, 278 to 282, n e corner of 26th St, 74x100; Harris Mandelbaum and others to New Amsterdam Realty Co., quitclaim, $100.

26TH ST, 461 West, n s, 25x98.9; Harris Mandelbaum and others to Maryland Mortgage Co., $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

HARRINGTON Adela M., to Manhattan Mortgage Co.; Vyse Av, e s, 200 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

PAREPA REALTY CO. to Charles J. Gerlich, Jr.; 82d St, 167 to 173 East, 1 year, 6%..$470

TIMMERMANN, John, to Rosa Elstroth and another, executors; 89th St, 331 East, prior mtg $12,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$5,000

MURPHY, Mary J., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 52d St, 249 East, prior mtg $16,500, due, &c, as per bond.....$1,500

SHLACHETZKI, Israel D., to Henry P. Moorhouse; 92d St, s s, 75 ft w of 1st Av, 25x50.8, due Nov. 1, 1912.....$10,000

DOYLE, Mary G., and others to Clinton Van Vliet; 4th St, w s, 66.1 ft s of Horatio St, 9.7x —, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

GANNON, Thomas J., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Brook Av, s e corner of 142d St, 25x100, 3 years, 4½%.....$12,000

GANNON, Thomas J., to Kip's Bay Brewing and Malting Co.; Brook Av, s e corner of 142d St, 25x100, prior mtg $12,000, demand..$5,500

COHN, Yetta, to Berliant Realty Co.; 10th St, 145 and 147 West, due Feb. 1, 1912, 6%..$2,750

MANHATTAN NAVIGATION CO. to Mechanics' Trust Co. of New Jersey; Pier 39, new North River bulkhead, &c, installments, 6%.....$50,000

RINGELSTEIN, Charles, to Alwell Realty Co.; plot begins 195 ft w of White Plains Road and 120 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$4,000

CLEMENTE, Constantino, to Raffaele Mercogliano; Bracken Av e s, 250 ft n of Randall Av, 25x100, prior mtg $400, due July 1, 1910, 6%.....$420

MUNRO, Henrietta E., and another to Bowery Savings Bank; 59th St, 34 and 36 West, 3 years, 4½%.....$80,000

JUNG, George, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Park Av, n e corner of 172d St, 40x90, due, &c, as per bond.....$6,500

KANTOR, Israel, to Isabel M. Smith; 114th St, 113 East, 5 years.....$6,500

SPALDING, William C., to Frederick M. Dearborn; 46th St, 64 West, due, &c, as per bond.....$7,500

EKWANOK REALTY CO. to Vincenzo Conforti; 174th St, n w corner of Anthony Av, 99.6x117, demand, 6%.....$8,500

MONAGHAN, Christopher, to William J. Edwards; Lafontaine Av, e s, 148.1 ft s of 180th St, 16.2x100, installments, 6%.....$250

WILLGERODT, Oscar, to Seamen's Bank for Savings in City of New York; Aqueduct Av, w s, 514 ft n of 183d St, 50x100, 5 years.....$15,000

ITALIAN UNION REALTY AND SECURITY Co. to Antonio Sabatino and another; 1st Av, 181, installments, 4%.....$500

KRAUSS, Philip, to New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundation; Houston St, s e corner of Sullivan St, 25x95, 5 years, 4½%.....$36,000

CALLAGHAN, Grace V., to Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Clinton Av, w s, 120 ft s of 170th St, 16.8x100, 3 years.....$2,000

BERNSTEIN, Sophy, to Caroline-Hurry and another, trustees; 145th St, s s, 78 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17.4x99.11, 3 years, 4½%..$13,000

RUFFOLO, Saveria, to Pincus Lowenfeld and others; Houston St, s e corner of Sullivan St, 25x95, 5 years, 6%.....$7,000

RUBIN, Hermina, to Mary W. Duttenhofer; 86th St, n s, 203 ft n w of Avenue A, 18x100.8, 5 years.....$10,500

WELLER, Frederick, Jr., and another to Burdick Realty Co.; Lots 201 and 202, map of lots of Century Investing Co., prior mtg $9,500, due, &c, as per bond.....$3,150

KAUFFELD, Johann G. T., and others to Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York; 150th St, 107 West, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

ITALIAN UNION REALTY AND SECURITY Co. to Antonio Sabatino and another; Chrystie St, 218 and 220, due Aug. 1, 1911....$2,400

WELLER, Frederick, Jr., and another to Cresco Mortgage Co.; Lots 201 and 202, map of Century Investing Co., due Feb. 10, 1910, 6%.....$9,500

SEVENTH AVENUE AND FIFTY-FOURTH Street Co. to Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York; 7th Av, 829, due, &c, as per bond.....$35,000

MICHAEL E. PATERNO REALTY CO. to Greenwich Savings Bank; Claremont Av, w s, 509.6 ft s of 119th St, 60.1x—, due, &c, as per bond.....$220,000

PASKUSZ, Jacob, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; Great Jones St, 47, 5 years...$50,000

STEWART, William R., and another to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.; Riverside Drive, n e corner of 84th St, 137.5x130.9, due Oct. 1, 1914, 5½%.....$610,000

ROSSON, Thomas, to Italian Savings Bank; Minetta Lane, 18 and 20, 3 years.....$10,000

KRONENBERGER, Jacob, to Harlem Savings Bank; Boston Road, n w s, part of Lot 91, Map of Morrisania, 3 years.....$18,000

McGINLEY, Georgiana, to Harris D. Colt; 59th St, n s, 225 ft e of Park Av, 20x100, due Aug. 1, 1914, 4½%.....$22,000

MCKINLEY REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Theresa Rothschild; Lenox Av, n e corner of 135th St, 50x110, due Aug. 1, 1913, 6%.....$15,000

SEVENTH AVENUE AND FIFTY-FOURTH Street Co. to Mary E. Norris and others; 7th Av, s e corner of 54th St, 100.5x100, prior mtg $180,000, due Oct. 1, 1912.....$34,000

HALSLER, John A., to West Side Savings Bank; Old Broadway, 2,388, due, &c, as per bond.....$12,000

HALSLER, John A., to West Side Savings Bank; Old Broadway, 2,386, due, &c, as per bond.....$11,000

O'GRADY, James, to Clara Best; Wendover Av, s s, 51.11 ft w of Brook Av, 54.8x—, 5 years.....$15,500

BURLAND, Wolf, to Charles Regnault; Arthur Av, e s, Lot 455, map of land of S. Cambreling and others, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6%..$2,000

CORVEY, Andrew L., to Caroline Solomon; Beach Av, 102, 5 years.....$4,900

BARNETT, Abraham, to Grace S. Whiting; Lots 11 and 29, Parcel 23, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

GUIDA, Luigi, and others to U. S. Savings Bank of City of New York; 110th St, 324 East, 3 years.....$9,000

COSTELLO, Mary A., to Rosa Flood; 206th St, s s, 312.10 ft w of Perry Av, 25x100, prior mtg $7,000, 2 years, 6%.....$1,250

Lis Pendens.

MOTT ST, 120; Samuel Aronson and others against Carmela Lama and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Aronson & Salant.

80TH ST, 110 West; May W. Bloom against Elizabeth McKnight and others; (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. H. Rogan.

ATTORNEY ST, 122; Harris B. Greenberg against Joseph L. Weber and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kantrowitz & Elsberg.

128TH ST, 17 East; Emily M. Coddington against Viola H. Banning and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. B. Robinson.

106TH ST, s s, 76 ft e of Park Av, 19x100.11; Ella P. Bigelow and others against Philip Koplik and others, (foreclosure of mortgage,) attorneys, Duer, Strong & Whitehead.

115TH ST, 111 and 113 East; Yetta Berkowitz against Ida B. Hyman and others, (action to set aside deed;) attorney, A. H. Brill.

106TH ST, 311 East; Gertrude K. Brennan against Michele La Sala and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. T. Saxe.

22D ST, 235 East; Anna C. S. Hassey against M. Bullowa.

Isaac Schwadron and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sundheimer.

BROOME ST, 424; Catherine A. Tone and others against Bertha De Goode and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. G. Harris.

Mechanics' Liens.

BURKE ST, n s, 100 ft e of White Plains Road, 100x75; Ruggero Stanchina against David G. & John J. O'Hara, owners and contractors, $275.

48TH ST, 230 West; Bernard Drucker against Beatrice E. Lawrence, owner and contractor, $70.

ROEBLING AV, 2,832; Christian Verndran's Sons against Otto Eichler, owner and contractor, $100.

ROEBLING AV, 2,832; Antonio Tolosi, Jr., against Otto Eichler, owner and contractor, $125.

BROOME ST, 230; Bloom & Shapiro against Yetta Gross, owner; Herman Marcus, Herman Brown, and Samuel Kopelman, lessees, Samuel Marcuson, contractor, $125.

DELANCEY ST, 152; Morris Hochberg against Isaac Lefkowitz, owner; King & Zolkin, contractors, $123.

2D ST, 213; Morris Hochberg against A. Siegfried, owner; King & Zolkin, contractors, $55.

QUIMBY AV, n s, 180 ft w of Holstead Av, 25x108; Adam Janson against Emma McGinn or Uhl, owner and contractor; Fred Uhl, contractor, $145.

234TH ST, s s, 349.11 ft w of Kingsbridge Road, 67.10x irregular; Henry Nordheim against William A. Riley, owner and contractor, $75.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

21ST ST, 42 East, and 20th St, 41 East; Charles E. Dowdall against John A. Hadden and others, June 24, 1909, $150.

103D ST, 317 West; Henry G. Collenberg against Walter E. Strobel and others, Aug. 4, 1909, $575.

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, n s, 225 ft e of Marmion Av; James O'Connell against Bremen Realty Co. and others, April 15, 1909, $49.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 141st St; McMann & Taylor against Garnet Hall Realty Co. and others, Aug. 2, 1909, $239.

172D ST, e s, 123 ft s of Westchester Av; Samuel Weingarten against Josephine K. McOwen and others, Dec. 1, 1908, $55.

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Guaranteed Mortgages

there would have been no loss.

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JOHN R. CORBIN CO HOUSES

East Midwood Midwood. Manor. Slocum Park.

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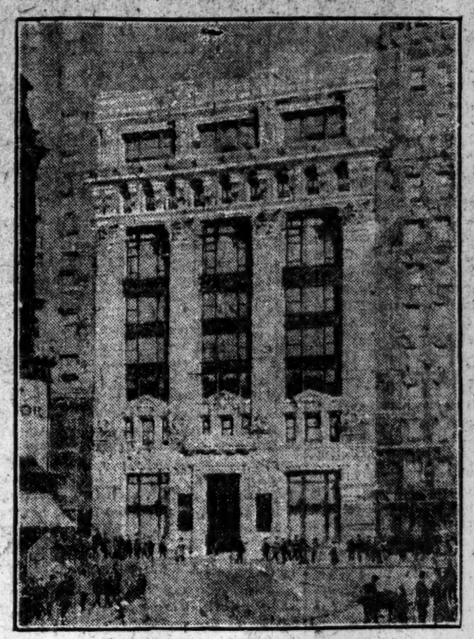

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Large wall closets, some 8x3 ft.
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Apartments of 5, 6, 7 large, light rooms and baths; separate bedroom floors, maid's servants' toilet, all-night elevator; refined neighborhood; rents $690 to $1,020 per annum.

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HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
8 and 9 Rooms; 2 Baths
RENTS MODERATE.
APPLY TO SUPT. ON PREMISES.

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Modern 7 and 8 room light apartments; hall service, telephone, &c.; rent $660 to $900. Chas. Hibson, Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

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Virginia Av., overlooking Ocean.

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21st season. Capacity 350. A. E. MARION.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

HOTEL BAUR-AU-LAC 310 7th Ave., North Asbury.

One block from ocean and Deal Lake. Under new management. Orchestra. Southern cuisine. Season rates. M. J. BRADEN.

HOTEL CLIFTON Ocean End of 3d Av.
M. V. ABBOTT.

STAFFORD North Asbury's Select Hotel. Fronting lake and ocean.

NEW JERSEY—Elberon.

ELBERON HOTEL and Cottages,
ELBERON, N. J.
'Phone 321—West End.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

Hotel Frederick, 1 blk. ocean; strictly kosher; Amer.-Hung. cuisine. Rachlin & Schaelnen.

NEW JERSEY—Allenhurst.

CURLEW HOTEL,
ALLENHURST, N. J.

The most select family hotel on the Atlantic Coast.
Booklets. G. W. LEONARD.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

The MONTCLAIR
ON THE MOUNTAIN TOP
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Information at
America's Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

WYNKOOP VILLA, Spring Lake, N. J.—Reasonable terms; modern improvements; large rooms; own dairy products, vegetables, and fruit; accommodations limited to eight people; very select; few blocks from bathing beach on Sea Girt Inlet; write for particulars. Eugene Christian, 7 East 41st St., New York City.

If you want a Business Opportunity, see Page 15.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Bradley Beach.

HOTEL LA REINE
By the Sea
BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.
JOHN McGLYNN, Proprietor.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.
Van Baar's Old Guard Orchestra

NEW JERSEY—Beach Haven.

THE BREAKERS

Right on ocean; newly renovated; every convenience for comfort; college girl waitresses. Send for booklet.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

Stockbridge, Mass.
Red Lion Inn and Heaton Hall

Two of the best appointed hotels in the Berkshires. Allen T. Treadway, Prop., New York Office, Hotel Flanders, West 47th St.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

THE HELD HOUSE.
GREENWICH, CONN.

Directly on the water, 48 minutes from New York; boating, bathing, fishing, driving, tennis, dancing, &c.; spring water; cuisine unexcelled.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

THE GLENWOOD In-the-Pines.
LAKE BOMOSEEN
Rates, $8 to $14. Fishing. Hydeville, Vt.

PENNSYLVANIA—DelawareWaterGap

WATER GAP HOUSE

A Mountain Paradise. Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Open to December. Unquestionably the finest equipped, most luxurious, newest, and best situated hotel. Highest altitude; coolest location; 100 tiled private baths; running water in all rooms; steam heat; log fires; elevators, electric lights; telephone; cuisine of highest standard; white service; own farms and registered cows. Orchestra; golf; saddle horses, and every outdoor diversion. New garage; livery. Special Autumn rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Coaches meet trains. Ownership management.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mount Pocono.

Pocono Mountains, Canadensis, Pa.

New Spruce Cabin Inn. Rooms en suite and with private bath; bowling, tennis, pool, boating, fishing; booklet. W. J. & M. D. Price.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the
HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.
NICE ROOMS WITH BATH — FOR — PER DAY $1.00 $1.50 $2.50
59th St., Madison and Park Avs. Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

HOTEL ABERDEEN
WEST 32D STREET,
Between 5th Ave. & Broadway.

Exclusive surroundings, with complete service in all details. Attractive Suites and superior accommodations for transients. Spacious Apartments, one room and bath to eight rooms and four baths. Furnished or unfurnished on lease.
D. P. HATHAWAY, Manager.

DIRECTORY FOR DINERS
Telephone Your Reservation.

LUCHOW'S

108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. TEL. 1480—Stuyvesant. FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT. A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE. Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA

PECK'S Downtown. 140 Fulton. Table d'hote Lunch, Dinner, 60c. with wine and cafe. (11 A. M., 8:30 P. M.)

FLAT IRON RESTAURANT, B'way, 23d St., 5th Av. B'kfast. Dinner. Supper

On 124th Street and Seventh Av. HARLEM CASINO
Ronowsky's Vienna Orch. & Orig. Cabaret Quartet Dinner (6-8.) 75c. Sat. & Sun., $1. Alc. at all hours.

Cafe Boulevard 2d Av. & 10th St. Tel. 4040 Orchard. Hungarian Band. Vocal Concert a la Cabaret. Famous Steinbrucher (Hungarian) Beer.

POMMERY Sec AND Brut
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

FOR SALE.

DIAMONDS WATCHES JEWELRY ONE PRICE, CASH OR CREDIT
Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 44.
L. W. Sweet & Co. 37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

TYPEWRITERS all makes
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $10 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt st. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

BUDD & CO., 71 Spring St., Near Subway, High-grade Office Furniture, desks, tables, chairs, partitions; also several sound-proof telephone booths and stock quotation boards at reasonable prices. Tel. 5488Spg

OFFICE PARTITIONS

Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

SAFES New and second-hand, of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged and repaired. YORK SAFE & LOCK CO., formerly J. M. Mossman, 55 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423John

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Upright pianos, $60, $75, $115. $125, $135, $150. New pianos, $175; $5 per month. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

New York make piano this week only $60. Lifetime bargain. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

Steinway upright and baby grand piano for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

BILLIARD TABLE, new, 4½x9, mahogany, with cues, racks, markers, rubber cover; will exchange for single-foot saddle horse, carriages, one-horse wagon, Victor talking machine, paintings. Address "D.," care Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 29 W. 32d.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CONTRACT 50.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply in Room 910, 299 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, August 17, 1909, for CONTRACT 50 for the construction of three field office buildings and two horse-sheds and moving one horse-shed in the Croton division of the Catskill aqueduct in the towns of Yorktown and Newcastle, Westchester County, New York. At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at Room 1510 at the above address by depositing the sum or five dollars ($5) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

JOHN A. BENSEL, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
CHARLES A. SHAW,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
J. WALDO SMITH, Chief Engineer.
THOMAS HASSETT, Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, Foot of East Twenty-sixth Street, New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Department of Public Charities at the above office until 2:30 o'clock P. M. on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1909,

For furnishing all the labor and material required to lay new wooden flooring throughout the basement of the Male Almshouse Building, located on the grounds of the Kings County Hospital, Borough of Brooklyn, The City of New York.

For full particulars see City Record.

ROBERT W. HEBBERD, Commissioner.
Dated August 11, 1909.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND

LANDING AT DREAMLAND
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.

TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):

Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.50, 7.45 P. M.
Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.15, 2.00, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.15, 7.00, 7.45, 8.30, 9.10 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St.
Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *11.25 A. M., 12.10, *12.55, *1.40, 2.55, 3.40, *4.25, 5.25, 6.10, 7.10, *7.55, *8.40, *9.25, *10.10, 10.40 P. M.
Returning from Coney Island trips marked with a * go to 129th St., North River.

Round Trip Tickets, 40 Cents.
Round Trip Tickets, 129th St., 50 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7:40 A. M.; Pier (new) No. 1 N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC
ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. Yonkers, 8.30 A. M.
Lv. Foot 129th St., N. R., 9.30 A. M., *12.30 P. M.
Lv. 22d St., N. R., 10.15 A. M., *2.00 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10.45 A. M., 2.30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12.30 P. M., 5.30 P. M.
Trip marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round Trip Tickets 50c., Children 25c., include admission to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Steamer Rosedale leaves 129th St. at 9.00; West 22d St., 9.45; Battery, 10.15 and 2.00. Leaving Seaside Landing, Rockaway, 12.00, 5.30 P. M.
Round Trip Tickets, 50c.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
Up the Picturesque Hudson to
West Point, Newburg and Poughkeepsie

Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany." Brooklyn, Fulton St., (by Annex,) 8; Debrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9:00 and 10:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Returning on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO
WEST POINT

STEAMER MARY POWELL.

Leaving Debrosses St. 1:45; W. 42d St. 2:00; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., arriving West Point 5 P. M., where close connection for New York is made with down boat. Excursion fare $1.00. Also choice when buying ticket of return by any West Shore or N. Y. Cent. train or Cent. Hud. Str. $1.10, giving ample time to see Cadets in Camp, Public Buildings, &c. Orchestra on board.
This Excursion Made Daily, except Sunday.

EXCURSIONS

HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT.

Lake Hopatcong, $1.00

To-morrow, Friday.
Leave W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.
Every Sunday.
Leave W. 23d St., 8:50; Liberty St., 9:00 A. M.

Mauch Chunk, $1.50

Next Sunday.
Leave W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.

VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Take Str. CITY OF WORCESTER
50c. AFTERNOONS 50c.
UP THE HUDSON and return, 6-hour sail. Lve. E. 24th St., 2 P. M.; Battery Landing 2:30 P. M.
50c. EVENINGS 50c.
UP THE SOUND and return, 5-hour sail. Lve. W. 131st St. 6:45 P. M.; Battery Landing 8 P. M.; E. 24th St. 8:20 P. M. Return, land E. 24th St. only.
Music. Dancing. Refreshments. Restaurant.
For Staterooms or Information 'Phone Orch. 606.

SIGHT SEEING STEAMER ZEPHYR.
Around Manhattan Island. Lvs. Daily and Sunday. Battery, 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; E. 24th St. 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Lecturer. Fare $1.00.

TO BOSTON Metropolitan Line. Direct All-the-Way-by-Water Route. Luxurious Express Turbine Steel Steamships YALE & HARVARD

Leave Pier 45, N. R., near foot Christopher St., Week Days and Sundays, 5 P. M., due Boston, 8 A. M. next day. Same schedule returning. Staterooms, etc., at Pier and Principal Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices. Through tickets to all points.

BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.

Splendid Steamers. Finest South of New York.

All the delicacies of the Chesapeake.

Leave Baltimore every week day at 6:30 P. M., affording a refreshing night's rest. Connection made by Pennsylvania R. R. train leaving Jersey City at 1:15 P. M. and Baltimore & Ohio R. R. train leaving at 12:12 P. M. Tickets on sale at all principal offices.

DAYLIGHT TRIPS ON Long Island Sound

NORWICH LINE: On Mondays Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN lvs. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10.00 A. M.; ft. of East 22d St., 10.45 A. M. for New London, connecting there for Stonington, Fishers Island, Norwich, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Providence, Boston, &c. For New Haven and Bridgeport Line Service see regular advertisement. Folder on request.
City Ticket Agent, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

BLOCK ISLAND, $1.50
EXCURSION EVERY SUNDAY

Via Special Express train to Montauk, thence by Str. "Shinnecock" to Block Island. For full particulars see Friday evening's and Saturday's papers.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Leave N. Y., E. 34th St. Sts., (via Long Island R. R.,) week days, (4.10, Hammel only,) 6.30, 8.20, 9.10, 10.30, 11.20 A. M., 12.50, *1.30, 1.50, *2.20, 2.50, 3.40, 4.30, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30, 12.00 P. M.
Leave Brooklyn, (Flatbush Av. Sta.,) 6.00, 6.50, 7.10, 7.34, 8.14, 9.20, 10.00, 10.42, 11.15 A. M., 12.10, *12.50, 1.06, *1.40, 1.56, *2.15, 2.28, *2.57, 3.17, 3.57, 4.37, 4.48, 5.07, 5.27, 5.47, 6.07, 6.32, 7.05, 7.50, 8.21, 9.45, 10.40, 11.20, 12.10 P. M.—*Saturdays only.

NORTH BEACH
FREE FIREWORKS TUESDAY & THURSDAY
Boats East 99th & 134th Sts.
5 DAY CARNIVAL SEPTBR. 7-11

SEEING NEW YORK—STEAM YACHT—Free Transportation from Seeing N. Y. Auto Office, Flatiron Bldg., 5th Av. Side—Only starting point, West 22d St., N. R., 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M.; 3 hours' trip; fare, $1; the most instructive and enjoyable trip in world. Tel. 4944—Gram.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, Foot of East Twenty-sixth Street, New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Department of Public Charities at the above office until 2:30 o'clock P. M. on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1909,

For furnishing all the labor and materials required for the erection and completion of annex on west side of main building, Kings County Hospital, Borough of Brooklyn, The City of New York.

For full particulars see City Record.

ROBERT W. HEBBERD, Commissioner.
Dated August 11, 1909.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE Borough of Manhattan, City Hall, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan, at the City Hall, Room 16, until 2 o'clock P. M. on

MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1909.

For repairs and alterations to the temperature regulating system at the Hall of Records, Borough of Manhattan.

For full particulars see City Record.

JOHN F. AHEARN, President.
The City of New York, August 11, 1909.

Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1909.
Borough of Richmond.

No. 3. For furnishing and delivering cast iron pipe and special castings.

No. 4. For furnishing, delivering, and laying water mains and appurtenances in Bay, Griffin, and Arrietta Streets, Columbia Street, Stuyvesant Place, and Richmond Terrace.

For full particulars see City Record.

M. F. LOUGHMAN,
Deputy and Acting Commissioner.
Dated New York, August 4, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for furnishing coal, (Contract No. 1183,) and for furnishing lumber and piles, (Contract No. 1190,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, August 17, 1909.

(For particulars see City Record.)

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Your convenience, your comfort—

Attendants aboard Fall River Line steamers are well trained in little details of service that enhance the pleasure of your journey. On the way to Boston.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like. Fare to Boston.... $3.65

Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information. City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER
BY DAYLIGHT.

Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Read Down.				Arr. Read Up.	
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00	.....	4:30	Daily, ex. Sun.	A.M.	6:20	.....
8:40	9:40	1:45	B'klyn Annex		6:00	.....
9:00	10:00	2:00	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	.....
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:45	10:50	.....	Yonkers	.....	4:30	7:35
.....	.....	4:50	Highl'd Falls	8:40	.....	.....
11:50	.....	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
.....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	.....	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
.....	.....	6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30	.....	.....
.....	.....	6:30	Milton	7:15	.....	.....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10	.....	.....	Kingston Pt.	.....	12:25	.....
.....	.....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	.....	.....
3:25	.....	.....	Catskill	.....	11:00	.....
3:40	.....	.....	Hudson	.....	10:40	.....
4:10	.....	.....	Albany	.....	8:30	.....
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.

Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†
Orchestra on each steamer.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE
FOR NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
New Jersey Central

Lv. New York., Pier 61, N. R., ft. W. 42d St., 8.30, 9.35, 10.30 A. M., 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, 5.25, 7.45 P. M. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00 A. M., 1.00, 3.30, 7.45, 8.55 (W. End only), 10.40 P. M. (E. Long Branch only).
Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., ft. Cedar St., 9.15, 10.00 11.00 A. M., 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 8.10 P. M. Sundays, 9.30, 10.30 A. M., 1.30, 4.00, 8.10, 9.15 (W. End only), 11.10 P. M., (E. Long Branch only).

The High Grade Sail N. Y. Harbor Round Trip New York to Atlantic Highlands $1.00

Passengers can make round trip on all steamers except those leaving W. 42d St., 5.25, 7.45 P. M., Sundays 7.45, 8.55, 10.40 P. M.; Cedar St., 5.45, 8.10 P. M., Sundays, 8.10, 9.15, 11.10 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY

Steamers C. W. Morse or Adirondack leave New York daily, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY

New steamers Trojan or Rensselaer leave New York daily, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M.

Connection at Albany or Troy with trains for points North, East, or West. Horses, carriages, and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

Central Hudson Line

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, & Kingston. From Pier 24 N. R., foot Franklin St., week-days (except Saturday) 4 P. M.
Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, and intermediate landings, weekdays (except Saturday,) 5 P. M.
Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.
SUNDAYS 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

THE MANHATTAN LINE
Beginning About AUG. 16th
$1.00 BETWEEN
NEW YORK and ALBANY
STEAMERS
FRANK JONES and SARATOGA
DAILY—SUNDAYS INCLUDED.
Leave Pier 54, N. R., ft. W. 13th St., 5:30 P. M.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.
For Catskill Mountains, all points, Hudson, Coxsackie. Leave, week days, ft. Christopher Street, 6 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Also Sat. "Special" 1 P. M., ft. Christopher Street; 1:20 P. M., ft. W. 129th St.
Summer resort directory free. Address Pier 43, N. R.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Montauk" Mon., Wed. & Fri. for Sag Harbor and intermediate landings, 5:30 P.M. Runs through to Block Island on Fri.

HARTFORD LINE.
From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

COOK'S
8 TO 12 DAY TOURS

A series of delightful Short Tours under Personal Escort, including visits to NIAGARA FALLS, The Thousand Islands, Montreal, Quebec, Lakes Champlain and George, Lower St. Lawrence, Nova Scotia, etc.
Leave August 14, 17, 18, 19.
Rates Traveling Expenses Including All $63.00 Up
CIRCULARS ON APPLICATION.
Independent Travel Tickets Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 694 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave, (Windsor Arcade,) New York.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS.
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Liberty St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Parlor,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
Through daily trains to the West.		
CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 225 5th Av., New York; 55 Av. B, 77 Ridge St., 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 23d St. and Liberty St.

After 5 P. M. Sleeping Car reservation and full information regarding trains, &c., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. 23d St. Terminal. 'Phone 6350 Chelsea.

PUBLICITY.

Whenever you lose an article of value, remember its recovery depends greatly on prompt publicity. Telephone 1000 Bryant, and advertise your loss in The New York Times. The Times, with its daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies, will give your loss widespread publicity. Besides, The Times is a recognized Lost and Found medium.—Adv.

AMERICAN LINE From Pier 14 N. R. at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul.....Aug. 14 St. Louis.....Aug. 21
New York....Aug. 21 Philadelphia...Sept. 4

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
New York—London Direct—Pier 39 N. R.
Minnehaha..Aug. 14, 9 A.M. Minnetonka..Aug. 28
Minneapolis..Aug. 21, 9 A.M. Minnewaska..Sept. 4

RED STAR LINE From Pier 14 N. R. at 11 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp
Lapland (new)..Aug. 14 Zeeland.....Aug. 28
Vaderland....Aug. 21 Kroonland.....Sept. 4

WHITE STAR LINE From Pier 48 N. R.
Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool
Baltic..Aug. 14, 9:30 AM Celtic..Aug. 28, 3 PM
Arabic..Aug

MAY BRING PEARY IF POLE IS FOUND

Schooner Jeanie's Purpose, However, Is to Carry Coal for Explorer's Return.

MAY REMAIN YEAR LONGER

Vessel Which Sailed from Newfoundland Aug. 3 Will Perhaps Bring Back Dr. Cook of Brooklyn.

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Aug. 3.—The schooner Jeanie, with the Peary auxiliary arctic expedition, left to-day from here for Etah, West Greenland, to reopen communication with Commander Peary and his party, who have been twelve months in that section of the arctic wilds endeavoring to reach the north pole.

When Peary went north last year in his steamer the Roosevelt he planned to remain two years. His scheme was to push the steamer as far north during the Autumn as the movements of the ice would admit, and when further progress was impossible to find a convenient point, establish Winter quarters, and prepare for an advance across the ice from the northern part of Greenland to the pole itself, or as near thereto as he could reach. This advance was to be made between March and June of the present year, after the sun had risen above the horizon subsequent to the long arctic night. If Peary attained the pole in this essay he would return to Etah with the ship, if possible, and without the ship if any mishap befell her. If, however, he failed to reach the pole, and there appeared a good prospect of his doing so by another essay a year later, he proposed to remain north until the Summer of 1910 and make another dash toward the pole in the early months of next year.

The Roosevelt carried a heavy supply of coal when going north, and a second steamer, the Erick, sailed to Etah also and landed a further supply. But most, if not all, of this would be used in the endeavor to force the ship north, and before leaving New York Peary arranged to have a vessel go up this year with fifty tons more coal to serve as a supply to enable the steamer to return to America when her work in the region would be completed.

Jeanie to Be Gone Two Months.

Hence the Jeanie's mission. She is a Newfoundland fishing schooner of ninety-eight tons, originally built thirty-one years ago and reconstructed nine years since. As it would not suit for a mission of this kind to depend on a vessel propelled by canvas only, she has been fitted with a thirty-five horse power oil engine which will drive her at the rate of five knots an hour. She is commanded by Capt. Samuel Bartlett, a well-known Newfoundland ice pilot who has taken north some of Peary's previous expeditions and acted in the same capacity in the Canadian Government expeditions to Hudson Bay. His son operates the oil engine on board, and there are eight others making up the crew, all Newfoundlanders and all thoroughly experienced in ice navigation, though only three—the Captain, his son, and the boatswain—have never been within the arctic circle before. As fuel for the engine, there are sixty barrels of kerosene oil, and this will give her forty days' "steaming," and he allows twenty for the northward voyage and the same number for the return. Allowing for the inevitable delays, he expects the voyage to last about two months and the vessel to return her about Oct. 1.

On arriving at Etah the vessel will land the coal she has on board, as well as a quantity of small stores, and will also put ashore personal belongings for Peary and his crew. She will not necessarily come into touch with him or the members of his expedition at all. If any calamity has befallen his ship, he will be at Etah awaiting the Jeanie's arrival, and if he has reached the pole, he will also be found there. But if his work has not been successful, he will be away in the north, merely sending down dispatches and reports sufficiently long before to insure their being on hand for the vessel to bring south when she arrives.

May Bring Back Brooklyn Man.

The Jeanie will, however, bring back, if he is alive and has not combined with Peary in his work in the Roosevelt, Dr. F. A. Cook of Brooklyn, another arctic explorer, who went north two years ago and was landed at Etah with a single companion to undertake a dash for the pole. Cook made his advance in the Spring of 1908, and the last heard from him was a letter which he sent back from Cape Columbia, the northernmost point of Grinnell Land, west of Greenland, by means of one of his natives, in which he reported himself just about to venture on to the arctic floe in the polar basin. There has been much doubt expressed in America as to the prospect of his returning alive, and many are skeptical of this. His friends, however, arranged that the Jeanie should convey him south from Etah, if he should be on hand to avail himself of the opportunity. She will also bring back Harry Whitney of Boston, a young American of independent means, who went in Peary's steamer last Summer for a year's musk ox and walrus shooting in that vicinity, and who, it is assumed, will have been sufficiently satisfied to return to his home now.

On her way back the Jeanie will spend a fortnight at Pond's Inlet, Baffin Land, netting Arctic salmon to be pickled and brought to New York for sale, to help in defraying the expenses of the venture. For this purpose she carries three salmon nets and thirty barrels of curing salt. The salmon are said to be abundant in this vicinity and of a most toothsome quality, so that if they can be taken in sufficient quantities there is little doubt that a good return will be assured for them.

REFEREE FAVORS ADDICKS.

Reports Against Creditors in Suit to Set Aside Realty Conveyances.

The referee appointed by the Supreme Court in an action brought by the survivors of the firm of Clark, Ward & Co., in liquidation, against J. Edward Addicks and others, as defendants, to set aside conveyances of property at 251 and 259 Fifth Avenue, and to declare then the property to belong to Addicks, subject to a judgment for $212,944, of which $193,478 remains unsatisfied, filed his report in the County Clerk's office yesterday in favor of Addicks.

He finds that the defendant did not pay for these properties with his own money, but, with the funds of the Beacon Hill Realty Company, a Delaware concern, of which he was President, and recommends that the complaint be dismissed.

The plaintiffs declared that Addicks owed them the judgment amount for certain stock transactions, and that he, in order to hinder and delay the creditors, including the plaintiffs, purchased the properties in question, but had the conveyances taken in the name of one Mary Frances Betts, who turned them over to the Beacon Hill Realty Company, which in turn conveyed 251 Fifth Avenue to the Rearsavon Realty Company, and 259 Fifth Avenue to the Gleneriffe Realty Company. Both of these were New York concerns and organized by Addicks, but he claimed he had bought the realty for the Beacon Hill Company, and not with his own money.

WOMAN SAVES TWO AT FIRE.

Youths Knocked Unconscious by Explosion Dragged Out by Janitress.

When William Lasosky, 16 years old, of 93 Allen Street, and Harry Gitlowitz, 20, of 1,491 Madison Avenue, opened the printing shop of Ewald Brothers on the ground floor of the six-story tenement at 170 East Ninety-sixth Street early yesterday they carried lighted candles to see their way into the paper stock room. In some way gas had escaped in this room during the night, and the minute the two young men opened the door there came a terrific explosion. It felled Lasosky and Gitlowitz to the floor, brought down in a heap and ignited the huge rolls of paper, and blew out the plate glass windows in the front of the shop.

The explosion sent panic to the hearts of the tenement dwellers above the shop and in the houses near it. They poured down to the street in hysterical droves. They saw that the fire was in the print shop, but no one stopped to ask whether or not any one was in there.

But Mrs. Mary Weil, the janitress, living in the basement, knowing that Lasosky and Gitlowitz usually opened the shop, rushed upstairs from her basement, asked if they had been seen, and plunged into the burning shop. The flames had not come out of the stock room, but the whole floor was full of smoke. She could hardly see her way. She stumbled over the two unconscious young men just inside the paper room door, where the fire was roaring.

The flames were already burning her face and hands. She closed her eyes, caught a young man in each hand, and dragged them to the door and out on to the sidewalk.

All three were sent to the Presbyterian Hospital. Only the janitress was burned, and she not seriously.

HOLD-UP VICTIM DIES.

No Clew to Men Who Shot and Robbed Baker Charles Le Barbiera.

Charles Le Barbiera, a Mount Vernon baker, who was shot and robbed by footpads soon after daylight Monday morning while driving through a lonesome section of Pelham, died in the Mount Vernon Hospital yesterday morning. He leaves a wife and two sons.

The police thus far have failed to get any clue as to the identity of the murderers, as Le Barbiera was unable to give any description of his assailants, except that they were Italians.

Le Barbiera was on his daily rounds in Wolf's Lane, Pelham. Two men stepped from a clump of bushes and grasped the horse by the bridle.

Le Barbiera struck the horse with his whip, and one footpad fired. The bullet struck the baker just above the right knee and grazing the bone, passed out at the top of the leg and lodged in the stomach.

After taking about three dollars, all the money they could find, the men escaped. The wounded man's horse reached his home an hour later with him lying in the bottom of the wagon.

KANSAS CITY'S NEW STATION.

Handsome Building, with System of Freight Terminals, to Cost $30,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 11.—Negotiations which have dragged through ten years, have finally been closed and Kansas City is to have a new Union Passenger Station which, with a system of freight terminals in connection, will cost $30,000,000. Included in this system is every one of the twenty-seven lines of the fifteen systems which make Kansas City the second greatest railroad centre in the world. In permitting the formation of this terminal system, however, the city has carefully safeguarded the interests of the shippers in perpetuating the present competitive conditions, by which switching charges are absorbed on competitive shipments. It has taken the lesson of St. Louis to heart by eliminating the possibility of the creation of a terminal monopoly.

The new station is to be in the heart of the city, at Twenty-third Street and Baltimore Avenue, facing one of the city's largest and finest parks. The station building itself will cost $3,000,000. It is to be of classic design, absolutely fireproof of monumental proportions, and will contain every convenience for travelers that could be thought of. The building is to be in the shape of a T, built of native dressed stone. The main building is to be four stories in front and five in the rear, the main entrance to be on the second floor and the first floor level with the train platform.

The main building will be 515 by 166 2-3 feet. The main entrance will be spanned by five huge arches 70 feet in height. Broad arched doorways will lead into a lobby 75 by 300 feet with a glass arched ceiling 115 feet above the floor. The main waiting room will extend out over the platform, connecting with a five-story building in which will be the emigrant waiting room. The main waiting room will be 335 by 166 2-3 feet, and will have 67,000 feet of floor space. On either side will be a "midway," one for incoming and one for outgoing passengers, with numerous stairways and elevators to the train platform.

The first floor of the main building will extend out on either side. It will be occupied by the baggage room with 40,000 feet of floor space, the mail room with 50,000 feet, and the express room with 65,000 feet. All of the mail, baggage, and express will be carried to the trains through subways. The train shed will have twelve through tracks, each 2,800 feet long, and accommodating two trains. More than 300 passenger trains will arrive and depart from the station every day.

PORTO RICO BUDGET IN COURT.

Seeks to Enjoin Disbursements Under Attorney General's Opinion.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 11.—The Unionistas have applied to the San Juan District Court for an injunction to restrain Gov. Regis H. Post, Treasurer S. D. Gromer, and Auditor G. C. Ward from disbursing the insular funds in accordance with the Olmsted act as interpreted by the Attorney General of Porto Rico.

The point at issue is whether the Governor is empowered by the act to change the amounts of the appropriation bills provided he keep within the total amount of the budget as approved for the fiscal year 1908-1909, or the act requires him to appropriate for the expenses of the fiscal year 1909-1910 the same amounts allotted in the several Appropriation bills of that budget.

The paragraph of the Olmsted act under discussion reads:

> And provided further that if at the termination of any fiscal year the appropriations necessary for the support of the Government for the ensuing fiscal year shall not have been made, an amount equal to the sums appropriated in the last appropriation bills for such purpose shall be deemed to be appropriated; and until the Legislature shall act in such behalf the Treasurer may, with the advice of the Governor, make the payments necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

The Attorney General of Porto Rico holds that the budget passed by the Legislature of Porto Rico for the year 1908-1909 has not been enacted by the Olmsted Act, but that it rather places a discretionary power in the Governor to take a sum of money equal to the sums appropriated last year and expend them in a manner which will meet all necessities.

The Unionistas, who have applied for the injunction, hold that the Olmsted Act enforces the old budget with all of its appropriations intact.

The Treasurer, with the advice of the Governor, has been expending the public moneys in accordance with the Attorney General's interpretation of the Olmsted Act and it is to check this procedure that the Unionistas have applied for an injunction. The 9th of August has been set for a hearing of the case.

The Unionistas assert that it is not their desire to hamper the working of the Government that leads them to apply for an injunction, but to compel the local American authorities to apply the law in its true spirit.

9-YEAR-OLD BOY FLIES.

Went 60 Feet in the Home-Made Roosevelt No. 1 and Then Fell.

Perhaps it is fitting that this story of the longest flight in the cheapest heavier-than-air flying machine by the youngest aeronaut should come from Roosevelt, L. I. He flew sixty feet, and then fell into a tomato patch. But he may try again.

The 9-year-old son Lewis of Capt. Ludwig Hansen and the 12-year-old son Herbert of the Rev. Charles Edwards, a retired Baptist minister, have been making their heavier-than-air machine for some time. Asked last night of what they had made it—for it was a sort of secret flight—young Edwards answered vaguely that "she" was nine foot long, three foot wide, made of bamboo and sticks, and covered with newspapers.

According to young Edwards, he and young Hansen got their machine to a ten-fot platform yesterday. They then went down on the ground and spread over it a thick covering of hay and straw, so if the worst came to the worst they would have an easy fall.

Hansen took the forward seat. Edwards got ready to take the aft seat. Then they were to push her off the platform and fly. Young Hansen got nervous and hasty, and pushed off without Edwards. He went sailing through the air. Because he leaned back in a nonchalant sort of way the ship tilted upward and started heavenward. Thrown into a panic at this too swift upward flight, Lewis Hansen lurched forward. Then the Roosevelt No. 1 plunged into the middle of Mrs. Mary Grillon's tomato patch.

Mrs. Grillon ran out to see what had happened in her garden. Lewis Hansen came crawling out of his wreckage of newspapers, chambos sticks and, without paying the slightest attention to her injuries jas to whether the poor boy had been hurt, he went about examining the bones of the Roosevelt No. 1 to see how badly they had been injured.

Though the Roosevelt can be made as good as new very easily, it was reported last night that Capt. Ludwig has forbidden his son to fly until he has wings of his own, though he is secretly proud of the achievement of the boy. Whether he flies again or not, Herbert Edwards will attempt it. The date of the next flight had not been decided upon last night, but it was said that Capt. Hansen will be out of town next Wednesday on business.

CANAL ZONE CONDITION GOOD.

American Minister Doesn't Think Many Girls Are Detained in Resorts.

Herbert G. Squiers, American Minister to Panama; his wife and daughter, were passengers on the steamship Prinz Freidrich Wilhelm, which arrived yesterday. The Minister is here on a six months' leave, made necessary because Mrs. Squiers is just recovering from typhoid fever.

"The work on the canal is progressing," said Mr. Squiers. "I believe Col. Goethal's prediction that the work will be completed in 1915 will be fulfilled. There are now 35,000 men on the work, and with the present excellent sanitation and precautions against disease the health averages as good as on any work where such a number of men are employed, even in the North.

"The police regulations in the Canal Zone are strict, and the liquor traffic is regulated. Recently I sent detectives through the disorderly places and sent out the word that if there were any American girls detained there I would send them back to the States. I don't believe there are many American girls there detained against their wills."

MAY SUE JEROME'S AID.

President of Construction Co. Reported to Have Been Falsely Arrested.

It was rumored last night that Louis C. Dillman, President of the Dillman Fireproof Construction Company, was going to sue Assistant District Attorney Daniel Murphy for false arrest and that on the same score he intended to forward charges to Gov. Hughes. The report had it that after sending a detective to his apartment, 70 West Thirty-eighth Street, early on a morning in May to request him to come to the District Attorney's office Mr. Murphy came to him and said:

"Do you know that you have committed an act of perjury?"

According to the account of the matter attributed to Mr. Dillman himself, the trouble arose in this way: The Dillman Company had taken a sub-contract from John T. Brady & Co., contractors, to fireproof the car barns of the Metropolitan Company, 147th Street and Lenox Avenue. They were supposed to complete the job by Sept. 17 last, if they were not hindered. The work could not be completed till three months later. To collect the $50,000 due his company Mr. Dillman took out a mechanics' lien on the barns. Therefore the Brady Company was required, within twenty-four hours, to file a bond double the amount of the lien. It did so.

It was in May, Mr. Dillman is reported to have said, that a detective came to him and ordered him to come to the District Attorney, refusing to leave him even while he dressed. He was shown into Mr. Murphy's office, and, according to report, the Brady people were there, and Mr. Murphy made his remark about perjury, adding, "You'd better withdraw that lien or you'll get into trouble."

Mr. Dillman says he explained then that he had taken the lien legally. He says he had had no trouble over it, but intends to notify the Governor of the way people are treated in the District Attorney's office. He says the paper the detective gave him only requested his presence, and that there was no reason why he should have been treated as though under arrest.

Kramer Captures Five-Mile Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 11.—Frank P. Kramer to-night won the five-mile National cycling championship from Jack Clarke of Australia and a big field at the Velodrome. Kramer won after a close contest with the Antipodean. Willie Fenn was third and Menus Bedell fourth. In the mile professional handicap Fred Hill, with eighty-five yards' start, finished first. Percy Lawrence captured the quarter-mile amateur championship and also the Australian pursuit race. Teddy Billington annexed the mile professional invitation event, and the three-mile amateur handicap went to Maurice Van den Dries.

DOCTOR'S DRUG KILLED BOY.

Dr. Sussman Had to Flee from Crowd When Patient Died Under Chloroform.

An autopsy, performed yesterday by Coroner's Physician Weston in the case of 16-year-old Abraham Lesser of 138 Orchard Street, who died just after Dr. Philip Sussman, in performing an operation on his knee, had administered chloroform, showed that the chloroform had caused his death.

The boy's death, which occurred the night before at about 9 o'clock, caused a big and angry crowd to gather along Orchard Street and in the house where the boy lived, and where several doctors worked over him in vain for hours.

Dr. Sussman, when convinced that the boy was dead, fled through the crowd on the pretext of getting still another doctor. Yesterday he admitted that the chloroform had caused death, but said it had been through no fault of his.

"Dr. Miller knew I was going," he said. "If I had stayed I would have been lynched, sure."

Capt. Carey of the Homicide Bureau yesterday summoned Dr. Sussman from his home, 13 St. Mark's Place, to Police Headquarters and heard his explanation—that the boy was in good condition, as his examination showed, but had an "idiosyncrasy," as he put it, that made him incapable of standing chloroform, a thing, he said, impossible to foresee.

Coroner Harburger said the autopsy proved that Lesser had an extremely weak heart. He added that he would put the matter of the doctor before a jury soon, to determine if it was a case of "criminal negligence."

Lesser hurt his knee on July 25. Inflammation set in, and Dr. Sussman decided finally to apply leeches. The boy could not bear the pain of them, and when the doctor put one on Tuesday night he screamed so that the neighbors crowded into the halls. The physician thought best to apply enough chloroform to get the "primary effect"—just a few drops, and held a saturated cloth to the boy's nose; the boy almost instantly dropped back unconscious, and his mother set up a screaming, until many more people collected.

Dr. Sussman tried artificial respiration, while neighbors brought in Dr. Louis Miller of 76 Rivington Street. Already there was a nurse there, brought by Dr. Sussman.

The doctors worked for an hour and a half, the mother and sisters of the boy continuing their lamentations meanwhile, and the crowd constantly growing.

Finally Dr. Sussman whispered to Dr. Miller. Then said aloud: "I'll get another doctor," and pushed out through the crowd. He didn't return.

Dr. Miller said later: "I'm not chicken-hearted, but when I saw the faces in the halls outside, I felt shaky. I think the doctor was wise in getting out."

LOSE JOBS FROM TACK CASE.

Two Kings Clerks Mixed Up in Mystery of $165,000 Judgment Roll.

As a result of the investigation which Frank Ehlers, Clerk of Kings County, and Register W. A. Prendergast are making into the disappearance of a judgment roll in the County Clerk's office over Saturday night, awarding $165,000 to Marks Kaskell, brother-in-law and client of Lawyer Joseph Martin of 229 Broadway, in a suit against Theodore E. Tack and Russell Sage Raphael, Ralph Kaskell, a messenger-custodian in the County Clerk's office, was suspended by Mr. Ehlers, and Chester Kaskell, his brother, employed in the Register's office, was dismissed by Mr. Prendergast. The Kaskell brothers are nephews of Marks Kaskell.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Capt. A. B. Warfield, Fifth Field Artillery, relieved from duty at Camp Robinson, Sparta, Wis., Sept. 10, and will return to Fort Snelling, Minn.

Capt. A. F. Casard, Ordnance Department, Department of the Gulf, as assistant to chief ordnance officer of that department.

Major H. M. Lord, Paymaster, relieved from further duty with Committee on Ways and Means, House of Representatives.

Capt. G. F. Junemann, Medical Corps, relieved from duty at Fort McDowell, Cal., and proceed to Fort Logan, Col., for duty.

First Lieut. F. L. Case, Twelfth Cavalry, to Examining Board at Fort Riley, Kan., for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. H. S. Hetrick, Corps of Engineers, to Governors Island, N. Y., for duty at manoeuvres to be held in Massachusetts.

Major T. Cruse, Quartermaster, will make not to exceed two visits per month to Millis, Mass., and not to exceed one visit per month if necessary, to the following named places to inspect materials or supplies manufactured and furnished for the Quartermaster's Department: Troy, N. Y.; Worcester, Mass.; Hartford, Conn.; Holyoke, Mass.; Cohoes, N. Y.; Maynard, Mass.; Lee, Mass.; West Stockbridge, Mass.

Major J. H. Rice, Ordnance Department, to Alliance, Ohio, on business pertaining to inspection of seacoast gun carriages.

Major J. W. Joyce, Ordnance Department, to Fort Caswell, N. C., and Fort Moultrie and Fort Sumter, S. C., on business pertaining to inspection of seacoast armament and the work of mechanics engaged thereon.

First Lieut. T. T. Duke, Twenty-third Infantry, detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Oklahoma University Preparatory School, Tonkawa, Okla.

The Navy.

Commissioned—Capt. E. E. Wright; Commander—K. McAlpine, M. L. Bristol, T. Washington, A. H. Davis, H. F. Bryan, F. Marble; Lieut. Commanders—H. E. Yarnell, W. D. Pettill, W. H. Reynolds, O. G. Murfin; Chief Machinists—E. E. Evans, C. A. Rowe.

Capt. W. B. Caperton, Lieut. Commander E. T. Witherspoon, Lieut. Commander J. V. Klemann, Lieut. Commander F. P. Baldwin, Ensign M. F. Draemel, Ensign D. W. Fuller, Passed Assistant Surgeon W. Seaman, Machinist G. R. Thompson, home and wait orders.

Lieut. Commander J. R. Y. Blakeley, to the Washington, as navigating officer.

Lieut. E. W. Smith, to the Marietta, as navigating and executive officer.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Olympia, Chicago, Hartford, Tonopah, at Bath; Patapsco, at Provincetown; Yorktown, at Seattle; Louisiana, Ohio, Virginia, Rhode Island, at Southern drill grounds.

Sailed—Albany, from San Francisco for Bremerton; Wolverine, from Escanaba, Mich., for South Manitou and Machinac Island, Mich.

July.

In July The Times printed 415,438 agate lines of advertising—an increase of 65,393 lines over July, 1908.

In July The Times printed 12,980 lines of book advertising a gain of 2,155 lines over July, 1908, and 1,837 lines more than the combined volume of all the other New York morning newspapers.

In July The Times printed 57,116 lines of financial advertising, a gain of 10,510 lines over July, 1908, and a greater volume of financial advertising than any other New York newspaper, morning or evening, notwithstanding that The Times excludes from its columns every month a large amount of questionable and objectionable financial advertising that is printed elsewhere.

In July The Times printed 9,397 lines more retail dry goods advertising than in July, 1908. Advertising is the ginger of retail selling, and The Times brings the best kind of customers into the stores that advertise in its columns.

The circulation of The Times is more than 175,000 copies daily, and its city sales are greater than the combined volume of those of five other New York newspapers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation, while the purchasing power of its circulation is not exceeded by that of any other New York newspaper.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

B. & O. TO SPEND $10,000,000.

Railroad Contracts for New Equipment of Highest Standard.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 11.—Announcement was made at the executive office of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company here to-day that the company, in carrying out the recently decided upon increase of equipment, has closed contracts as follows: One thousand composite gondola cars, 1,000 coke cars, and 500 all steel hopper cars, Standard Steel Car Company, Butler, Penn.; 1,000 all steel coke cars, Cambria Steel Company, Johnstown, Penn.; 45 passenger coaches and 5 combined passenger and bagagge cars, American Car and Foundry Company, Wilmington, Del.; 10 baggage cars, 5 café and parlor cars, 5 all steel postal cars, Barney & Smith Car Company, Dayton, Ohio. All this equipment is to be of the highest standard.

In addition to the contracts enumerated others are for 1,000 box cars, 500 refrigerator cars, and 500 ventilated cars, 60 locomotives, and 2 electric locomotives will be placed upon the completion of the negotiations now pending. The Baltimore & Ohio has also placed orders for steel rails 90 and 100 pounds weight, viz.: 2,000 tons, Bethlehem Steel Company, Bethlehem, Penn.; 5,000 tons, Illinois Steel Company, Gard, Ind.; 12,000 tons, Carnegie Steel Company, Pittsburg, and 10,250 tons, Maryland Steel Company, Baltimore.

Between $6,000,000 and $7,000,000 is called for in the contracts closed, and those pending will carry the total beyond $10,000,000.

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Goff, J.; motions. 1—Palmer-Foley. 2—Sellack-Sellack. 3—Somerville-Bingham. 4—Moody Manuel Co-Moody. 5—Schenkin-Polstein R. & C. Co. 6—Wacht-Jacones. 7—In re Lowenhaupt. 8—In re Public Ave. 9. 10—Berger-Press Pub. Co. 11—McNulty-McNulty. 12—De La Vergne Mach Co-Haines. 13—McDermott-Litchfield Const Co. 14—Jacobs-McClellan. 15—Creske-Bingham. 16—Goldstein-Bingham. 17—Murphy-Dawes. 18—In re Costello. 19—Gottlieb-Kovnes. 20—Fiss, Doer & Carroll-Berg. 21—Uhlig-Uhlig. 22—Robertson-Smith. 23—McCaffrey-Commercial Travelers' Mut. Acc. Assn. 24—Bueb-Climmett. 25—Standing-Standing. 26—East River Sav. Inst.-Dubroff. 27—Ridley-Ridley. 28—Ransome Concrete Machinery-McDonald. 29—Southgate-Southgate. 30—Ratner-Rothstein. 31—Genzardi-Hickson. 32—U S Casualty Co-Shubert & Anderson Co. 33—Pendant Realty Co-Webb. 34—Johnson-City of N. Y. 35—Hoffman-same. 36—Carfolite-same. 37—Strauss-Beckman. 38—Resch-Abelman. 39—de Brion-Busch. 40—Fisher-Fisher. 41—McMann-McMann. 42—Strunsky-Meyer. 43—Cohen-Supreme Lodge K & L of H. 44—Trefy-Williams. 45—Landan-Bingham. 46—Haenelt-Haenelt. 47—Osburg-Osburg. 48—Duncan-Duncan. 49—Gardner-Gardner. 50—Zagarmo-McClellan. 51—Salitia-Penn R. R Co. 52—Davenport-Davenport. 53—Met Print Co-Hyde. 54, 55—People Natl Bk of Pittsburg-Predllecta Mining Co. 56—Allinger United Eng & Cont Co. 57—In re Anderson. 58—Clark-Chanler. 59—Zucher-Satlin. 60—Standard Fashion Co-Oldstein. 61—Yorkville Amus Co-Bingham.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT AND CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: John Schlaick, Ellen M. Pike, Samuel C. Graves, Julius Lederman.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Anna C. S. Hassey vs. Isaac Schwodron—Nathan Fernbacker. George R. Sutherland vs. Clifford E. Parker—Michael J. Cohalan.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

CHURCH PUBLISHING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Church Publishing Company, a New Jersey corporation, of 27 East Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: Alban P. Roche, $805 for salary and notes; Charles R. Stenger, $55 salary as business manager, and Robert B. Hincks, $285 for legal services and notes. It was alleged that the corporation was insolvent, and on Aug. 9 declared in writing that it was insolvent, and willing to be adjudicated bankrupt. The business was started here about twenty-two years ago, and the above company succeeded to it on Jan. 16, 1899, with a capital stock of $10,000. The company published pamphlets and catechisms for church work.

AUGUSTA TILESTON. — Augusta Tileston, living at 37 Morningside Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $24,104, and assets of $165 in two debts due her. She formerly had a fashionable boarding house at 20 and 22 West 32d Street for seven years, but gave it up in July, 1908. The debts were contracted from 1902 to 1909. There are sixty creditors, among whom are Annie R. Waite, $4,025; M. L. Morgan estate, $2,332, both for rent; Norman F. Kerr, $2,550; Andrew B. Wallace, Jr., Springfield, Vell, Pa., $2,150; William Tileston, Lake George, $650; Archer Vance Pancoast, $1,500; Marie Louise Pancoast, $800; Tradesmen's National Bank of New Haven, $900; George M. Harmon, New Haven, $900, all for loans; John S. Sills & Sons, $475, groceries; Edward C. Hand, $468, groceries; Abraham Louis, $480; Borden's Condensed Milk Company, $144; Empire Steam Laundry, $139; New York Telephone Company, $76; Knickerbocker Electric Company, $100; Siegel Brothers, $148, liquors; Alexander C. Patterson, $296, plumbing; Herman Borgman, $283, and Joseph H. Beams Company, $800. She owes $908 to seven servants for wages. There are eight judgments against her, and the petition was filed to stop examination in supplementary proceedings.

MENDELSON & FINKEL UMBRELLA FRAME COMPANY.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on May 13 against the Mendelson & Finkel Umbrella Frame Company of 740 Broadway. All the creditors outside of the Messrs. Mendelson were paid in full, and the balance realized from the sale of the assets was divided among Isaac, Israel, and Julius Mendelson, who were creditors for $9,513 each.

PETER P. ACRITELLI.—Coroner Peter P. Acritelli, who was in the banking business as P. Acritelli & Son, 239 Elizabeth Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 21, 1908, applied for his discharge from bankruptcy yesterday in the United States District Court. Only one creditor—the Cunard Steamship Company—opposed the discharge, and the matter went over for two weeks. The liabilities are $228,156, and the nominal assets are $181,500.

Bankrupts in Contempt.

Judge Hough of the United States District Court has granted a motion made by James, Schell & Elkus to declare Siegler & Son, jobbers in woolens and cloakings, formerly at 34 Walker Street, in contempt of court for failure to turn over to Warren I. Lee, as trustee, $22,708 cash, as ordered by William Allen, referee in bankruptcy.

The Judge said: "A rereading of the evidence not only confirms my previous opinion that the referee's order was justified, but does not enable me to find any mitigating circumstances or permit any other conclusion than that the bankrupts hid their property and have it."

A petition in bankruptcy was filed against them by James, Schell & Elkus for creditors on July 13, 1907, and their schedules showed liabilities of $64,272 and nominal assets of $4,771. Robert P. Lewis for James, Schell & Elkus, who tried the case, said yesterday that, according to their statement of Dec. 1, 1906, between that date and July 13, 1907, when they were put in bankruptcy, $94,000 in assets disappeared. Their personal drawings in that period were $23,000. Within ten days of the bankruptcy they cashed $10,300 checks payable to "ourselves," and cashed all their accounts for $6,000. There was a disappearance of actual merchandise of $46,000.

Attachment Against Arnold Rothstein.

Deputy Sheriff Altman has received an attachment against Arnold Rothstein, who formerly lived at the Hotel Monico, 110 West Thirty-ninth Street, for $6,646 in favor of Turner & Co., stock brokers, for failure to accept 20,000 shares of stock of the Gouverneur Zinc and Lead Company, under an agreement made on May 21 to purchase the stock at 33 1-8 cents a share. The attachment was granted by Judge Lehman of the Supreme Court on the ground that Rothstein keeps concealed to avoid summons.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court has granted discharges to these bankrupts:

EUGENE J. BEALES of 100 West Sixty-ninth Street, formerly an investment broker, grandson of the late Eugene Kelly, banker; liabilities, $49,356.

LOUIS LAMPERT, wrecker and builder, 1,370 Madison Avenue, formerly of Lampert & Horn; liabilities, $236,825.

MAX STOLLER, importer of dressmakers' supplies, 351 Fifth Avenue; liabilities, $48,873.

AUCTION SALES.

Mortgage Sale.—Josua Weinstock, auctioneer, sells this 12 day August, 1909, 9 o'clock A. M., at 348 East 30 St., Borough Manhattan, saloon fixtures removed from Bridgehampton, Suffolk County, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT EMIL KAUFMANN COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, County of New York and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, at a Special Term, Part II. thereof, to be held at the Court House in said county on the 12th day of August, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to KAUFMANN-DRYFOOS COMPANY.

Dated, New York, June 28th, 1909.

EMIL KAUFMANN COMPANY,
By EMIL KAUFMANN, President.

OSCAR B. ABBOTT, livery stable, 65 West 115th Street; liabilities, $15,850.

AGNES D. ARMOUR, dressmaker, 826 Seventh Avenue; liabilities, $8,281.

GOLOMB & MAGID, builders, 248 East Fifth Street; liabilities, $5,933.

JACOB MARGOLIS, dry goods, 104 Second Avenue; liabilities, $5,653.

WILLIAM ROSENBERG, baker, 109 East 135th Street; liabilities, $5,459.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Andrews, William—S. Reiss et al., $112.
Adler, Elias J., et al.—H. Richard, $3,594.
Biber, Sigmund—G. A. Rupp, $115.
Carpenter, Edward C.—M. Friedberg, $175.
Cavanaugh, Ralph W., et al.—F. L. Lower, $3,997.
Fitzgerald, Patrick F.—Rock Plaster Mfg. Co., $136.
George, James H.—A. G. Evans et al., $131.
Gordon, Abraham and Samuel, et al.—S. Jarmulowsky, $1,425.
Goldberg, Jeannette, (not summoned,) et al.—H. Richard, $3,594.
Henderson, James C. S.—A. J. Lowenstein, $10,068.
Hill, John—Rock Plaster Mfg. Co., $204.
Hinds, Howell, (not summoned,) et al.—F. L. Lower, $3,997.
Jaffe, Moses and Benjamin—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $108.
Jordan, Clark L.—R. F. McBride et al., $148.
Levkovitz, Sigmund—M. Zimmerman Co., $256.
Moses, Sigmund, et al.—Niagara Wood Working Co., $852.
Same—Same, $961.
Miggins, Abraham—M. Garlick et al., $152.
Moore, Charles V.—E. Badt, $225.
McNeill, Michael W.—Curtis Vlaisdell Co., $415.
Olson, Charles J.—C. F. Nahmmacher, $447.
Perlman, Abraham and Mary, et al.—S. Jarmulowsky, $1,425.
Rosenheim, Julius—Simon Strauss, Inc., $143.
Siegel, Max J.—H. Gottlieb, $105.
Seidel, Bernard, et al.—H. Richard, $3,594.
Nelson Co., Inc.—R. T. Jones et al., $288.
Berliner & Greenberg, Inc., et al.—Niagara Wood Working Co., $961.
Same—Same, $852.
German-American Cable News Co.—H. Greenfield, $1,086.
Hinds Consolidated Mining Co. et al.—F. L. Lower, $3,997.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Burkhardt, Rudolph—H. Klotz et al., Aug. 4, 1909, $127.
Bohemian Real Estate Association of Winfield —J. Berny, June 25, 1909, $1,108.
Cohen, Harry—J. Marx, Feb. 3, 1909, $2,344.
Cresco Realty Co. et al.—J. Spiezio, March 11, 1909, $332.
Johnson, Walter L., et ol.—Same, March 11, 1909, $332.
Krueger, George, et al.—Same, March 11, 1909, $332.
Dernberg Mfg. Co.—M. Corn, June 30, 1909, $287.
Heck, Charles H.—F. W. Hollis et al., June 4, 1902, $220.
Jackson, Carl—City of New York, May 3, 1907, $264.
Scott, Robert—City of New York, Sept. 23, 1908, $408.
Shkolnikoff, Rebecca—G. Rosen, April 14, 1909, $522.
Hatch, J. Leffingwell—M. E. Strong, Oct. 1, 1907, (canceled,) $234.
Parshelsky, Isaac—A. Goldberg, July 15, 1909, (canceled,) $480.
Colasurno, Oronzio—United States Exchange Bank, March 15, 1909, (released,) $3,587.

HACKER & ROSENBAUM
306 BROADWAY.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES
AT PRICES THAT WILL COMMAND YOUR BUSINESS:
H. & R.
10 in. Cambric Flounces..... 8c. yd.
17 in. Cambric Corset Edges..... 11¾c. yd.
17 in. Cross Bar Corset Edges and Flounces..... 18½c. yd.
(Good values to retail at 39 cts.)
Jobs in Linen Torchons as low as 29½c. a doz.

Arrival of Buyers

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced bookkeeper and accountant, capable of taking charge of general ledgers; must have best references, and be willing to start at moderate salary. G. H., 25 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, experienced bookkeeper in manufacturing cloak house; Hebrew preferred. Apply by letter to Shaft & Barnett, 59 4th Av.

BRIGHT, refined woman of good appearance and able to meet business men and women. The Century Co., Union Square.

CLOAK MODELS.—MUST BE 36 BUST, 40 SKIRT; STYLISH WOMAN WITHOUT EXPERIENCE WILL ANSWER. APPLY IMMEDIATELY. HOLLSTEIN, YOUNG & CO., 7 EAST 17TH ST.

CAPABLE WOMAN wanted, experienced in taking charge of laundry. Apply personally at institution, 150th St. and Broadway.

EXPERIENCED BONNAZ OPERATORS wanted. C. P. Hertlein, 148th St. and Brook Av.

FASHION EDITOR wanted to take charge of fashion pages of well-known woman's magazine; must be familiar with paper patterns, up to date, and with knowledge of practical dressmaking; state experience, salary, and references. Box E 157 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK—Competent girl for general housework; no washing; must be good plain cook; four in family. Apply at once 469 West 141st St.

MODELS.
Several stylish young ladies to try on garments in showroom (cloaks and suits);
BUST 36, SKIRT, 43;
good salary; steady position if satisfactory.
I. ROSENSCHEIN,
41 TO 51 EAST 11TH ST.

MODELS.—Perfect, 36; stylish figure, for long season. Call, Simon Weltman & Co., 33 and 35 West 17th St.

Model, 36, wholesale cloak house; permanent position. Mitteldorf, 36 East 20th St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced; $8 per week to commence; state experience and references. P. M., Box E 91 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Positions for competent female stenographers at good salaries. Apply at once to the Remington Typewriter Company, 323 Broadway. No charge for the service.

STENOGRAPHER and Underwood operator, temporary position; only one who can take rapid dictation and read her notes wanted; $10. Apply 8:30, 310-312 West 39th St.

STENOGRAPHER—With experience; Protestant preferred; good education and penmanship necessary; salary $10; will increase. Address Wilson, Box 221 Times, Times Sq.

WANTED—AN UNUSUAL WOMAN.
A large commercial establishment desires to secure the services of a woman of intelligence and education (college graduate preferred) whose business career is not likely to be interrupted by marriage, illness, or removal, to act as the secretary and amanuensis of the Advertising Manager, with a view ultimately to qualifying for more important duties in the advertising department.
A permanent and remunerative position is open with almost unlimited possibilities for advancement. Typewriting ability is required; knowledge of stenography would be valuable, but is not essential. Qualities chiefly desired are mental alertness, common sense, business judgment, intellectual force, and originality, and a trained facility in the use of the English language.
The right woman will find the work easy and interesting, the conditions congenial, and the rewards certain.
Address UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY, Box F 2 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—One of the largest department stores in New York desires to engage a young woman in its advertising department; applicant must have had experience in proofreading and be able to write clear, grammatical English, with some ability in descriptive writing; must also be able to write on typewriter. Address P. C. C., Box E 158 Times, Times Square.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
First-class stenographers. Attractive salaries.
The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.,
339 Broadway.

WANTED.—Girls for addressing (Underwood typewriter;) salary, $5 per week. Address Typewriter, P. O. Box 645, New York City.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, fond of children; business woman. 2,772 Bainbridge Av. Call evenings.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

HELP WANTED—MALES
15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Wanted, for the position of Advertising Manager of a metropolitan publication, a thoroughly equipped man of experience and energy; if possible, one whose name is known in advertising circles; the man wanted must be worth at least $7,500 a year. Address S, Box 50 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced bookkeeper and accountant, capable of taking charge of general ledgers; must have best references, and be willing to start at moderate salary. G. H., 25 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable man wanted by Donaldson, Hillside Av., Richmond Hill.

BOY WANTED.
A bright, intelligent, well-mannered young lad about 15 years of age wanted in a banking house; must be a good penman and reside at home with parents or guardians. Applicants will address in own handwriting naming reference and other particulars. Punctual, 155 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15 to 16 years, in large jewelry house; must be neat and have best reference. Address E 151 Times, Times Square.

DRAUGHTSMAN for out-of-town position; must be experienced in detailing and ornamental iron work; state age, experience, and salary desired. Ledger Office, J 409, Philadelphia, Pa.

ENERGETIC real estate renting man for responsible connection with live, established concern; commission basis. Weill Company, 161 West 34th St.

FURNITURE SALESMAN.
Thoroughly competent, up-to-date furniture salesman, accustomed to installment trade. Apply Crown Co., 74 and 76 Market St., Newark.

JANITOR.—Man and wife, without children; west side uptown flat. I 148 Times Downtown.

MAN, bright, energetic, and accustomed to meeting business men and women, wanted for position in our magazine book department. Century Co., Union Square.

MANAGER.—A conservative financial corporation about to establish agencies in Syracuse, Utica, Albany, Yonkers, and Rondout requires the services of a manager in each city. The essential requirements are honesty—the dyed-in-the-wool kind of honesty—and a following in his home town. Any man with insurance, brokerage, or selling experience, or a retired man on the lookout for a clean, dignified, and highly remunerative work, providing he can furnish the highest credentials, should fill the bill. As the work is on a purely co-operative basis an answer to this presupposes a sufficient amount of working capital to cover the preliminary work. Address Credentials, Box F 160 Times Downtown.

MANAGER for large financial institution; must have ability to control operations of large force of men and show good record for having DONE BIG THINGS. Suitable guarantee required as an evidence of good faith. Address Heavyweight, Box P 159 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY—Wanted, bright office boy, large leather house; good chance; salary, $5 to start. I 158 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.
A few live, energetic and reliable men to sell on a commission basis seashore property in Greater New York, 30 minutes from City Hall, New York. This property is selling rapidly and is the best real estate proposition for any salesmen to-day. The goods are right, the prices are cheap, the terms reasonable. If you are not a hustler and have not good references you need not apply. R. E., P. O. Box 822.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, experienced salesmen for kimonos; commission basis; good reference or bond required. Kasnab & Co., 81 to 85 Washington St., city.

SALESMAN WANTED BY PROMINENT LACE AND VEILING IMPORTERS FOR COAST FROM DENVER WEST; MUST HAVE A GOOD FOLLOWING. GIVE FULL ARTICULARS AND STATE AGE, &C. ALL REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL. X. Y. Z., 310 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Where to Find Lost Articles.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

LOST.—A black seal handbag, Cross make, containing chain purse, &c., on Monday, between 11 and 12 o'clock, in store on 145th St. or 145th St., Amsterdam Av., 147th St. to St. Nicholas Av.; reward. Cooper, 746 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—On Monday, Aug. 9, from Broadway car to Wanamaker's, lady's black leather handbag containing railroad pass and tickets, baggage checks, sum of money, &c. Reward if returned to De Forest Bros., 30 Broad St., city.

LOST.—Customer's record book; cover marked Baker-Vawter Co., 350 Broadway; suitable reward will be paid if returned to Guy V. Waite, care Baker-Vawter Co., 350 Broadway.

LOST—Vicinity 42d St. and 3d Av., Boston terrier, male, black body, white collar, white blaze trimmed ears; answers to name Tom; reward if returned, 671 3d Av.

LOST—Fancy chain bracelet, two diamonds, three sapphires, Sunday, vicinity 59th St, 3d and Lexington Avs. Reward. Ostrow, 128 West 139th St.

LOST.—Sunday, Aug. 8, lady's brooch, silver eagle, studded with large pearl at claws, reward. Return to E. B. Goodman & Co., 4 and 6 Washington Place.

LOST—Tan calfskin handbag, Van Cortlandt Park, containing money, eyeglasses, and manuscripts. Finder keep money. Return balance to 4 East 43d

LOST.—Gold watch, monogram on case, Westchester Av., Port Chester, N. Y.; finder will be liberally rewarded. Louis Amberg, 569 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Ladies' gold watch, husband's picture on case, between 84 Thomas St. and City Hall station, or on 3d Av. "L." Large reward. Mrs. Mary Sullivan, 169 East 107th St.

LOST—Sunday, gold paper matchcase, engraved R. W. C.; keepsake; neighborhood 92d St., 5th Av.; liberal reward. Telephone 3384 Riverside.

LOST.—Lady's brooch diamond, between 74th and 82d Sts., 3d Av., Aug. 9, 5:30 P. M.; liberal reward. H. Homan, 1,281 3d Av.

LOST.—White bull terrier, 135th, St. Nicholas; license No. 25,102. Davenport, 453 West 152d St.; reward.

LOST—Coney Island, Aug. 10, an amethyst pin, three stones; reward. B 200 Times Downtown.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

LOST—Aug. 7, silver watch and chain, 34th St. Ferry. M. Goodwin, 32 West 131st St.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

LOST—Yorkshire terrier, Aug. 7, 53d St., near 8th Av.; liberal reward. 308 West 53d St.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

FOUND—Bill folder, last Saturday. Address W. W., 263 West 125th St., advertising office.

FOUND, Aug. 11—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, case.
FOUND, Aug. 11—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Pair spectacles, roll blue prints, 2 umbrellas, box tobacco, package, camera, pair eyeglasses in case, package laundry, box collars, purse.
FOUND, Aug. 11—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, 6 packages, pair eyeglasses, pair gloves, silver purse.
FOUND, Aug. 11—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Four packages, book, 2 straw hats, 4 umbrellas, lady's coat, cane. IN 23D ST. STATION—Overcoat, handbag. IN JERSEY CITY STATION—Dress-suit case. ON CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Package. ON DESBROSSES ST. BOAT—Umbrella, pocketbook.
FOUND, Aug. 11—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Four packages, umbrella, pair slippers, 2 dress-suit cases, cap, pair gloves, railroad ticket, coat.
FOUND, Aug. 11—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: ON TRAINS—Two packages, parasol, umbrella.
FOUND, Aug. 10—THE NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. Apply Pier 19 N. R.: FALL RIVER LINE, S. S. COMMONWEALTH—Comb, razor strop, belt, shaving brush, plaster cast, gold watch and fob, toothbrush, necktie, nightshirt and skirt, gloves, sample cloth, rat, shirtwaist, slipper and handkerchief, pair slippers, prayer book, pajama coat, nightgown, pajamas, pillow. PROVIDENCE LINE, S. S. PROVIDENCE—Shoes, cane. NORWICH LINE, S. S. LOWELL—Nightshirt, parasol.
FOUND, Aug. 10—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: ON SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Bills and checks, satchel, locket, &c.; photo pin, roll paper, pair gloves, hat, keys, needlework, shirt and towel, 2 bottles dye. ON THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cane, umbrella, glasses, brooch, pin, 2 cases, bag, pocketbook, 3 purses, box candy, books, photo, key, shoes, overalls, underwear, shawl, shirt, 2 pairs trousers, bottle medicine. ON SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Pair gloves, specifications, book, bag, 2 bottles, bathing suit, file, &c.; pocketbook, package collars, camera, umbrella. ON NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Four umbrellas, book, 3 rolls paper, 2 drawings, hat, &c.; ties, muslin, shirt, &c.; package bolts, pan. IN SUBWAY—Four umbrellas, glasses, cardcase, books, posteards, magazine, letters, pair gloves, bag, laundry, package corn cure, shawl, package papers, bathing suit, pail, &c.; hat, overalls, pair shoes, receipt, key, belt, wheel, box canvas.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

East Side.

MADISON AV., (61st Corner.) 673, 694-696, One Block Park.—Large and single rooms; private baths; excellent board optional; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

JEFFERSON AV., 49, Near Franklin.—Private house; desirable alcove; also square room; excellent table.

HENRY ST., 116, (Brooklyn.)—Room with board; table board.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large, cool rooms, overlooking Wall St.; Subway; three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

YOUNG man of quiet habits wants to secure, after Sept. 1, large furnished room, with board, in well-kept house or apartment; quiet location; preferably west seventies or eighties; about $12 weekly. Box E 146 Times, Times Square.

UPPER west side, by young man; answer fully, giving description of place, conveniences and best terms, otherwise no attention will be given. Box P 161 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

1.—68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Elegant suite, single rooms; private baths; bachelor apartment.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; home comforts; dining room opens Sept. 1.

11TH ST., 263 WEST.—Handsome furnished rooms, large, clean; improvements; high class; $2.50; parlor, kitchenette.

14TH ST., 308 WEST.—Cool, neatly furnished rooms, separate, together; reasonable terms.

33D ST., 28 WEST.—Waldorf location; bath; exclusive; bachelor or married. 'Phone 2840 Murrhill. Henderson.

34TH ST., 167 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, running water, electricity; large parlor, suitable light business.

42D ST., 242 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; electricity; $4 up. Telephone 1721—Bryant.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Near Hotel Astor; house newly furnished; cool room; private bath.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Exceptionally clean, large, small rooms; private baths; available for Winter season; in unusually quiet house; gentlemen preferred; telephone.

56TH ST., 367 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished large front room suitable for doctor or dentist, also rooms with bath. Telephone 4848 Bryant.

1.—Elegantly kept parlor, bedroom, bath; table d'hote meals; $30-$60 monthly. 22 West 60th St.

61ST ST., 35 WEST.—American family, 2 adults, have light apartment; will let front or side rooms; modern conveniences; $3 up. Purdy.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 72 WEST.—Small and large rooms; well furnished; clean; telephone; Summer rates.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway, "L"; Summer prices.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway, "L"; Summer prices.

69TH ST., 107 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable accommodations; unusually refined surroundings; magnificent suite; private bath; homelike.

70TH ST., 320 WEST.—Large rooms; will comfortably accommodate two; small, private house.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath; also single room; hot, cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, suites; private family; telephone; breakfast; reference; $4 up.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; Summer prices; telephone.

76TH ST., 103 WEST.—Elegant back parlor; lavatory; also reception room; suitable for doctor or studio.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable room, all conveniences; gentlemen; reasonable.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms, near Park, elevated station; telephone; references.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; also back parlor, suitable physician; lavatory; conveniences.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; running water; first-class house; breakfast if desired.

83D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, private house; south, cool, large, small; abundant hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 68 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone; breakfast; references.

106TH ST., 61 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, light and airy; single or double; couple; light housekeeping; telephone and elevator all night. Mrs. R. White.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Outside rooms, single, en suite; block from Subway, Riverside. Telephone 6740—Morningside. Montgomery.

116TH ST., 366 WEST.—Entire second floor; newly decorated; suitable two or three gentlemen; all conveniences; private house; near Morningside; American family.

A.—A.—A.—Handsome rooms; clean; baths; telephone; gentlemen exclusively; breakfast. 168 West 123d St.

129TH ST., 21 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; running water; large closets; southern exposure; telephone service; Fall engagements; tourists accommodated; Summer rates.

145TH ST., 508 WEST.—New, cool, comfortable; bath; Subway; Riverside Drive; $2.50 up; reference, Fisher.

151ST ST., 446 WEST.—Desirable, quiet, cool room; homelike; reasonable; lady or gentlemen; reference. Byrnes.

BROADWAY, 2,686.—Comfortably furnished room; running water; gentleman; private family; $3 weekly; Subway. Thompson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 593, (136th.)—Room adjoining bath, or suite, with private bath; modern apartment; elevator, telephone; cool Hudson breezes; strictly private family. Hengerer.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41-42.—Handsome large front room, overlooking park; also single ones.

East Side.

8TH ST., 5 EAST, "5th Avenue."—Desirable rooms, $3 up, connecting; transients taken; restaurant accommodation.

16TH ST., 118 EAST, near Broadway and Subway.—Large rooms, $4 to $8; references.

38D ST., 15 EAST.—Front room, near Waldorf, every convenience; gentlemen; telephone 5,299 Madison; reasonable.

58TH ST., 34-36 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; private bath; studio; doctor's office.

60TH ST., 37 EAST.—Near Central Park; private house; nicely furnished rooms; telephone; references; reasonable.

Brooklyn.

HENRY ST., 139, Heights—High-class rooms, all conveniences; running water; reasonable; convenient Subway.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

East Side.

69TH ST., 218 EAST.—Front or back parlor for doctor or dentist; all conveniences; private house.

116TH ST., 123 EAST, "The Leland."—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; private baths; $3 up.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

36th St., 40 West.—Elegant suite; studio or bachelors; conveniences; private house; $1,200 yearly.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, with bath and all conveniences; private house.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 23c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 20c. *a line a day.*

A SOUND 8% INVESTMENT.
FIRST MORTGAGES ON NEW YORK AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY YIELDING 8% PER ANNUM MAY BE SECURED BY INVESTORS WHO HAVE LARGE OR SMALL CAPITAL AT THEIR COMMAND. INTEREST PAYABLE MONTHLY AND PRINCIPAL REPAYABLE ON DEMAND. CALL OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. INTERSTATE LAND AND BUILDING CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, 261 BROADWAY. 'PHONES, BARCLAY 5620 TO 5628.

QUIT WORKING FOR A SALARY. INVESTIGATE THIS AT ONCE, ON ERIE MAIN LINE.
Excellent business for Man and Wife. General store, good outside business; owner must go South; store, five rooms, bath, barns, wood yard all equipped; property built less than four years and paid for from business.
PRICE $4,000, (HALF CASH.)
Call or write ALFRED HALL, Office of Town Clerk, Suffern, N. Y.

Wanted—A good money-making business, where $1,000 and personal services can be employed to advantage; must be a business capable of wide development; exclusive ownership or controlling interest desired; party desiring this opening is now earning a salary of $5,000 per year as business manager and advertising expert. 1313 Everett Av., Louisville, Ky.

A SMALL ALLOTMENT OF STOCK IN A HIGHLY PROFITABLE OPERATING STEAMBOAT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY; SHOULD PAY THIS YEAR 15 PER CENT. TO 20 PER CENT.; MONEY REQUIRED FOR ENLARGEMENT. FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS STEAMBOAT, POST OFFICE BOX 2,096 NEW YORK.

Waite & Bartlett's static machine, 6 plates, 6 stationary; Fluoroscope, high-frequency apparatus, &c.; hot-air apparatus. Globe nebulizer, 2 surgical bags, (valise shaped;) Leitz microscope, imported, never used; Trieder's field binocle, excellent condition; offers wanted. Physician, E 142 Times, Times Square.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!
Plant for sale at a sacrifice in the best business location, consisting of 12 electric power machines; one foot power machine; finishing, pressing, and cutting tables; office and showroom fixtures are the latest. For particulars inquire 11 West 20th St., seventh floor.

We are in the midst of a large and highly successful development, and need additional land to complete the area; we want money to take title to more land; will secure you and pay large bonus for same. E., 154 Times, Times Square.

APARTMENT HOTEL
for lease. High-class two and three room and bath apartment hotel, overlooking Central Park, for a term of 21 years or less; excellent opportunity for the right party. For further particulars inquire real estate office, 71-73 West 109th St.

I have money making proposition for the right party, who is willing to invest $750 and take active part, either as outside or inside man; must be of good character. Box E 141 Times, Times Square.

For Sale.—A first-class laundry at a great bargain; owner wishes time to devote to other business. Address S, Box 50 Times, Times Square.

A Chance Seldom Offered—Partner, German-speaking, wanted with $10,000 cash for a reliable big German factory to have branch here. Koerber's office, 211 East 5th St.

Quick money to parties willing to interview investors in our apple, peach orchards bonds; payment on installments. Condit, Room 1,000, 160 Broadway.

Electrical contracting and supply business for sale; first-class proposition for man with $3,000. E. E., 193 Times, Downtown.

Will invest $5,000 in a legitimate, established business with services; manufacturing preferred. H., Times, 80 Broadway.

We have a live timber proposition and need $1,000; big profits and absolutely safe. E 155 Times, Times Square.

Attorney desires suitable position commercial house; moderate salary. Attorney, Box 174 Times Downtown.

Partner Wanted—Skirt salesman, with some money. Address S., Box E 163 Times, Times Square.

Established iron business in Manhattan for sale. Box 34, 1,678 2d Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KNICKERBOCKER PIANO COMPANY, alleged bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above named alleged bankrupt, consisting of a complete plant for the manufacture of pianos and machinery and tools used in the manufacture of pianos, plates, set bridges, sounding boards, piano backs, piano strings, piano stools, piano actions, finished and unfinished pianos, desks, safe, typewriter and office fixtures, as well as the lease of the premises of the alleged bankrupt aforesaid, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 245 East 137th Street, New York City, on the 12th day of August, 1909, at 10:30 A. M.
The property may be inspected at the aforesaid address, two days prior to the day of the sale, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Dated, New York, August 5, 1909.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.
The above sale has been adjourned to Wednesday, August 18, 1909, at 10:30 A. M. Same place.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of Samuel Singer, individually and trading as S. Singer & Co., alleged bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above named alleged bankrupt, consisting of a stock of hosiery, underwear, men's shirts, children's wear, overalls and jumpers, tables, chairs, safe and office fixtures as well as any and all right, title and interest which the receiver may have in and to the lease of the premises of the aforesaid bankrupt, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 24 Walker Street, New York City, on the 20th day of August, 1909, at 10:30 A. M.
The property may be inspected at the aforesaid address two days prior to the day of the sale between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Dated, New York, August 11, 1909.
WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of A. A. WEEKS-HOSKINS COMPANY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 12,418.
To the creditors of the above bankrupt:
You are hereby notified that bids will be received for the sale of all of the bankrupt's right, title, and interest in and to all of the stock in trade, patents, patent rights, and good-will of the businesses known as the A. A. Weeks Manufacturing Company and C. H. Numan Departments of the bankrupt, up to twelve o'clock noon of August 16th, 1909, at the office of Albert B. Kerr, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, at which time and place said bids will be opened and said businesses, either or both of them, awarded to the highest bidder therefor. Bids may be made separately for either of said two businesses, or jointly for both of them. A full opportunity to investigate said businesses will be given. Inquiry in regard thereto may be made of the Receiver, and an opportunity to inspect the stock in trade will be furnished prospective bidders by calling at the bankrupt's premises, No. 354 Broadway, New York City. ALBERT B. KERR, Receiver.
49 Wall Street, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. *a line* 1 *time*; 30 *times consecutively or three times a week* $5.00 *a line.*

New York.

HILLSIDE FARM, near Rockland Lake; beautifully located; own produce; German table. Liebau, Valley Cottage, N. Y.

MAPLE FARM.—Large bedrooms; very quiet; ideal place for rest. Mrs. E. R. Collins, R. F. D. 4, Plattsburg, N. Y.

Elm Place Farm.—Mountain air; shady lawn; piano; terms on application. S. J. Reeve, Middletown, N. Y.

BROOKSIDE FARM.—Plenty milk, eggs, fruits, vegetables, mountain air. R. Schaffer, Oxford Depot, N. Y.

ELLISWOOD HIGHLAND.—Good board on fruit farm; $6. Arrange White, 309 West 46th St.

New Jersey.

Respectable family desires few boarders; plain, comfortable, homelike place; 87 miles; near depot; spring water; fishing, bathing, boating; Delaware River; healthy location; fine scenery; families and parties preferred; excellent board; $6 weekly. Mrs. Havens, Belvidere, N. J.

New England.

Wanted—Invalids to care for in private home; best of care; fresh eggs, milk, and cream; accommodations for those wishing cold air rooms for the Winter. Apply Mrs. Aurelia Purd, West Brattleboro, Vt.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 12,602.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID RUTENBERG, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of David Rutenberg of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1909, the said David Rutenberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of MacGrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
Aug. 11th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE Borough of Manhattan, City Hall, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan at the City Hall, Room 16, until 2 o'clock P. M. on
MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1909.
No. 1. For regulating and repaving with wood block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Church Street, from the south side of Liberty Street to the south side of Vesey Street, except where now paved with wood block.
No. 2. For regulating and repaving with wood block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Houston Street, from the west side of MacDougal Street to Bedford Street.
No. 3. For regulating and repaving with wood block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Avenue A, from the north side of Houston Street to the south side of Twenty-fourth Street.
No. 4. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Leroy Street, from the south side of Bleecker Street to the east side of Hudson Street.
No. 5. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of John Street, from the east side of Nassau Street to William Street and William Street, from the south side of John Street to the south side of Fulton Street.
No. 6. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Cornelia Street, from the north side of Bleecker Street to the south side of West Fourth Street.
No. 7. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement the roadway of Central Park West, from Grand Circle to 110 feet north of the north curb line of One Hundred and Ninth Street.
No. 8. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Forty-third Street, from the west side of Eleventh Avenue to the east side of Twelfth Avenue.
No. 9. For regulating and repaving with granite block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of First Avenue, from the south side of Twentieth Street to the south side of Fifty-ninth Street, except from the south side of Twenty-sixth Street to the north side of Twenty-eighth Street, and west side from 124 feet north of the north curb line of Thirty-second Street to 70 feet south of the south curb line of Thirty-fifth Street, and east side, from 37 feet north of the north curb line of Thirty-second Street to south curb line of Thirty-fifth Street.
No. 10. For regulating and repaving with granite block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Laight Street, from the west side of Washington Street to the east side of West Street.
No. 11. For repairing sidewalk on the northwest corner of Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue.
No. 12. For repairing washout on Northern Avenue, near its junction with Fort Washington Avenue.
No. 13. For maintaining the asphalt pavement on the streets where the original contracts have been abandoned, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN F. AHEARN, President.
The City of New York, August 11, 1909.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1909.
Borough of Manhattan.
For paving with asphalt tiles certain walks of Central and other parks in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.
For full particulars see City Record.
HENRY SMITH, President;
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.
Dated August 6, 1909.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy, held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 9th day of August, 1909. Present: Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge.
In the matter of WILLIAM B. SMITH and W. HARRY OSBORN, individually, and as copartners composing the firm of W. B. SMITH & COMPANY, and the said firm of W. B. Smith & Company, Bankrupts.
This matter having come on this day to be heard upon the petition, duly verified August 6th, 1909, of Garrard Glenn, the Receiver of the above-named bankrupts, for an order granting the relief hereinafter directed, and upon all the papers and proceedings had and taken herein, and due consideration having been had thereon, it is
Now, upon motion of Marsh, Wever & Wemple, the attorneys for the Receiver,
Ordered that all creditors of the above-named bankrupts and other persons, firms or corporations claiming stocks, bonds, securities, moneys and other assets in the possession, custody or control of the petitioner herein, or the proceeds thereof, are hereby required on or before the 29th day of September, 1909, each to file with the Clerk of this Court a verified statement of the nature and amount of his, her, its or their claim against the said stocks, bonds, securities, moneys and other assets in the possession of the Receiver of the above-named bankrupts, or the proceeds thereof, said statement to specify the facts upon which it is based, and to serve a copy of such statement on or before the same date on said petitioner, the Receiver, at his office, No. 115 Broadway, City, County and State of New York; and also to show cause before this Court, at a stated term thereof, to be held in the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of September, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why an order should not be made and entered herein forever barring and foreclosing any and all of those of said creditors, persons, firms, and corporations who have not filed and served statements as herein above directed from making or asserting any claim, lien, title or ownership to or in any of said stocks, bonds, securities, moneys and other assets or proceeds thereof, and referring such claims, statements of which have been, on or before September 28, 1909, filed and served as herein above directed, to Hon. Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master for hearing, testimony and report, and awarding to said petitioner such other and further relief as may be just; and it is further
Ordered that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as in any wise to affect the rights of any and all creditors having provable claims against the estate or estates of the said bankrupts from filing proof or proofs of debt in the manner and form, and on such dates or occasions, as may be proper and in accordance with the law and practice in such case obtaining.
Sufficient reason appearing therefor, it is hereby further
Ordered that service of this order be made by mailing a copy thereof to each of the creditors or other persons interested herein whose names apear upon any of the bankrupts' books, and to every person who has filed notice of appearance herein, at their addresses appearing upon the books of the above-named bankrupts, on or before the 21st day of August, 1909, or by publishing a copy of this order in The New York Times once a week for four successive weeks, the last publication to be not later than September 28, 1909, which shall be and hereby is declared to be sufficient service hereof.
C. M. HOUGH, D. J.
MARSH, WEVER & WEMPLE, Attorneys for Receiver, 111 Broadway, New York City.

HELP WANTED—MALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a

MONTICELLO'S FIRE LOSS IS A MILLION

Summer Hotels and Business Blocks Swept Night After 1,500 Visitors Danced.

ONE DEAD, THREE INJURED

Volunteer Firemen Work by Light of Flames Alone as Electric Lights Go Out—Guests Lose Their Belongings.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Encouraged by what seemed to be the most promising season which their big Summer resort had ever had, the hotel proprietors of Monticello gave an elaborate masquerade ball for their guests Monday evening. Fully 1,500 Summer folk danced in fancy costumes till long after midnight on the vast floor of the Casino, behind the Palatine Hotel. Less than twenty-four hours later, in the small hours of this morning, not only the beautiful dancing pavilion but thirty-three other of the most important houses in the township—public buildings, hotels, department stores, and business blocks—were entirely razed by fire.

Many of the prominent business men of the community found that they had not only lost their fortunes and their homes overnight, but even whatever of wearing apparel did not happen to be on their backs when the conflagration started. The 1,500 Summer folk, who had danced so light-heartedly and in such gala costume last Monday evening, were forced to stand out on the street all through Tuesday night watching their hotels burn, and waited for hours in a long line, in all sorts of costumes, yesterday, along Bedford Avenue, while an emergency long-distance telephone connection was being established with this city so that they could ask their friends to send them money and clothes.

The conflagration, when it had finally been hemmed in by hacking to pieces with axes the buildings in the path of it, proved to have caused the loss of one woman's life, the injuring of three brave volunteer fire fighters, and the complete destruction of close to a million dollars' worth of property.

Threw Herself from Window.

The woman who was killed was Mrs. Mollie Bedford, a widow, who worked in the Monticello Steam Laundry and who lived in the two-story frame building over the telephone exchange. She thought it was safe to stay in her room as long as she could hear the plucky telephone girls moving about and calling up the Port Jervis, Liberty, and Middletown Fire Departments on the floor below. The girls refused to be driven from their switchboards until the flimsy pine board structure around them began to crackle from contact with the blazing clapboards of the Norton Block.

When the lonely, frightened old woman had made up her mind to leave her room the stairs of the building were all ablaze. She ran to the window and, in spite of the warning shouts of the firemen, threw herself out. It was only a short fall, but she fractured both her legs and died six hours later in the parlor of Dr. James A. Cauthers's home, which had been turned into an emergency hospital.

The two main feed wires which come out under the southern eaves of Peter Murray Electric Lighting Power Plant on Broadway are the cause of Monticello's conflagration. The power plant is right back of Murray's—or rather was until yesterday— seventy-five-room hotel, the Palatine. Immediately behind the power plant again was Mr. Murray's Palatine Casino. The two feed wires, investigation showed, became crossed by the high wind which blew all day. They began to "spark," and the sparks ignited the Georgia pine eaves and tar-papered roof. This happened at 8:30 o'clock in the evening when the whole Summer colony was either sitting on the hotel piazzas or looking into the attractive store windows along Broadway.

Every one seems to have sat or stood dazed for a minute, watching the flaming cinders being blown fiercely by the strong wind, settle on the wooden roofs of the Palatine Hotel, the Palatine Casino, and the buildings on the other side of a narrow lane. All these roofs were as parched as tinder, no rain having fallen on them for four weeks. Then, when the flames had started on the roofs of Nicolado's tailor shop, Strong & Co.'s stationery store, and Stephen L. Strong's grocery, the men of the town suddenly roused themselves to a sense of what was happening, and half a dozen hands simultaneously seized telephones and called up City Hall to give the alarm.

Electric Lights Go Out.

Then happened something which may account for the small amount of personal property that was saved. Every electric light in the town—its street lamps, its store window bulbs, the lights in its residences—all went out three minutes after the fire was first seen. In rooms where one minute all had been clear as day rummaging women and children could not see their hands before their faces. There was only the light of the stars, the flicker of an occasional kerosene lamp in a servant's attic, and the constantly growing flames on the near by buildings' roofs and sides. The whole town depends for its electric light on the power plant where the fire started.

With the tolling of the fire alarm bell in the City Hall belfry, the women and children piled out on the street helter skelter and impeded the men, who had thrown on a rubber coat or a helmet, and who were trying to couple up their hose nozzles on the hydrants in the dark. There are three fire companies in Monticello—all volunteers—the Neptunes, captained by John J. Burns; the Mountain Hose Company, captained by William Hindley, and the Hook and Ladder, captained by Charles Royce. The Mountain Hose seems to have been the first to get a stream on the blazing Palatine buildings.

But by this time these had become a raging furnace. So quick had the three buildings kindled one from another that Mrs. Murray, the proprietor's wife, when found seated on a red plush cushioned chair in an outhouse among some chickens yesterday afternoon by a reporter for THE TIMES explained tearfully that she had been able to save practically nothing in the whole house except the article of furniture on which she was sitting. She had been chatting with her son Charlie in one of the hotel rooms when the fire started. When once the flames from the blazing power plant touched the parched pine boards of the three-story frame hotel they had ignited like an old newspaper.

Mrs. Murray said her husband had been in New York when the fire started and that her brother-in-law, Joseph Murray, had left the engine room for a short time in charge of a subordinate, who, if he was conscious that the roof over his head was on fire, failed to give the alarm.

Rapid Spread of the Flames.

By the time that the Neptune Hose and the hook and ladder companies had come to the aid of the Mountain Hose Company, the flames had crossed over the narrow side street which separates the Palatine buildings from the big block of county and business buildings on the north. The latter block is the very centre of the village. From the Strong grocery, the flames reached to the roof of the Loberhose business block. Both the Loberhose and the Strong buildings have been entirely remodeled within the last year. The flames surrounded Burns & Taylor's department store. Hammond & Cook, another drygoods firm, is alongside. These two companies are the largest general merchandise concerns in the village. The buildings they occupied were both three-story brick structures. Both were supposed to be fire-proof and both were supplied with iron shutters to protect the windows in case of fire.

Both stores were open and doing business when the fire started and continued to remain open after the fire surrounded them on every side. When the stores began to fill with smoke Joseph H. Cook, one of the partners of Hammond & Cook, told his thirteen girls to put the books in the safe and leave if they desired to. One of the girls became panic-stricken, and, thinking her escape was cut off by the front door, tried to jump out one of the northern windows. Another of the young women fainted. Cook carried her over to Dr. Cauthers's residence, and then returned and sat with his partner, A. J. Hammond, near the store door.

They still believed in the efficacy of their fire-proofing. But the iron shutters began to drop from the walls of the building and the flames began to lick in. The two partners dashed across the street, and, behind the streams of water, watched their fire-proof brick walls melt like paper. Cook's loss is put at $50,000. When the fire finished with Cook's "fireproof" department store it enveloped the drug store of Thornton & Miller. Its stock is expensive, and was valued by members of the Fire Department at $50,000. The fire left enough of this building's walls standing to be dangerous to passers. Fire Chief Burns accordingly directed to-day that they be blown up.

Opens Bank in Undertaker's.

The flames also made a clean sweep of the Norton Block, damaging the plants of the Western Union, Callery Brothers' saloon, James Kelly's candy store, and John T. Heath's stationery store to the extent of about $100,000. It ate into the roof of the National Union Bank, but could not get through the walls of stone. When Cashier E. H. Strong saw the way things were going he dashed over to Liberty in a buggy, borrowed some cash from the Sullivan County Bank there, had a temporary banking office rigged up across the street in Mitchell's undertaking shop, and spent the day briskly honoring all checks as fast as they were passed over his unvarnished pine counter.

By this time two hose carts had come from Port Jervis and twelve lines of hose were playing on the flames. All Monticello's water has to be pumped up from Lake Kiamesha by a pumping station. The pump has not a heavy pressure and the streams hardly seemed enough to hold back the fire. When the old Monticello House was threatened, Chief Burns thought of using dynamite on the Carlisle grocery, between it and the conflagration. Instead, he had the men chop the light pine shop to pieces with their axes.

The glare now could be seen twenty miles away in Ellenville.

Several hundred men from other villages had driven into the fire-swept town by this time to offer their services. Among these was John Pelton, a farmer. Pelton borrowed an axe and set to work with the rest to chop the grocery down, when he missed a stroke and almost cut his left leg off. Frank Jackson, a Neptune volunteer, had his head cut open by a falling tree.

Being stopped by the razing of the Carlisle store, the fire merely jumped across the street and demolished all the stores and residences in that block.

Cries as His Hotel Burns.

For no man was greater sympathy expressed yesterday than for George Rockwell, proprietor since 1890 of the Rockwell House. The Rockwell House is a three-story frame structure on the opposite side of the street from where the fire started. It escaped the sparks and flames until a few leaves on the bough of a tree carried the fire over to its eastern cupola. The house burned to the ground. It contained a number of rare prints and oil paintings, also a great many stuffed animals and birds. They were the collections of a lifetime. When he saw that his place was really going, Rockwell burst into tears and cried like a child. He puts his loss at $40,000.

Opposite the Rockwell House is the Post Office. The flames started in its direction. It was saved by a strange device. Some members of the Mountain Hose Company, seeing a big signboard nailed on it, ripped the sign off and used it as a shield. They were thus enabled to stand within a foot of the flames on which they were playing.

The village was early cut off from telephone and telegraph communication, because the burning trees and rafters, fell on the telegraph lines on Broadway and tore them down. Monticello has only a common battery telephone system. While Manager Williams of the Telephone Exchange tapped the Poughkeepsie-Scranton trunk line wires, which pass through Bedford Avenue, Wire Chief Dorcas took a forty-mile drive through the country to borrow four generating telephones, over which Operators F. M. Stoddard, Edith Allen, and Mae Roark presided on camp stools in the Bedford Avenue gutter for the rest of the day.

Harry J. Landfield of the Mountain Hose Company placed the total loss from the conflagration at $1,000,000. Although President Engelman of Monticello Villeg stated that "in ten days the work of rebuilding will be started," few of the business men whose places had been destroyed took any such optimistic tone. Monticello is the county seat of Sullivan County. Among the other buildings destroyed are Masonic Hall, Surrogate's office, the Belsom House, and the private residences of L. H. Durland, J. F. Tymerson, Dr. J. H. Curlette, J. H. Waller, and the crockery store of W. W. Johns.

$25,000 RIVER FRONT FIRE.

Sash and Blind Factory on the Harlem Burned—Oil Tanks Menaced.

A fire which started in the sash and blind factory of Hogan & Di Genno at 57 East 135th Street, last night at 7:15 o'clock, threatened for a time the entire block bounded by Park and Madison Avenues and 135th and 136th Streets, on the Harlem River front. The fire burned out the sash and blind factory and then spread to the four-story coal chute of Sperry & Popham and to the stable of J. Farley at 47 East 135th Street, where it was checked.

Besides the land fire-fighting machinery the fireboats Lawrence and McClellan responded to the alarm, and did much to ward off the flames from two oil tanks of the Pure Oil Company, which were threatened.

The horses in the stable were all gotten out in good time. The sash and blind factory was practically destroyed, and the coal chute and livery stable were badly damaged. The loss was about $25,000.

WOMAN FOR SCHOOL BOARD.

Men Champion Cause of Former School Teacher, Who May Be Nominated.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 11.—At a meeting of the Upper Montclair Republican Club last night, when Mrs. Sarah E. Greene was proposed for membership on the Montclair Board of Education, many of the male voters took up the cudgel for the Suffragettes so vigorously that the meeting became one of the most tumultuous the club has ever held.

Mrs. Greene, wife of Frederick D. Greene and a former school teacher and college graduate, was proposed as the nominee for the School Board to succeed Marcelon R. Wilson, by Irving Parker Mills, a prominent resident of Upper Montclair. Mr. Mills, in a lengthy speech, advocated the placing of a woman on the Board of Education. E. B. Tillinghast was another champion of Mrs. Greene.

Some of the Upper Montclair Republicans, however, were opposed to the idea, and when a motion to indorse Mrs. Greene was put by the Chairman, E. R. Mott, it was voted down. A committee, however, was appointed to confer with the First Ward Democratic Club as to the advisability of naming a woman for the office. If an agreement can be reached Mrs. Greene will probably be the nominee of both organizations and be elected without opposition. If she is chosen she will be the first woman to serve on the Montclair board.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
12:20—5 W. 111th St.; Mrs. Frooze	Slight
12:40—764 3d Av.; unknown	$10
7:20—170 E. 96th St.; Ewald Brothers	$50
7:50—2,115 3d Av.; G. Woehle	$500
9:20—280 Monroe St.; Julia Dutch	Trifling
9:30—68 E. 4th St.; M. Grossman	$50
10:00—401 E. 8th St.; P. Gross	Trifling
11:00—721 7th Av.; H. Masterson	Slight
11:25—362 E. 10th St.; M. Kazel	$75
11:55—23 W. 20th St.; Weeks & Son	$10
P.M.	
1:00—926 2d Av.; S. Dewik	Slight
2:30—204 E. 97th St.; B. Inmediata	$25
2:45—14 Ludlow St.; J. Goldberg	$5
3:00—225 6th St.; H. Loewry	$20
6:30—383-385 West Broadway; Henry St., George and others	$125,000
7:10—45-51 E. 135th St.; Hagon & Di Genno	$40,000
7:30—318 E. 8th St.; Max Rosenblum	Trifling
8:40—Fort Washington Av. between 177th and 178th Sts.; unknown	Trifling
8:50—636 2d Av.; John Housinger	$50
10:15—30 Greenwich Av.; unknown	Trifling
10:20—252 W. 15th St.; Astor estate	$50

If you want a competent bookkeeper or stenographer, see Page 15.

FENTON'S SLAYER WAS "BIG TOM" M'AULEY

All-Around Criminal Fulfilled a 7-Year-Old Vow When He Shot Hotel Man.

HAD THREE OTHERS MARKED

Fenton, an Accomplice of McAuley, Betrayed Him as Juror and Sent Him to Prison.

When Daniel A. Fenton, proprietor of the Elberton Hotel, at Middletown, N. Y., was shot down in the street in that city on Tuesday afternoon, dying later in Theall Hospital there, a vow of vengeance made seven years ago by "Big Tom" McAuley, desperate burglar and all-around criminal, was brought to its culmination.

The man who shot Fenton and then turned his smoking revolver against himself, ending his own life, was "Big Tom" himself. This became known yesterday, when old "pals" of McAuley—burglars who live in the shadowy dens along the Bowery—stopped Central Office men and asked them to give to a fund they are raising to save McAuley from a pauper's grave.

Detectives Duggan and O'Farrell met two of these men, both ex-convicts, as they were passing along the Bowery at Houston Street.

"Won't you help us to bury 'Big Tom'?" asked one of the men.

It was not an unusual request; the detectives had heard it when other ex-convicts had died. But they wanted to know who "Big Tom" happened to be.

"Why, 'Big Tom' McAuley," was the reply. "He's the guy what shot Fenton up at Middletown. You know McAuley—square as a die. We want to bury him."

The detectives did know McAuley. His picture has adorned the Rogues' Gallery for fifteen years. They did not know, however, that it was "Big Tom" who had killed his man at Middletown and then put himself away. The murderer and suicide with his dying breath in the hospital had said his name was John McSorley, and Fenton, who, it seems, knew him perfectly well, did not tell anything else.

"I sat on a jury that convicted him," was Fenton's only comment.

That was true—but Fenton did not tell it all. Fenton, the Headquarters detectives recalled yesterday, was once an associate of McAuley. He even was suspected of having been in a robbery for which McAuley was arrested in 1899 in Hoboken.

Fenton's Betrayal of McAuley.

The act for which Fenton paid with his life was done in 1903 as a juryman in McAuley's trial for a robbery in the jewelry store of Titus Pantillon, at 215 Mulberry Street, Newark. McAuley made off with a whole trayful of diamond rings after holding up the clerk with a revolver. He was caught in this city and taken to Newark for trial.

By some means unknown Fenton managed to get himself drawn on the jury. When the jury retired Fenton is said to have demanded at once that McAuley be acquitted. But the other eleven men were for conviction from the start and Fenton, it is said, then announced that he would keep the jury out a week if necessary, but would never vote to convict.

One of the jurymen, however, had learned of Fenton's record and of the game he was to play and informed Fenton that unless he voted according to the evidence he would expose him and ask the court to act. Then Fenton weakened and voted for conviction.

When McAuley saw Fenton in the jury box he counted surely on a "hung jury," but when he found himself convicted, McAuley took his "medicine" without a whimper. But in prison he made his vow to kill Fenton.

Fenton was not the only one under "Big Tom's" vow of vengence. The burglar had marked three others for death. They were ex-Chief Cosgrove of the Newark, N. J., detective force; "Bull" De Rosa, and "Iron Gall Kid," alias Jack Smith, the two latter being criminals with long records.

McAuley considered that "Bull" De Rosa and the "Iron Gall Kid" had turned traitors in betraying him to the police, and that Chief Cosgrove had hounded him. The day before "Big Tom" went to Middletown he took a trip to Newark for the express purpose of killing Chief Cosgrove. The latter escaped by being in Trenton. All of this was recalled yesterday by the headquarters detectives after they learned that it had been "Big Tom" McAuley who had killed Fenton. McAuley, they remembered, some fifteen years ago, was a bartender for Fenton in a saloon that Fenton ran at Coney Island, on Thompsons's Walk, near the Bowery. Later Fenton gave that place up and went with McAuley, who, under several aliases, was known to the police as an expert burglar.

It is said, too, that McAuley had threatened to kill Police Capt. Christie of Newark, who aided in runnig him down.

The police do not know that Fenton ever actually committed any burglaries, but they have learned that he and McAuley associated while "Big Tom" was breaking into houses and stores.

It was after McAuley's term in Trenton Prison, which was commuted to three years by the Board of Pardons, that McAuley met with the experience with the "Iron Gall Kid" and "Bull" De Rosa that made him determined to kill them and Chief Cosgrove.

McAuley went to Newark in January, 1903, and there tried, as the police called it, to "pennyweight" a diamond ring; that is, to pick a ring from a tray in a jewelry store and substitute a fake one. The clerk watched him too closely, however, so "Big Tom," in disgust, turned his revolver into the clerk's face, snatched the whole tray of diamonds, and fled.

Meant to Kill Three Others.

He was caught a week later in this city, and he heard, after his arrest, that the "Iron Gall Kid," a vicious burglar, and "Bull" De Rosa, an equally bad man, had informed on him. McAuley was stung by this treachery, for he had more than once helped the two men, and he thought, too, that Chief Cosgrove should have arrested the "Iron Gall Kid" and "Bull" De Rosa, who, according to McAuley, had aided him in the robbery. He was told that the chief knew this.

"Big Tom" emerged from Trenton prison five weeks ago, after serving five years for this robbery, and at once asked after Fenton. He found that Fenton was keeping a hotel at Middletown.

"I'll fix him," remarked "Big Tom" to his confreres on the Bowery.

Before going to Middletown McAuley thought he would put the "Iron Gall Kid" and "Bull" De Rosa out of the way, but learned that the former had been sent to Trenton for ten years, and "The Bull" to Sing Sing for thirty-nine years, which was too long a time even for "Big Tom's" vengeance to wait.

McAuley was about to start for Newark and work out his grudge against the police there when, one night last week, he was arrested by detectives as he was walking through the Bowery. He was taken to Headquarters as a suspicious character, and there told detectives of his purpose to kill Chief Cosgrove and Fenton. The detectives did not believe him. McAuley had been drinking, and they regarded his talk as bravado.

McAuley was discharged by Magistrate Corrigan the next day, and went that night to the Bowery and revealed his full plan. It was to shoot Cosgrove, take a train to Middletown, kill Fenton, and then escape to the West.

He waited until Monday to catch Cosgrove, but the Chief that morning had left for Trenton, not to be back that day. McAuley waited around Newark Police Headquarters until late in the afternoon, then took the train for Middletown.

"He must have found he couldn't get away when he turned the gun on himself," was the comment yesterday of those who knew of McAuley.

But they could not understand why "Big Tom" had not kept his word to kill Chief Cosgrove, too.

McAULEY FAMILY BLACK SHEEP.

Brother Identifies Body and Says Fenton's Slayer Was Unbalanced.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The man who came to Middletown on Tuesday and shot down Daniel A. Fenton in the street, and then committed suicide, has been identified as Thomas McAuley. His brother arrived in Middletown tonight and made the identification.

The brother's arrival had been preceded by a telegram to the police which ran:

Hold body of McSorley. Relative will arrive Thursday. A RELATIVE.

To-night the brother arrived and, with Coroner H. T. Crist, viewed the body. He said the dead man was known as "Big Tom McAuley." He was a member of a respectable Newark family, but was the black sheep and went wrong years ago.

McAuley, after being released from Trenton Prison on April 1 last, went to his brother's home in Newark. He was in excellent health, but mentally unbalanced, the brother said, and was carefully watched. He did not do any work, but was supported by his relatives. Monday last he slipped away from his brother's home and went to New York. There he learned that Fenton was in Middletown and came and shot him.

McAuley's brother gave instructions to have the body buried here. The funeral will take place on Thursday at the same time as that of his victim.

McAULEY'S RECORD IN JERSEY.

Newark Police Knew Him as All-Around Crook and Green Goods Man.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 11.—"Big Tom" McAuley, who shot and killed Daniel A. Fenton in Middletown and then committed suicide on Tuesday afternoon, was a native of Newark, though for the last twenty years he had spent the greater part of his time in other parts of the country, making his headquarters in New York.

He was an adept at the shell game swindle, card swindling, and the short change game, and was for several years in the green goods game.

Besides serving short terms in jail for assault, he was twice sent to the New Jersey State Prison. The first time he was arrested in Hoboken with burglar's tools in his possession, and was sent to Trenton for five years.

He was released on parole at the end of two and a half years, and in the Spring of 1903 was arrested in New York by Detectives Riepe and Holland.

THOUGHT HE WAS A MASON.

Besser Learned He'd Been Deceived When Friend Ignored Distress Sign.

Darius Wilson, 71 years old, and Dr. James D. Wilson, 33 years old, of Foxboro, Mass., were arrested in Newark, N. J., yesterday on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences. The charge was preferred by Morris Besser of 291 Orange Street, Newark, who said that he had paid $7.50 to Dr. Wilson for initiation into the Free and Accepted Order of Masons and had found later that he had joined the "Venerable Symbolic Grand Lodge, Ancient Egyptian Rite of Free Masonry."

Dr. Wilson stated to the police that no effort had been made to initiate Besser into any other organization than the latter, and that if he had thought he was becoming a Free Mason he had labored under a great mistake. Dr. Wilson wore a Free Mason's emblem.

According to Besser, some of the secrets of the order were told to him, and he received two or three rite books to read until he was ready to present himself for further degrees. He practiced the various signs and then tried them upon a friend whom he knew to be a Mason.

He tried everything in the code book, but succeeded only in producing a stare of amazement on his friend's face. In despair he sprang the distress signal, but with no better results. Then he demanded an explanation as to why the signs did not work, and when he learned, he hurried to the Detective Bureau, where he lodged the complaint.

The Wilsons have been living at the Continental Hotel, in Newark, for several weeks, and have been sending out circulars and letters. The Newark police say that these were signed by "W. G. Zairs, Grand Secretary," and set forth the fact that membership in the order could be obtained by paying $7 for incidental expenses. Dr. Wilson produced a badge of the order, which is circular, with a T square and a letter G set upon it. Both men stated that the order was legitimate and that there had been no attempt to make persons believe that it was the Free and Accepted Order of Masons that was meant.

SAY 10-CENT FARE IS RUINING CONEY

Property Owners and Tradesmen Ask Service Board to Restore the 5-Cent Rate.

MUCH PROPERTY VACANT

Values and Rentals Fall Alarmingly, it Is Declared, and People are Moving Away—Motion to Dismiss Denied.

Numerous witnesses were put on the stand yesterday at the hearing before Public Service Commissioner Bassett on the demand of Coney Island residents that the 5-cent fare to Coney over the Coney Island & Brooklyn road be restored. All declared that the present 10-cent fare was ruining the business interests of the island.

The specific complaint was made by Jonas Monheimer, a resident of Coney Island, and one of the two complainants who demanded last year that the Saturday, Sunday, and holiday fare by way of this line be cut to a nickel. He was turned down by the Public Service Commission, who held such fare was unjustified, but intimating that the 5-cent fare was justified by traffic on week days.

A second complaint from Monheimer followed, and it was upon this the hearing was held yesterday. Up to last September the Coney Island & Brooklyn gave a 5-cent fare on week days, but raised it last September to 10 cents.

Former Magistrate Owen K. Finnerty appeared for Monheimer and the other complainants. He cited the history of the 5-cent fare fight, and pointed out that the Coney Island Company operated at a 5-cent fare on week days for many years. Then the fare was raised, he said, the result being empty cars.

"Since the 10-cent fare on week days has been in operation the cars have run empty," said the ex-Magistrate. "It does seem that the company must make less money running its cars empty at 10 cents than when they were full at a 5-cent fare. Coney Island has been at a standstill for some time. People are moving away. Flats and houses are vacant. We have no High School, and the children must ride to the High School in Brooklyn. The higher fare works a hardship to those with children.

Ex-Judge Finnerty brought forward business men and one woman, Mrs. Augusta Stock of Coney Island, who testified how houses had gone vacant and permanent business interests had suffered from the increase in fare.

Frederick Keisler, Sachro Rubens, business men at Coney Island, and extensive owners of flats and apartments, declared it was impossible to fill houses, and that apartments have depreciated in rental value from one-third to one-half. Mrs. Stock said she had reduced her rentals $50 to each of her tenants on account of the advanced fare.

"My rents last year," said Mr. Rubens, "were $20,000 in the eighteen flats I own. This year I will be lucky if I get $12,000. Thirty per cent. of the tenants have moved away."

"I have fourteen of my twenty-nine flats empty," said Mr. Keisler, "a condition that never existed before. Rents have gone down and tenants are moving away."

A baker named Siegel declared his business had fallen off 40 per cent. James N. Brewster, who has lived at Coney Island for twenty-eight years, told how the permanent population is rapidly disappearing.

"The working people have been moving away and they will continue to do so," he said. "The 10-cent fare has done it."

Grocers and other tradesmen, who serve the permanent population in the 10-cent fare zone, gave testimony showing falling off in business, and Louis Meyer wound up the presentation of this form of testimony by saying: "We have lost many tenants; we will lose more."

When John J. Kuhn of Dykman, Oeland & Kuhn, attorneys for the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad, who was present with President S. W. Huff of the road, moved at once to dismiss the case. Commissioner Bassett replied:

"This is more than Mr. Monheimer's complaint. It has become a larger thing—the complaint of the public. The Commission wants the entire truth. The application is therefore denied."

IN NEW JERSEY.

Miss Mary Burhfiend, who was injured in the wrecking of the automobile of Charles H. Shuttleworth in Jersey City Tuesday night, died at the City Hospital yesterday. Miss Mary Koeble, who was hurt at the same time, is in a serious condition at her home, and Mrs. Shuttleworth suffered a broken collar bone.

Forty-five horses were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the stable of the Potter Express Company in Camden yesterday. The stable was close to the Delaware River, and for a time the burning structure endangered craft anchored near by. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

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